

Snimak stanja stare krovne konstrukcije i prijedlog sanacije

Schiller, Lea

Undergraduate thesis / Završni rad

2023

Degree Grantor / Ustanova koja je dodijelila akademski / stručni stupanj: **University of Zagreb, Faculty of Civil Engineering / Sveučilište u Zagrebu, Građevinski fakultet**

Permanent link / Trajna poveznica: <https://um.nsk.hr/um:nbn:hr:237:473309>

Rights / Prava: [In copyright](#) / [Zaštićeno autorskim pravom.](#)

Download date / Datum preuzimanja: **2024-11-24**

Repository / Repozitorij:

[Repository of the Faculty of Civil Engineering,
University of Zagreb](#)



SVEUČILIŠTE U ZAGREBU
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET ZAGREB

ZAVRŠNI RAD

**SNIMAK STANJA STARE KROVNE KONSTRUKCIJE
I PRIJEDLOG SANACIJE**

Lea Schiller

SVEUČILIŠTE U ZAGREBU
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET ZAGREB

ZAVRŠNI RAD
SNIMAK STANJA STARE KROVNE
KONSTRUKCIJE I PRIJEDLOG SANACIJE

Mentor:

Vlatka Rajčić, prof. dr. sc.

Komentor:

Jure Barbalić, mag. ing. aedif.

Student:

Lea Schiller

Zagreb, 2023.

Sažetak:

Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu, opis metoda potresnog proračuna konstrukcija i bitne značajke drva kao materijala vezanih uz potresnu otpornost.

Vizualni pregled krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu, Ćirilometodska ul. 5, 10000, Zagreb, zajedno sa provođenjem nerazornih ispitivanja vlagomjerima i rezistografima. Izrada statičkog modela krovišta u programu Dlubal RFEM 6 te statički proračun istog. Proračun se sastoji od provjere graničnih stanja nosivosti i uporabljivosti prema Eurokodu 5: Projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija te prema hrvatskim nacionalnim dodacima za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija.

Ključne riječi: drvene konstrukcije, drvo, potres, statički proračun, krovište

Summary:

The behaviour of timber structures during earthquakes, description of methods used for seismic analysis of structures and important features of wood as a material related to seismic resistance.

Visual inspection of the roof of the Old City Assembly of the City of Zagreb, Ćirilometodska Street 5, 10000, Zagreb, with conducting non-destructive tests using hygrometers and resistographs. Creating a structural model of the roof in the Dlubal RFEM 6 software and performing the static analysis of the same. The analysis includes checking the ultimate limit state and serviceability limit state according to Eurocode 5: Design of timber structures and according to Croatian national annex for the design of timber structures.

Key words: timber structures, timber, earthquake, statical analysis, roof

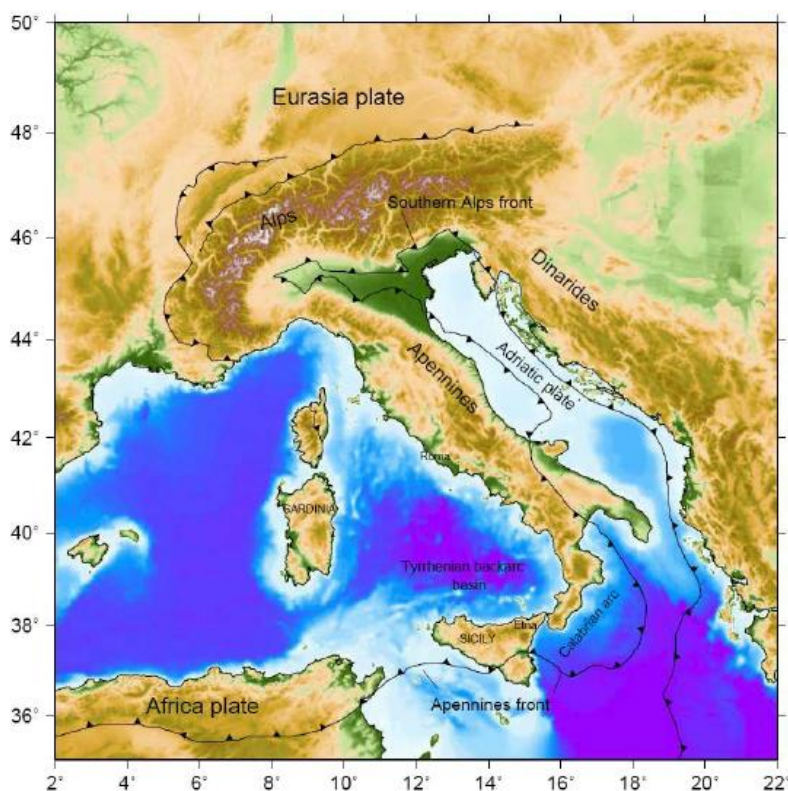
SADRŽAJ

1. Uvodni dio: Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu	1
1.1. Potresno djelovanje	1
1.2. Proračuni konstrukcija na potres	3
1.3. Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu	3
1.4. Zaključak	6
2. Projektni dio: Pregled i provjera drvenog krovišta	
Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu	7
2.1. Uvod	7
2.2. Grafički prilozi	7
2.2.1. Krovište – zona 3	7
2.2.2. Mjerenja vlagomjerom – zona 3	8
2.2.3. Detalji – zona 3	10
2.3. Statički izvještaj	11
2.4. Zaključak	59
3. Popis slika	60
4. Literatura	61

1. Uvodni dio: Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu

1.1. Potresno djelovanje

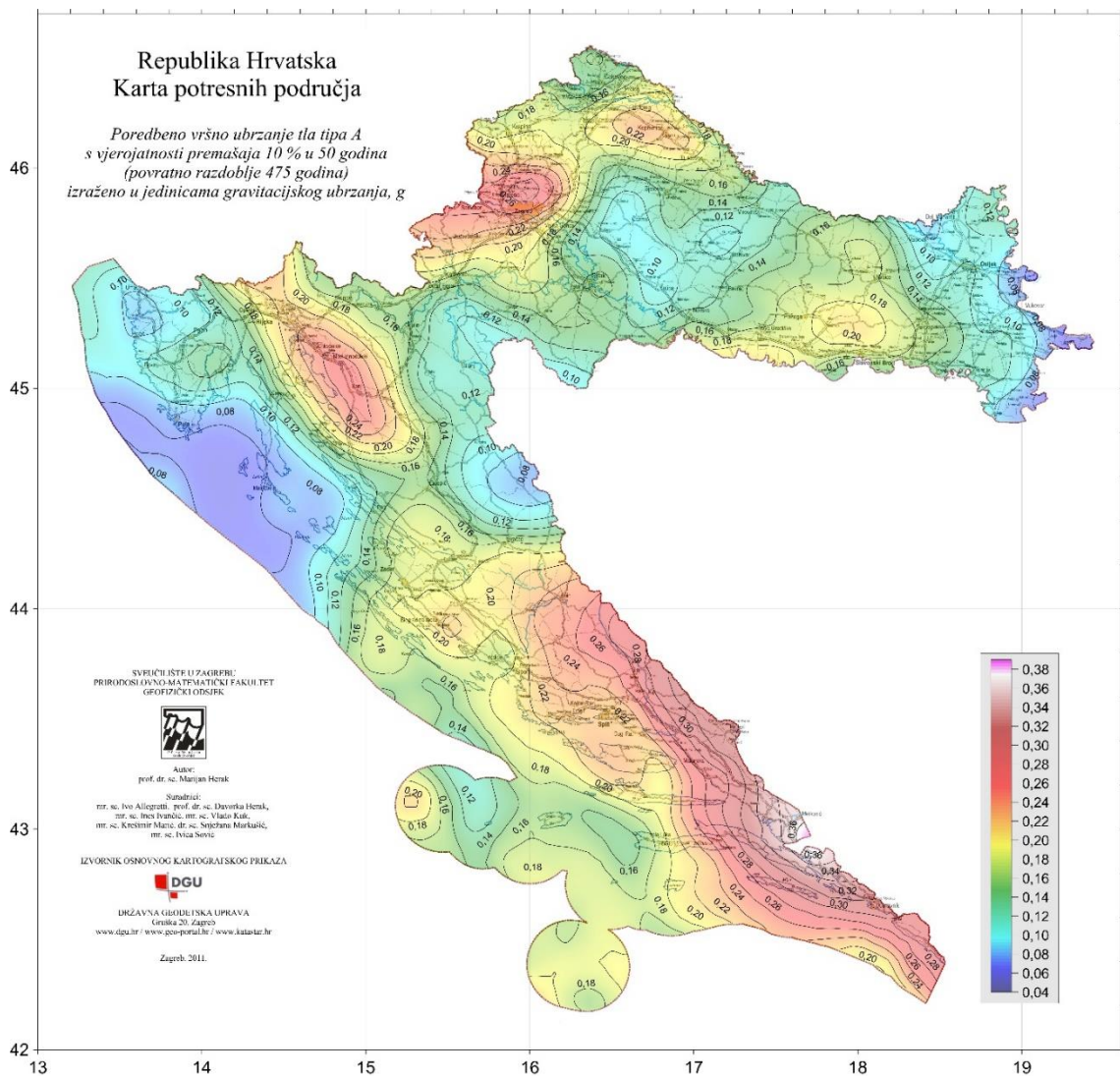
Potres je pojava koja se javlja zbog različitih promjena i pomaka u Zemljinoj kori, a karakteriziran je svojom vjerojatnošću pojavljivanja jer je po svojoj prirodi to “slučajna” pojava koja može imati značajne i razorne posljedice na građevinske objekte. Uzrocima nastanka, te izučavanjem posljedica i fizikalnim opisivanjem potresa bavi se geofizika, odnosno seizmologija, te strukturalna geologija. Uzroci potresa su različiti, a najznačajniji potresi sa gledišta projektiranja konstrukcija su tektonski potresi, odnosno oni kod kojih dolazi do pomaka, točnije smicanja tektonskih ploča. Kako se Hrvatska nalazi upravo između područja smicanja Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče, na njenom području dolazi do češćih podrhtavanja tla nego u sjevernijim Europskim državama, te mogućnosti potresa značajnih veličina. [1] [2]



Slika 1 Interakcija Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče

Potresno djelovanje na konstrukcije i njihovo određivanje definirano je normom HRN ENV 1998-1-1 (Eurokod 8: Projektiranje potresne otpornosti konstrukcija, dio 1-1: Opća pravila – Potresna djelovanja i opći zahtjevi za konstrukcije).

Osnova za određivanje potresnog djelovanja je proračunsko ubrzanje tla, a_g [m/s^2], koje se izražava potresnim kartama (Slika 2) prema različitim potresnim zonama, a za Hrvatsku razlikujemo područja intenziteta 6, 7, 8 i 9 za koje su dane različite vrijednosti proračunskog ubrzanja tla, ovisno o potresnoj zoni, povratnog perioda 95, 225 ili 475 godina. Potres se definira povratnim periodom, odnosno sagledavamo vjerojatnost njegovog pojavljivanja u odnosu na vijek trajanja neke građevine, čime se procjenjuje rizik od pojave potresa određenog intenziteta. Prema normi HRN ENV 1998-1-1 razlikujemo 3 razreda tla: A, B i C, dok europska norma EN 1998-1-1 još dodaje razrede D, E i F. Eurokod 8 također razlikuje i 2 tipa elastičnih spektara odziva čime se opisuje površinsko seizmičko gibanje promatrane točke tla. [3]



Slika 2 Karta potresnih područja RH

1.2. Proračuni konstrukcija na potres

Kroz povijest su se za projektiranje konstrukcija na potresna opterećenja koristile metode temeljene na silama, odnosno koristila se horizontalna potresna sila koja je ekvivalenta potresnom djelovanju, te u direktnoj vezi sa masom objekta. U današnje vrijeme, za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija i ostalih duktilnih konstrukcija na potres koriste se metode pod nazivom “performance based design” – to su metode koje se zasnivaju na pomacima, te su sastavni dio Eurokoda 8. Metoda pomaka se koristi prikazom spektra odziva i kapaciteta nosivosti (pushover krivulja) na istom grafu čime se omogućuje uspoređivanje stvarne i zahtjevane nosivosti konstrukcije, te stvarnog i zahtjevanog deformacijskog kapaciteta konstrukcije. Primjenjuje se za konstrukcije kojima je izraženo elasto-plastično ponašanje poput drvenih konstrukcija, a daje bolje rezultate od metode sila jer se na konstrukciju tijekom potresa prenose pomaci koji izazivaju unutarnje sile, a ne sile. Ovom metodom nije moguće procijeniti razinu oštećenja konstrukcije u slučaju potresa sa pretpostavljenim pomacima, stoga za to koristimo tzv. metodu temeljenu na stupnju oštećenja – “performance based engineering”. Metoda se temelji na stupnju oštećenja konstrukcije nakon potresa koji je izražen kao linearna kombinacija deformacija izazvanih potresom i energije disipirane tijekom potresa u konstrukciji. [6]

1.3. Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu

Temelj seizmičke otpornosti konstrukcije na potres predstavlja nosivost konstrukcije u odnosu na horizontalne sile i deformabilnost, tj. duktilnost konstrukcije. Drvene konstrukcije su po svojoj prirodi izrazito duktilne, ne samo zbog same prirode elastičnosti materijala, već i zbog niza spojeva u njima. Duktilnost je sposobnost materijala da se deformira, tj. da razvije velike plastične deformacije bez da dođe do sloma. [7] [8]

Ostale fizikalno-mehaničke karakteristike vezane uz potresnu otpornost drva i materijala na bazi drva su mala zapremninska težina, što uvjetuje malu vlastitu težinu konačne konstrukcije koja je u izravnoj vezi sa potresom, elastičnost materijala, te relativno visoka čvrstoća. Sve su te osobitosti vezane uz samu anatomsku građu drva i njenu vlaknastu strukturu. [9] [10]

Gradnja visokih drvenih konstrukcija uglavnom se sastoji od 2 tipa elemenata: zidni elementi izvedeni od okvira punog drva te zidni elementi od križnog lameliranog drva

(CLT – cross laminated timber) kao novijeg načina izvedbe drvenih nosivih elemenata. Zidovi izvedeni kao okvirni sustavi od punog drva pokazuju svojstva visoke duktilnosti i mogućnosti disipacije energije za monotona, kao i za ciklička opterećenja poput potresa, što omogućuje visoku seizmičku otpornost. S druge strane, masivni CLT elementi, tj. masivni elementi od križnog lameliranog drva ne pokazuju mogućnosti disipacije energije, odnosno takvi elementi su izvedeni kako bi podnjeli samo elastična naprezanja (ne ulaze u plastično područje deformacija). Disipaciju energije kod takvih sustava omogućava projektiranje spojeva elemenata te njihove sposobnosti popuštanja na određena opterećenja. Unatoč tome, mogućnosti disipacije energije bit će veće kod klasičnih drvenih okvirnih sustava, ali ukupni pomak konstrukcije od CLT elemenata nakon potresa će biti manji. [11]



Slika 3 Mjøstårnet, Norveška (visina: 85.4 m)

Drvene konstrukcije pokazale su visoku otpornost na seizmička djelovanja i kroz praktičku upotrebu, ali i kroz pokuse provođene s ciljem razvitaka drvenih konstruktivnih sistema u odnosu na njihove potresne karakteristike. Jedan od takvih pokusa proveden od strane NHERI TallWood Project koja se bavi upravo razvojem visokih drvenih konstrukcija otpornih na seizmičku aktivnost. Test je proveden na drvenoj zgradi visine od 10 katova, sistema takvog da distribuira silu pomoću pomaka zgrade koja se nakon prestanka djelovanja opterećenja centrira. Zgrada je ispitana na potrese magnituda 6.7 i 7.6 po Richterovoj ljestvici u samo jednom danu, a nakon ispitivanja nisu postojala vidljiva oštećenja primarnih nosivih elemenata, kao ni nenosivih elemenata. [13]



Slika 4 Detalj spoja sa senzorom za pomak



Slika 5 Potresno ispitivanje NHERI TallWood Project zgrade

1.4. Zaključak

Drvene konstrukcije i današnji moderni sustavi njihovog dizajniranja i projektiranja mogu ostvariti, a ponekad čak i premašiti potresnu otpornost materijala poput armiranog betona. Zbog sve veće primjene drva u graditeljstvu kao posljedice ekološkog osvještavanja, provode se i ispituju i ostale karakteristike drva, razvijaju se novi sistemi i novi materijali, te razmatraju kompozitni sustavi koji dodatno poboljšavaju svojstva drvenih materijala.

2. Projektni dio: Pregled i provjera drvenog krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu

2.1. Uvod

Temeljni dio ovog završnog rada sastojao se od pregleda krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu, te provođenje nekoliko nerazornih ispitivanja u svrhu utvrđivanja stanja u kojem se krovište nalazi. Provođena su ispitivanja vlagomjerima, čime je utvrđeno da je drvo klase uporabljivosti 1, te ispitivanja rezistografom. Krovište je podijeljeno u 5 zona, a nakon pregleda je slijedila izrada statičkog modela krovišta po zonama u programu Dlubal RFEM 6 te provjera po graničnim stanjima nosivosti i uporabljivosti prema Eurokodu 5 za proračun drvenih konstrukcija, uz primjenu hrvatskih normi za dimenzioniranje drvenih konstrukcija. Cilj provjera bio je provjeriti zadovoljava li trenutno stanje krovišta projektne uvjete te, ukoliko ne zadovoljava, predložiti rješenje sanacije. U nastavku su dani grafički prilozi krovišta i rezultata mjerenja, te završni statički izvještaj izrađen u programu Dlubal RFEM 6. Iz rezultata je vidljivo kako model zadovoljava kriterije graničnih stanja nosivosti i uporabljivosti s obzirom na postavljene uvjete.

2.2. Grafički prilozi

2.2.1. Krovište – zona 3



2.2.2. Mjerenja vlagomjerom – zona 3

1. mjerenje: 11.9% vlage



2. mjerenje: 11.7% vlage



3. mjerenje: 9.7% vlage



2.2.3. Detalji – zona 3





Structural Analysis

CLIENT

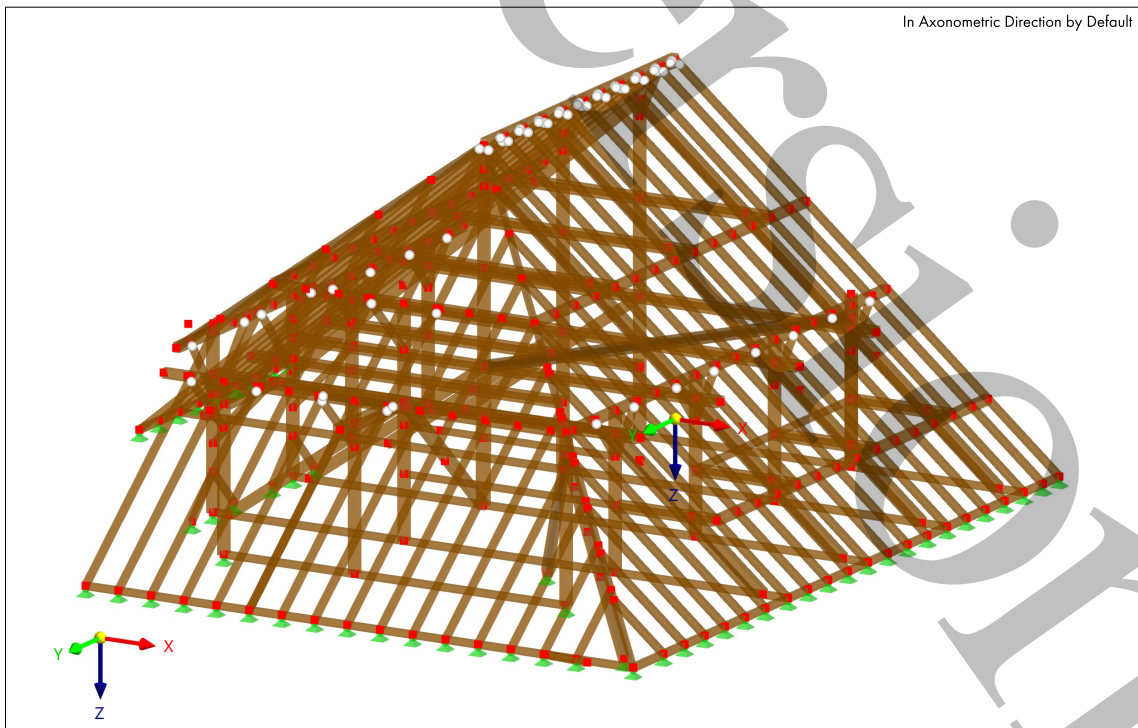
CREATED BY

Chapters

1	Basic Objects	13
2	Types for Nodes	16
3	Types for Memb...	16
4	Types for Timber...	16
5	Load Cases & C...	16
6	Loads	21
7	Guide Objects	35
8	Static Analysis R...	35
9	Timber Design	54
10	Design Overview	56

PROJECT

MODEL





MODEL

CONTENTS

A	Model - Location	13			
1	Basic Objects	13			
1.1	Materials	13			
1.2	Sections	13			
1.3	Cross sections	14			
1.4	Members - numbering	15			
2	Types for Nodes	16			
2.1	Nodal Supports	16			
3	Types for Members	16			
3.1	Member Hinges	16			
4	Types for Timber Design	16			
4.1	Service Classes	16			
5	Load Cases & Combinations	16			
5.1	Load Cases	17			
5.2	Actions	17			
5.3	Design Situations	17			
5.4	Action Combinations	18			
5.5	Load Combinations	19			
5.6	Static Analysis Settings	20			
5.7	Combination Wizards	20			
6	Loads	21			
6.1	SNOW DLUBLAL.JPG	21			
6.2	WIND DLUBLAL.JPG	21			
6.3	LOADING	22			
6.4	LC1 - Self-weight	23			
6.4.1	LC1: Loading, In Axonometric Direction by Default	23	8.5	Direction by Default DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_y , In direction -Y	40
6.4.2	LC1: Loading, In direction -Y	24			
6.4.3	LC1: Loading, In direction -X	25	8.6	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_y , In direction -X	41
6.4.4	LC1: Loading, In direction +Z	26			
6.5	LC2 - Snow	27			
6.5.1	LC2: Loading, In Axonometric Direction by Default	27	8.7	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_z , In Axonometric Direction by Default	42
6.5.2	LC2: Loading, In direction -Y	28			
6.5.3	LC2: Loading, In direction -X	29			
6.5.4	LC2: Loading, In direction +Z	30			
6.6	LC3 - Wind	31			
6.6.1	LC3: Loading, In Axonometric Direction by Default	31	8.8	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_z , In direction -Y	43
6.6.2	LC3: Loading, In direction -Y	32			
6.6.3	LC3: Loading, In direction -X	33	8.9	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_z , In direction -X	44
6.6.4	LC3: Loading, In direction +Z	34	8.10	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_r , In Axonometric Direction by Default	45
7	Guide Objects	35			
7.1	Coordinate Systems	35			
8	Static Analysis Results	35			
8.1	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces N , In Axonometric Direction by Default	36	8.11	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_r , In direction -Y	46
8.2	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces N , In direction -Y	37	8.12	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_r , In direction -X	47
8.3	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces N , In direction -X	38	8.13	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_y , In Axonometric Direction by Default	48
8.4	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces V_y , In Axonometric	39	8.14	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_y , In direction -Y	49
			8.15	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_x , In Axonometric Direction by Default	50
			8.16	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_z , In direction -X	51
			8.17	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_z , In Axonometric Direction by Default	52
			8.18	DS1: Envelope Values - Max and Min Values, Internal Forces M_z , In direction -Y	53
			9	Timber Design	54
			9.1	Objects to Design	54
			9.2	Design Situations	54
			9.3	Materials	54
			9.4	Sections	55
			9.5	Ultimate Configurations	55
			9.5.1	Ultimate Configurations - Settings - Members	55
			9.6	Serviceability Configurations	56
			9.6.1	Serviceability Configurations - Settings - Members	56
			9.7	Fire Resistance Configurations	56
			9.7.1	Fire Resistance Configurations - Settings - Members	56
			10	Design Overview	56
			10.1	Design Overview	56



MODEL

A MODEL - LOCATION



Location	Country	: Croatia
	Street	: Ulica svetog Ćirila i Metoda
	Zip / Postal code	: 10000
	City	: Zagreb
	State	:
	Latitude	: 45.816 deg
	Longitude	: 15.973 deg
	Altitude	: 165.000 m

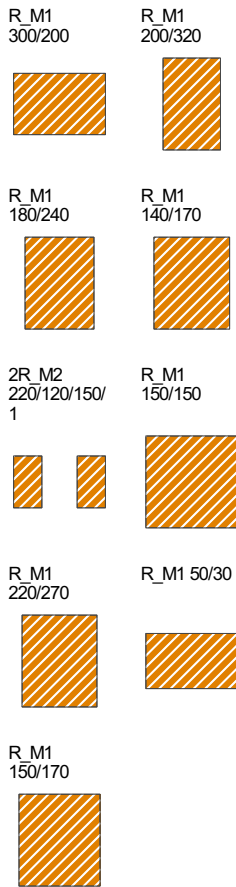
1 Basic Objects

1.1 MATERIALS

Legend
% Stiffness modification

Material No.	Material Name	Material Type	Analysis Model	Options
1	C18 Isotropic Linear Elastic	Timber	Isotropic Linear Elastic	%

1.2 SECTIONS



Section No.	Material No.	Section Type	Manufacturing Type	I _x [cm ⁴]	I _y [cm ⁴]	I _z [cm ⁴]	Overall Dimensions	
				A [cm ²]	A _y [cm ²]	A _z [cm ²]	b [mm]	h [mm]
1	1	R_M1 300/200 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	46953.09 600.00	20000.00 500.00	45000.00 500.00	300.0	200.0
2	1	R_M1 200/320 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	52160.58 640.00	54613.33 533.33	21333.33 533.33	200.0	320.0
3	1	R_M1 180/240 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	25192.30 432.00	20736.00 360.00	11664.00 360.00	180.0	240.0
4	1	R_M1 140/170 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	7791.19 238.00	5731.83 198.33	3887.33 198.33	140.0	170.0
5	1	2R_M2 220/120/150/1 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive II	1 - C18	16762.25 528.00	21296.05 0.00	102465.08 441.43	390.0	220.0
6	1	R_M1 150/150 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	7129.69 225.00	4218.75 187.50	4218.75 187.50	150.0	150.0
7	1	R_M1 220/270 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	48445.27 594.00	36085.50 495.00	23958.00 495.00	220.0	270.0
8	1	R_M1 50/30 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	28.17 15.00	11.25 12.50	31.25 12.50	50.0	30.0
9	1	R_M1 150/170 1 - C18 Parametric - Massive I	1 - C18	9030.75 255.00	6141.25 212.50	4781.25 212.50	150.0	170.0



MODEL

1.3 CROSS SECTIONS

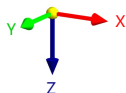
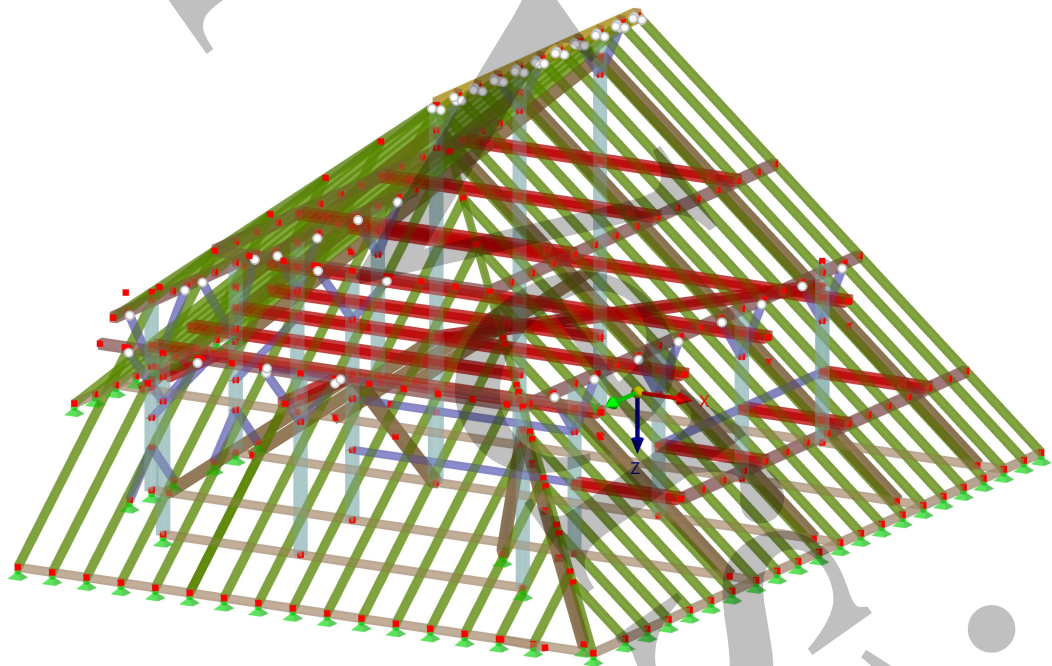
Static Analysis

CO15 - 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + 0.50 * LC2 + LC3
Static Analysis

In Axonometric Direction by Default

Colors of Rendered Objects

Node	Display Properties
Line	Display Properties
Member	Section
1	R_M1 300/200
2	R_M1 200/320
3	R_M1 180/240
4	R_M1 140/170
5	2R_M2 220/120/150/1
6	R_M1 150/150
7	R_M1 220/270
8	R_M1 50/30
9	R_M1 150/170

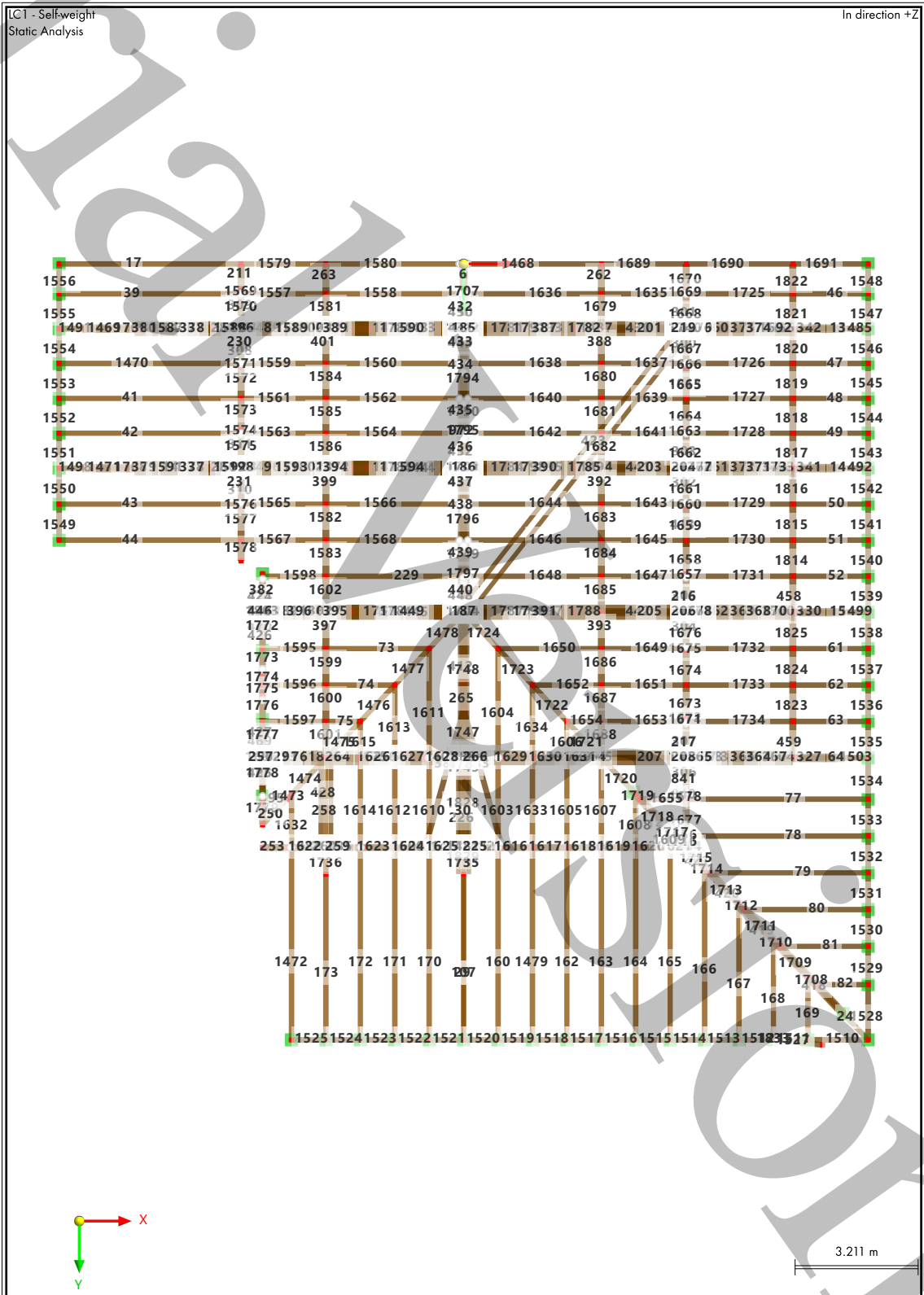




MODEL

1.4 MEMBERS - NUMBERING

Static Analysis





MODEL

2 Types for Nodes

2.1 NODAL SUPPORTS

Support No.	Nodes No.	Coordinate System	Translation Spring [kN/m]			Rotation Spring [kNm/rad]		
			C _{u,X}	C _{u,Y}	C _{u,Z}	C _{φ,X}	C _{φ,Y}	C _{φ,Z}
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Hinged 12-14,17-22,32-42,55,57-61,79-84,219-233,350,352,516,545,566,572-575,1487	1 - Global XYZ	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

3 Types for Members

3.1 MEMBER HINGES

Hinge No.	Coordinate System	Translation Spring [kN/m]			Rotation Spring [kNm/rad]		
		C _{u,x}	C _{u,y}	C _{u,z}	C _{φ,x}	C _{φ,y}	C _{φ,z}
1	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local xyz Local xyz	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

4 Types for Timber Design

4.1 SERVICE CLASSES

Class No.	Members	Assigned to			Service Class Type	Comment
		Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets		
1	Service Class 1 (Members : 6,13-15,17,24,29,30,39,41-44,46-52,61-64,73-82,95,107,160,162-173,185-188,196,198,201-208,211,216-219,225,226,229-231,250,253,257-260,262-266,276-278,280,282,283,285-287,289-311,314,327,328,330,335-342,347-349,351-353,355-357,359-375,377-380,382-397,399,401-403,406,407,409,412,413,418-421,423-428,430-459,464,468-471,473,474,476-478,840,841,972,1449,1468-1525,1527-1834)					
6,	13-15,17,24,29,30,39,41-44,46-52,61-64,73-82,95,107,160,162-173,185-188,196,198,201-208,211,216-219,225,226,229-231,250,253,257-260,262-266,276-278,280,282,283,285-287,289-311,314,327,328,330,335-342,347-349,351-353,355-357,359-375,377-380,382-397,399,401-403,406,407,409,412,413,418-421,423-428,430-459,464,468-471,473,474,476-478,840,841,972,1449,1468-1525,1527-1834)				1 - Dry	

5 Load Cases & Combinations



LOADS

5.1 **LOAD CASES**

LC No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
1	Self-weight			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Action category	Permanent		
	Self-weight - Factor in direction X	0.000	--	
	Self-weight - Factor in direction Y	0.000	--	
	Self-weight - Factor in direction Z	1.000	--	
Load duration	Permanent			
2	Snow			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Action category	Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m		
Load duration	Short-term			
3	Wind			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Action category	Wind		
Load duration	Short-term			
4	dodatno stalno opterećenje			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Action category	Permanent		
	Self-weight - Factor in direction X	0.000	--	
	Self-weight - Factor in direction Y	0.000	--	
	Self-weight - Factor in direction Z	1.000	--	
Load duration	Permanent			

5.2 **ACTIONS**

Action No.	Settings	Value	Active
4	Permanent		
	Action Category	Permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Action Type	Simultaneously	
5	Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m		
	Action Category	Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Action Type	Alternatively	
6	Wind		
	Action Category	Wind	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Action Type	Alternatively	

5.3 **DESIGN SITUATIONS**

DS No.	Settings	Value	Active
1	ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10		
	Design situation type	ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Combination wizard	2	
	Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	SLS - Characteristic		
	Design situation type	SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Combination wizard	2	
	Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	SLS - Quasi-permanent		
	Design situation type	SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Combination wizard	2	
	Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	<input type="checkbox"/>	



MODEL

5.3

DESIGN SITUATIONS

DS No.	Settings	Value	Active
	cases		

5.4

ACTION COMBINATIONS

AC No.	Settings	Value	Active
1	ULS 1.35 * A4 Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	1 Design Situation No. 1	
2	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A5 Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	2 Design Situation No. 1	
3	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A5 + 0.90 * A6 Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	3 Design Situation No. 1	
4	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A6 Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	4 Design Situation No. 1	
5	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 0.75 * A5 + 1.50 * A6 Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	5 Design Situation No. 1	
6	SCh A4 Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	6 Design Situation No. 2	
7	SCh A4 + A5 Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	7 Design Situation No. 2	
8	SCh A4 + A5 + 0.60 * A6 Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	8 Design Situation No. 2	
9	SCh A4 + A6 Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	9 Design Situation No. 2	
10	SCh A4 + 0.50 * A5 + A6 Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	10 Design Situation No. 2	
11	SQp 1.60 * A4 Design Situation	SQp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations Generated by	11 Design Situation No. 3	
12	SQp 1.60 * A4 + A5		



MODEL

5.4 **ACTION COMBINATIONS**

AC No.	Settings	Value	Active
	Design Situation	S Co DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	12	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	
13	S Co $1.60 * A4 + A5 + 0.60 * A6$		
	Design Situation	S Co DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	13	
14	S Co $1.60 * A4 + A6$		
	Design Situation	S Co DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	14	
15	S Co $1.60 * A4 + 0.50 * A5 + A6$		
	Design Situation	S Co DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	15	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	

5.5 **LOAD COMBINATIONS**

CO No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
1	U LS $1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	U LS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Permanent		
2	U LS $1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC2$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	U LS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
3	U LS $1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC2 + 0.90 * LC3$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	U LS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
4	U LS $1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC3$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	U LS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
5	U LS $1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 0.75 * LC2 + 1.50 * LC3$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	U LS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
6	S Ch $LC1 + LC4$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
7	S Ch $LC1 + LC4 + LC2$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
8	S Ch $LC1 + LC4 + LC2 + 0.60 * LC3$			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		



MODEL

5.5 **LOAD COMBINATIONS**

CO No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
9	SCh LC1 + LC4 + LC3			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
10	SCh LC1 + LC4 + 0.50 * LC2 + LC3			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SCh DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
11	SOp 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SOp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		
12	SOp 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC2			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SOp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		
13	SOp 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC2 + 0.60 * LC3			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SOp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		
14	SOp 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC3			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SOp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		
15	SOp 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + 0.50 * LC2 + LC3			
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	SOp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		

5.6 **STATIC ANALYSIS SETTINGS**

Settings No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Geometrically linear			
	Analysis type		Geometrically linear	
	Modify standard precision and tolerance settings		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Modify loading by multiplier factor		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Displacements due to member load of type 'Pipe internal pressure' (Bourdon effect)		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Method for equation system		Direct	
	Plate bending theory		Mindlin	
	Activate mass conversion to load		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Asymmetric direct solver		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	Equilibrium for undeformed structure		<input type="checkbox"/>	

5.7 **COMBINATION WIZARDS**

Wizard No.	Settings	Value
1	Load combinations ??	
	Assigned to	
	Generate combinations	Load combinations (non-linear analysis)
	Static analysis settings	??
	Consider imperfection case	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Consider initial state	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Structure modification enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Generate same load combinations without imperfection case	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Consider construction stages	<input type="checkbox"/>



MODEL

5.7 COMBINATION WIZARDS

Wizard No.	Settings	Value
	User-defined action combinations	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Favorable permanent actions	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Reduce number of generated combinations	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	Load combinations SA1 - Geometrically linear	
	Assigned to	DS 1-3
	Generate combinations	Load combinations (non-linear analysis)
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear
	Consider imperfection case	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Consider initial state	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Structure modification enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Consider construction stages	<input type="checkbox"/>
	User-defined action combinations	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Favorable permanent actions	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Reduce number of generated combinations	<input type="checkbox"/>

6 Loads

6.1 SNOW DLUBLAL.JPG

6.2 WIND DLUBLAL.JPG

6.3 **LOADING**

ANALIZA OPTEREĆENJA – Gradska vijećnica

Pozicija		Zona 3			
Opis pozicije		Krov			
Stalno opterećenje (g)	Sloj	Zapremninska težina [kg/m ³]	Debljina sloja [cm]	Iznos površinskog opterećenja [kN/m ²]	
	1	Biber crijep			0.5
	2	Dodatno stalno			0.1
	Ukupno:			0.6	
Promjenjivo opterećenje (g)	S	Snijeg	1	[kN/m ²]	
	W	Vjetar	Software		

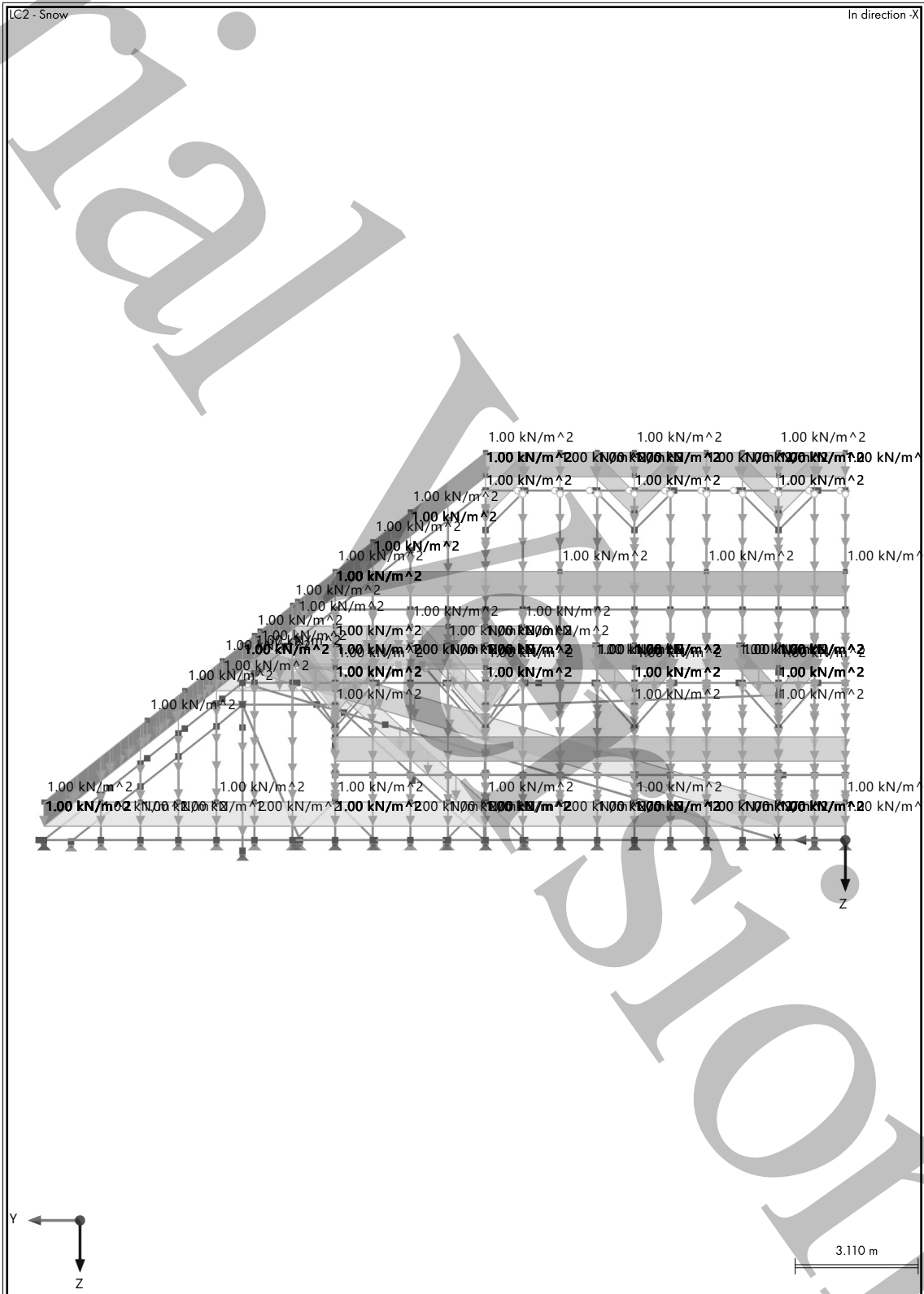
Snijeg (s)	Područje:	3	kontinentalna Hrvatska
	Nadmorska visina:	122	[m.n.m.]
	α =	32	°
	s_k =	1.25	[kn/m ²]
	$\mu_{1(\alpha)}$ =	0.8	
	C_e =	1	koeficijent izloženosti
	C_t =	1	toplinski koeficijent
	s_d =	$\mu_{1(\alpha)} \cdot C_e \cdot C_t \cdot s_k$	
	s_d =	1	[kn/m ²]

Vjetar (w)	C_{dir} =	1	koeficijent smjera vjetra
	C_{season} =	1	koeficijent godišnjeg doba
	$V_{b,0}$ =	20	[m/s]
	V_b =	$C_{dir} \cdot C_{season} \cdot V_{b,0}$	
	V_b =	20	[m/s]
	ρ =	1.25	[kg/m ³]
	*kategorija terena:	III	
	$c_e(z)$ =	1.9	koeficijent izloženosti
	q_b =	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \rho \cdot V_b^2$	[kN/m ²]
	q_b =	0.25	[kN/m ²]
	$C_{pe}(H)$ =	-0.96	[m ²]
	$C_{pe}(l)$ =	-0.76	[m ²]
	C_{pi} =	0.2	[m ²]
$w_e(H)$ =	$q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot C_{pe}$	-0.55	[kN/m ²]
$w_e(H)$ =	$q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot C_{pe}$	-0.46	[kN/m ²]
$w_e(l)$ =	$q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot C_{pe}$	-0.46	[kN/m ²]
$w_e(l)$ =	$q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot C_{pe}$	-0.36	[kN/m ²]



MODEL

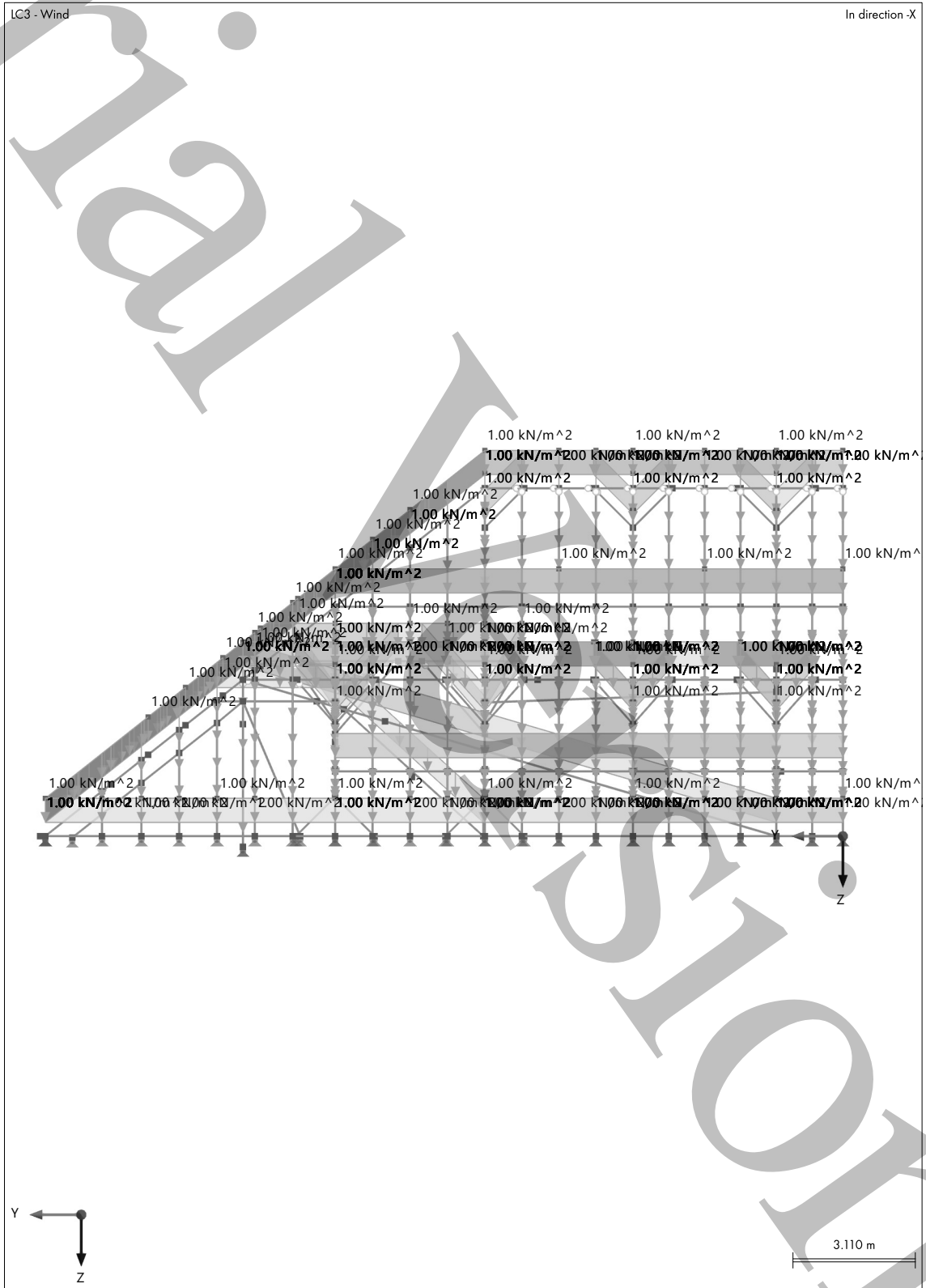
6.5.3 LC2: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -X





MODEL

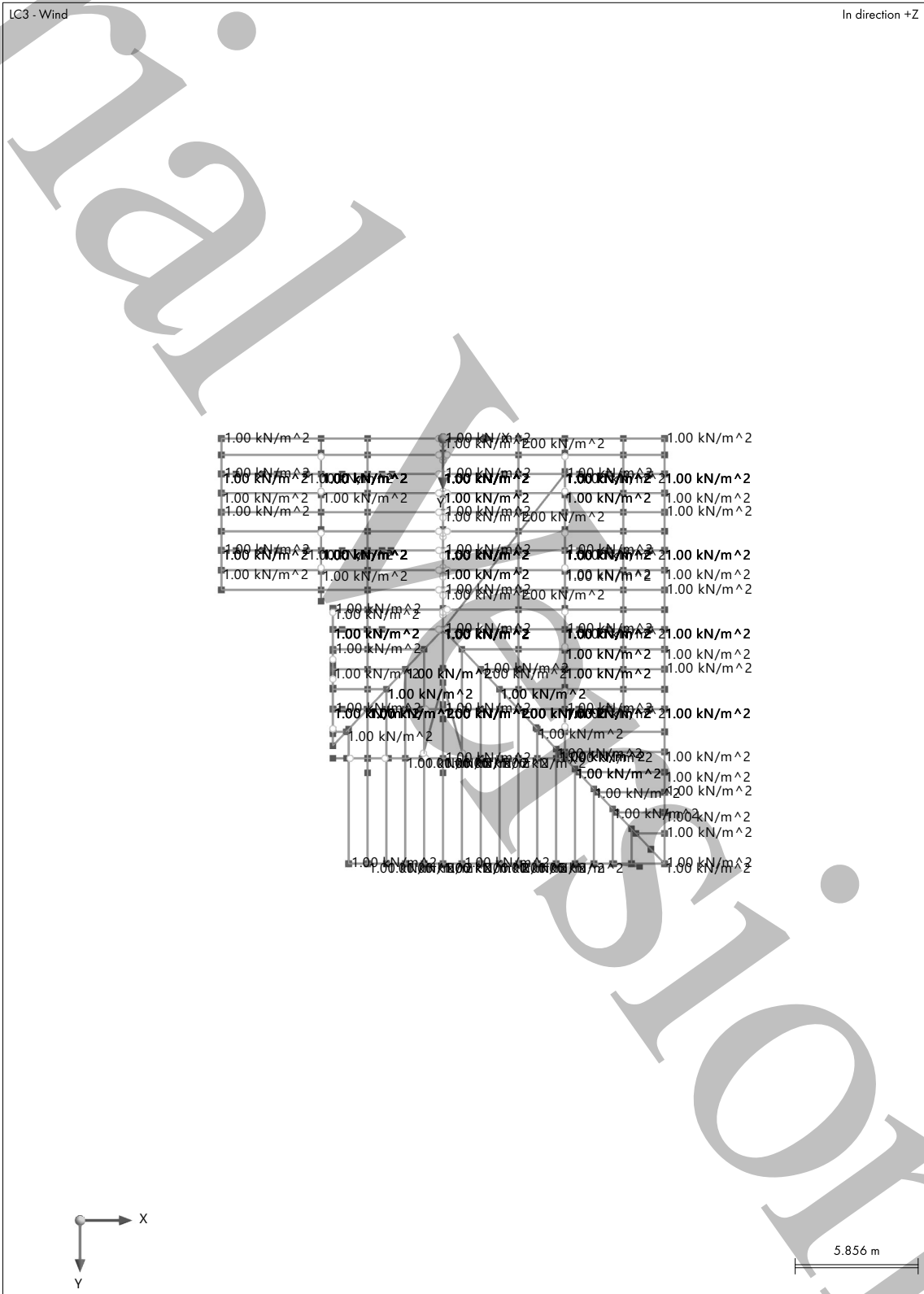
6.6.3 LC3: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -X





MODEL

6.6.4 LC3: LOADING, IN DIRECTION +Z





MODEL

7 Guide Objects

7.1 COORDINATE SYSTEMS

System No.	Type	Coordinates			Rotation			Comment
		Symbol	Value	Unit	Sequenc	Symbol	Value	
1	Global XYZ							

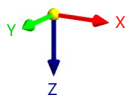
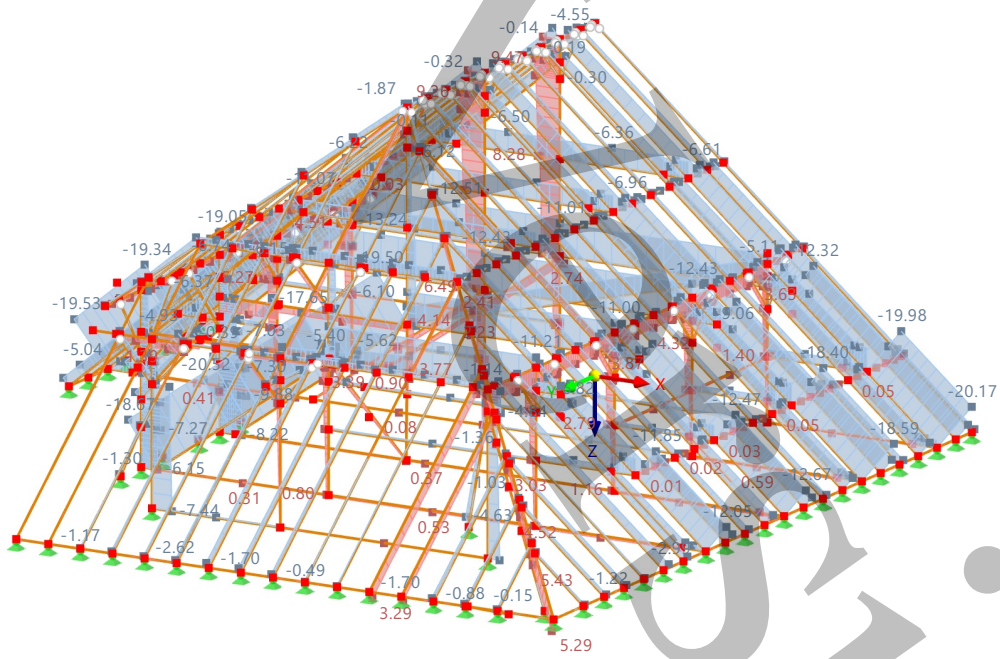
8 Static Analysis Results



8.1 **DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis**
IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces N [kN]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



max N : 9.47 | min N : -20.52 kN

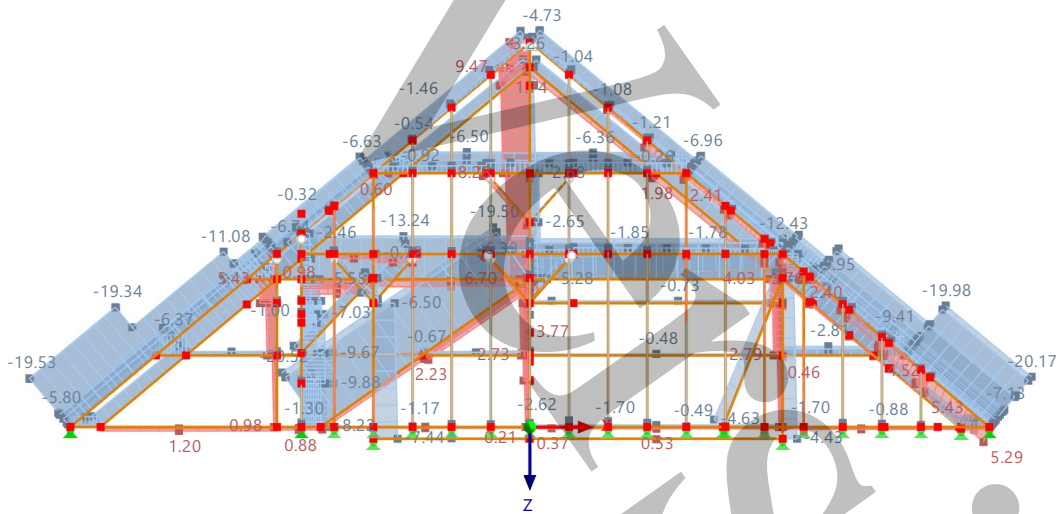


MODEL

8.2 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -Y

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces N [kN]

In direction -Y

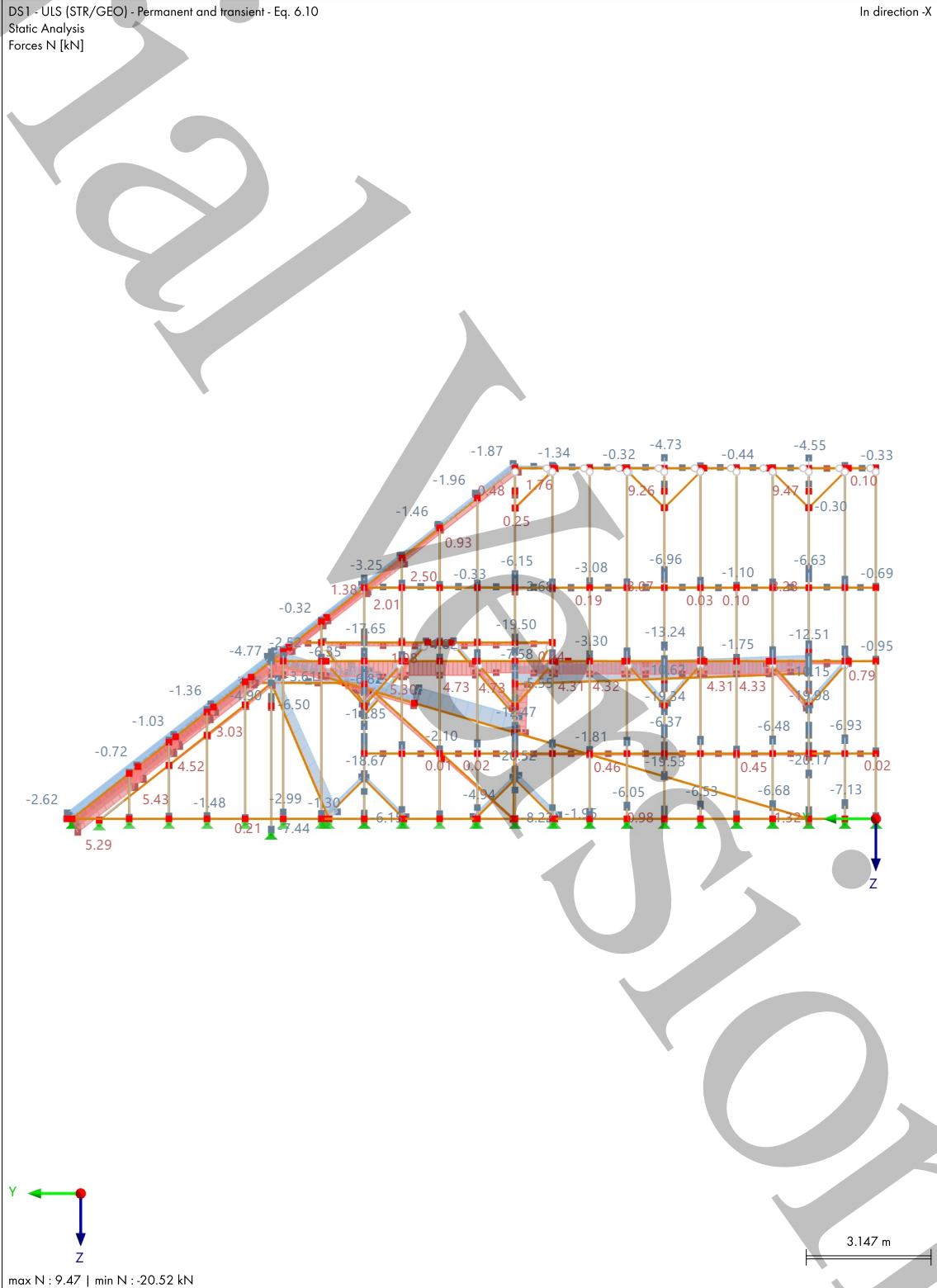


max N : 9.47 | min N : -20.52 kN



MODEL

8.3 **DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -X**





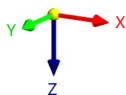
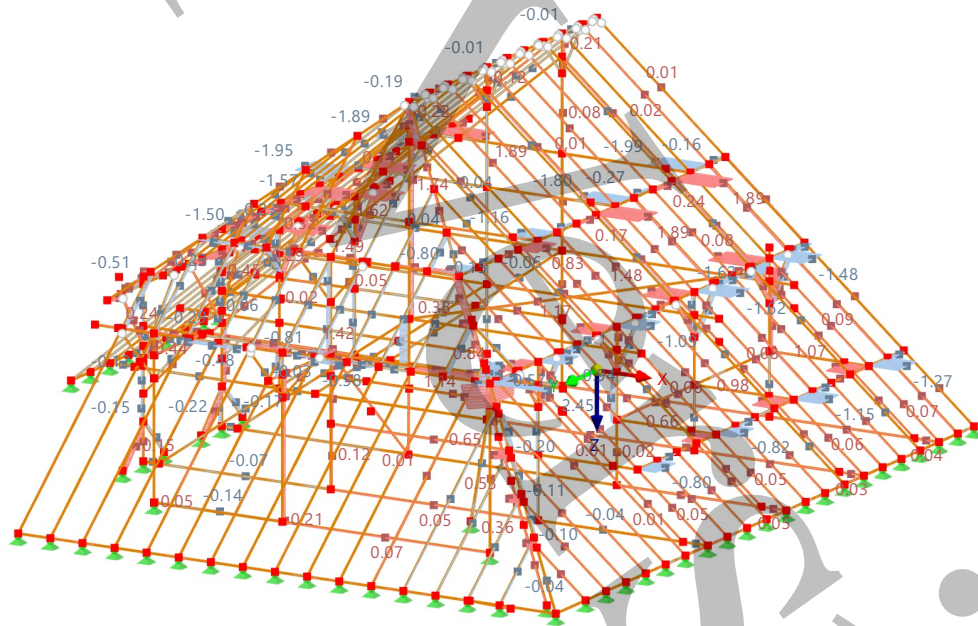
MODEL

8.4 **DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES**
 V_y , IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces V_y [kN]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



max V_y : 1.89 | min V_y : -2.45 kN



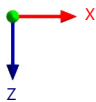
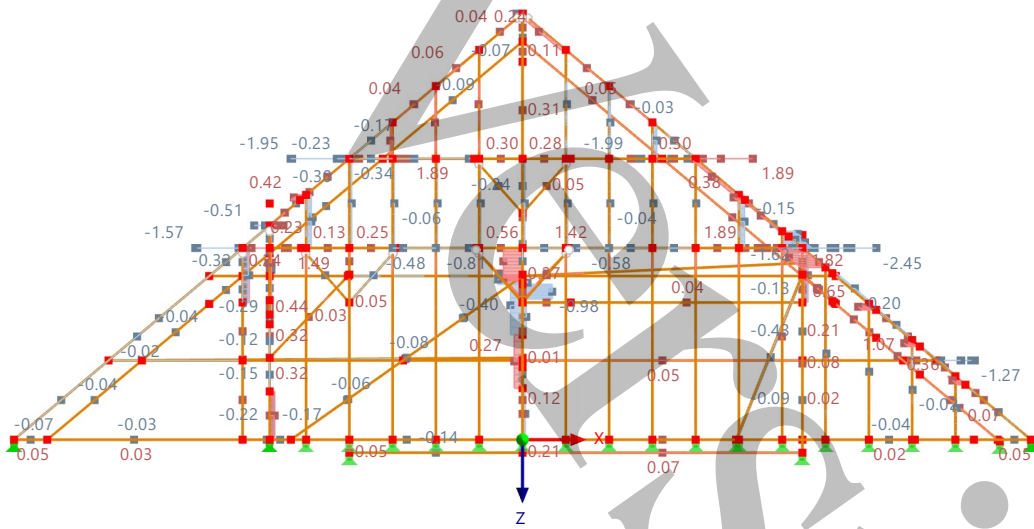
8.5

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 V_y , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces V_y [kN]

In direction -Y



max V_y : 1.89 | min V_y : -2.45 kN

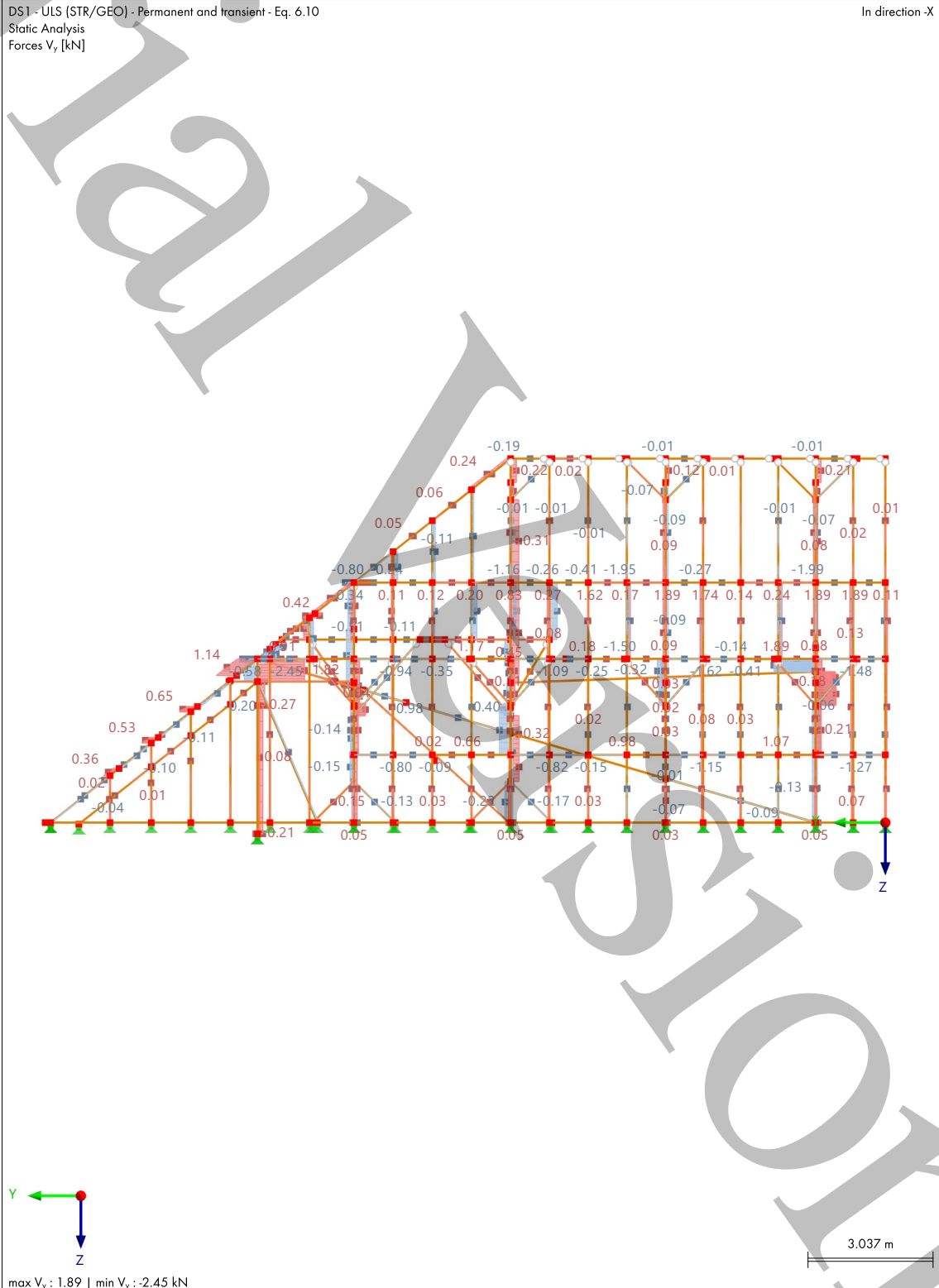
3.137 m



MODEL

8.6 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 V_y , IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis



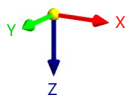
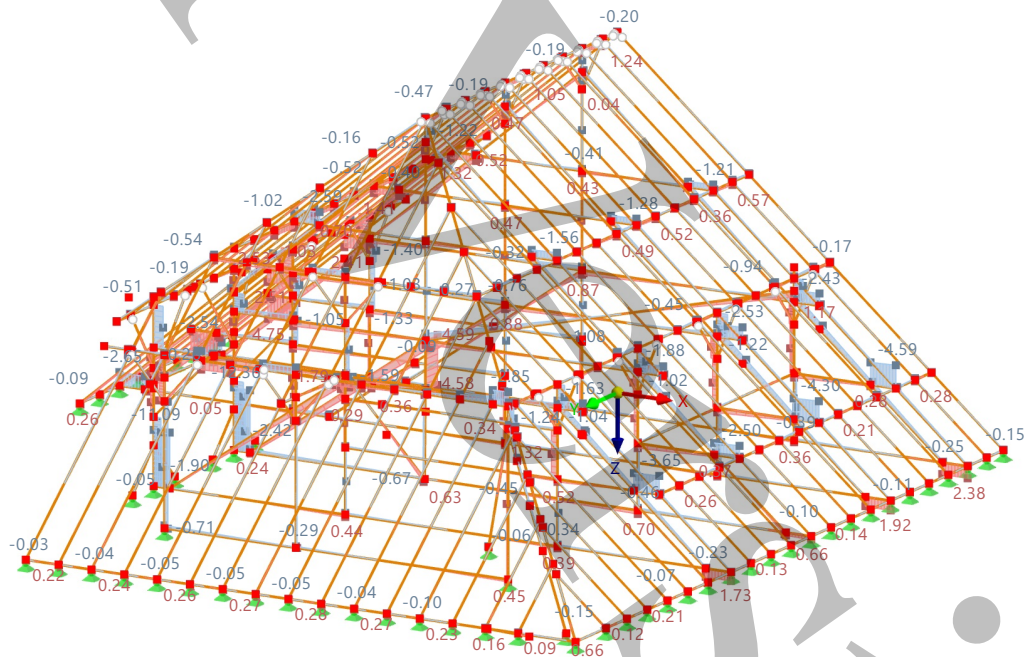


MODEL

8.7 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces V_z [kN]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



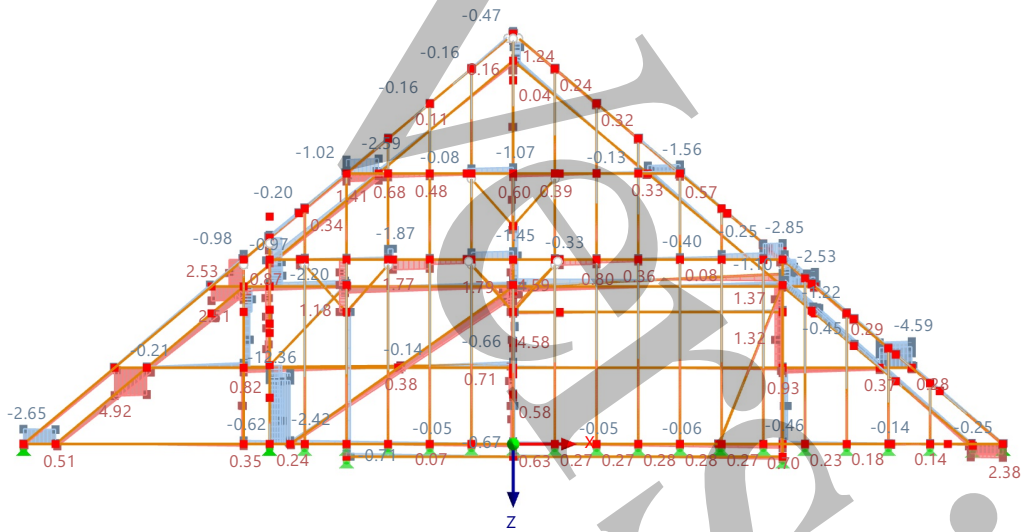
max V_z : 4.92 | min V_z : -12.36 kN



8.8 **DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -Y**

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Forces V_z [kN]

In direction -Y

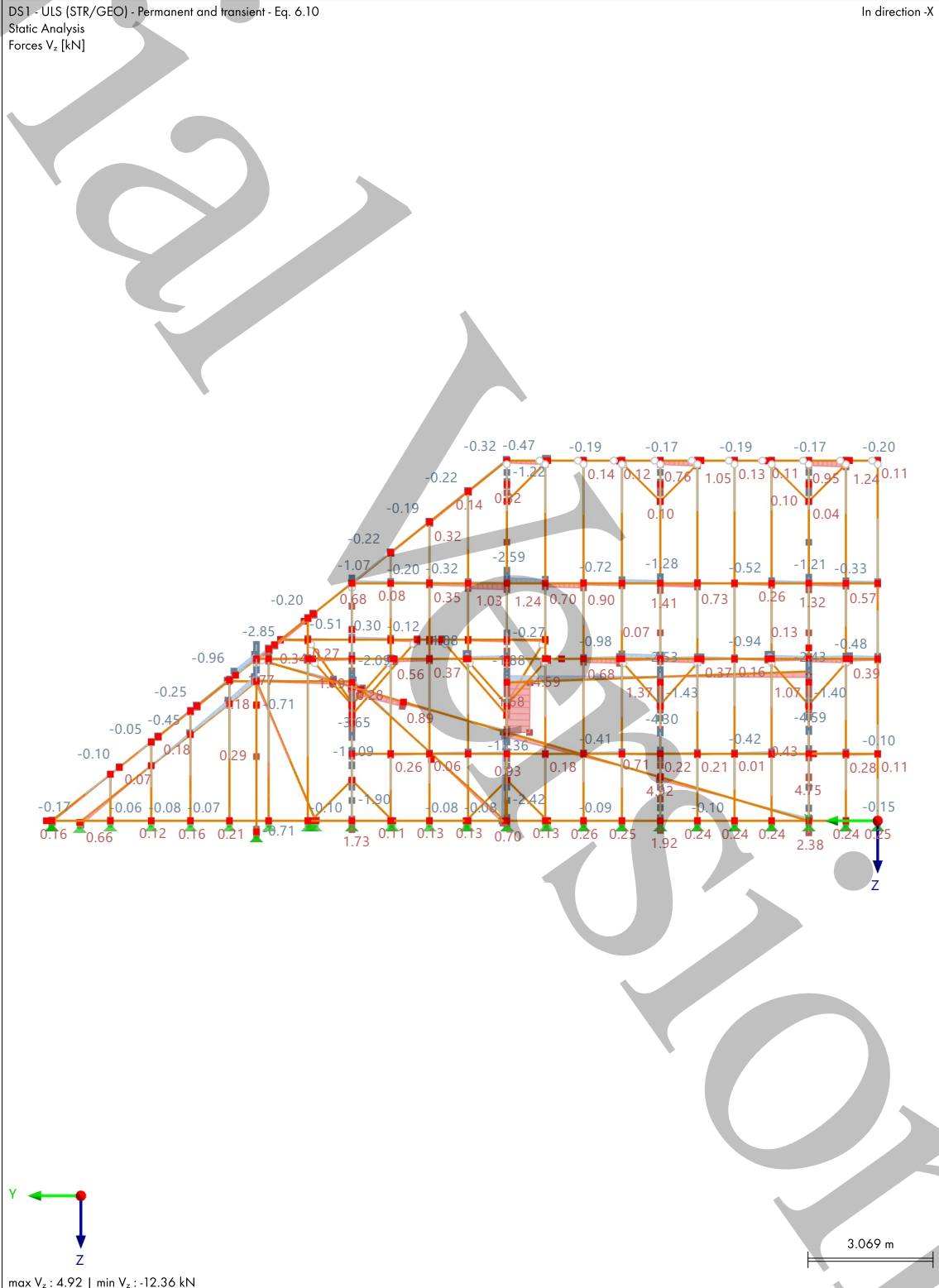


max V_z : 4.92 | min V_z : -12.36 kN



MODEL

8.9 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -X





MODEL

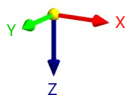
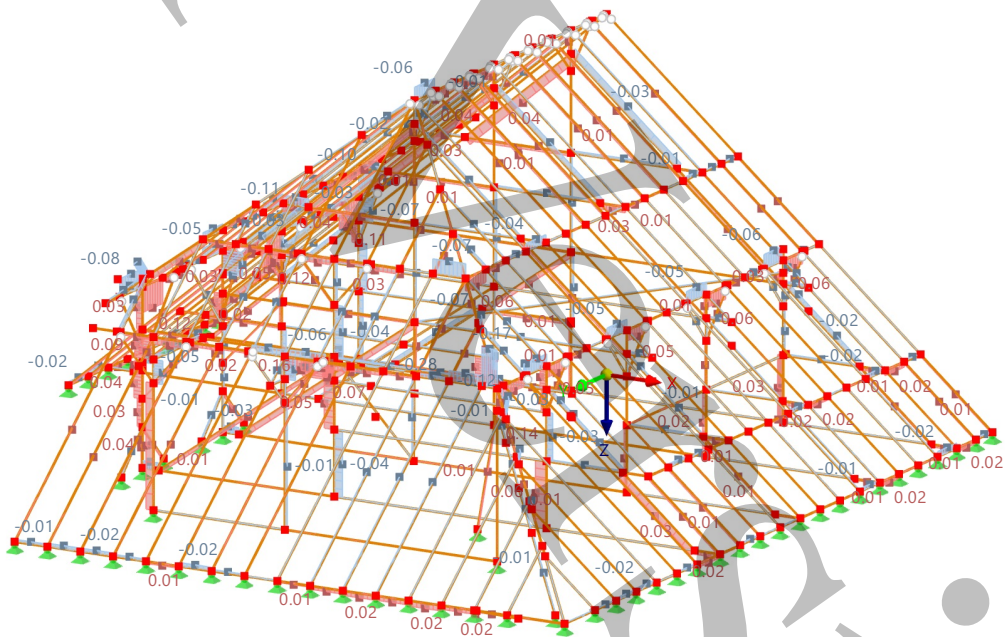
8.10

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_{Tr} IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_{Tr} [kNm]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



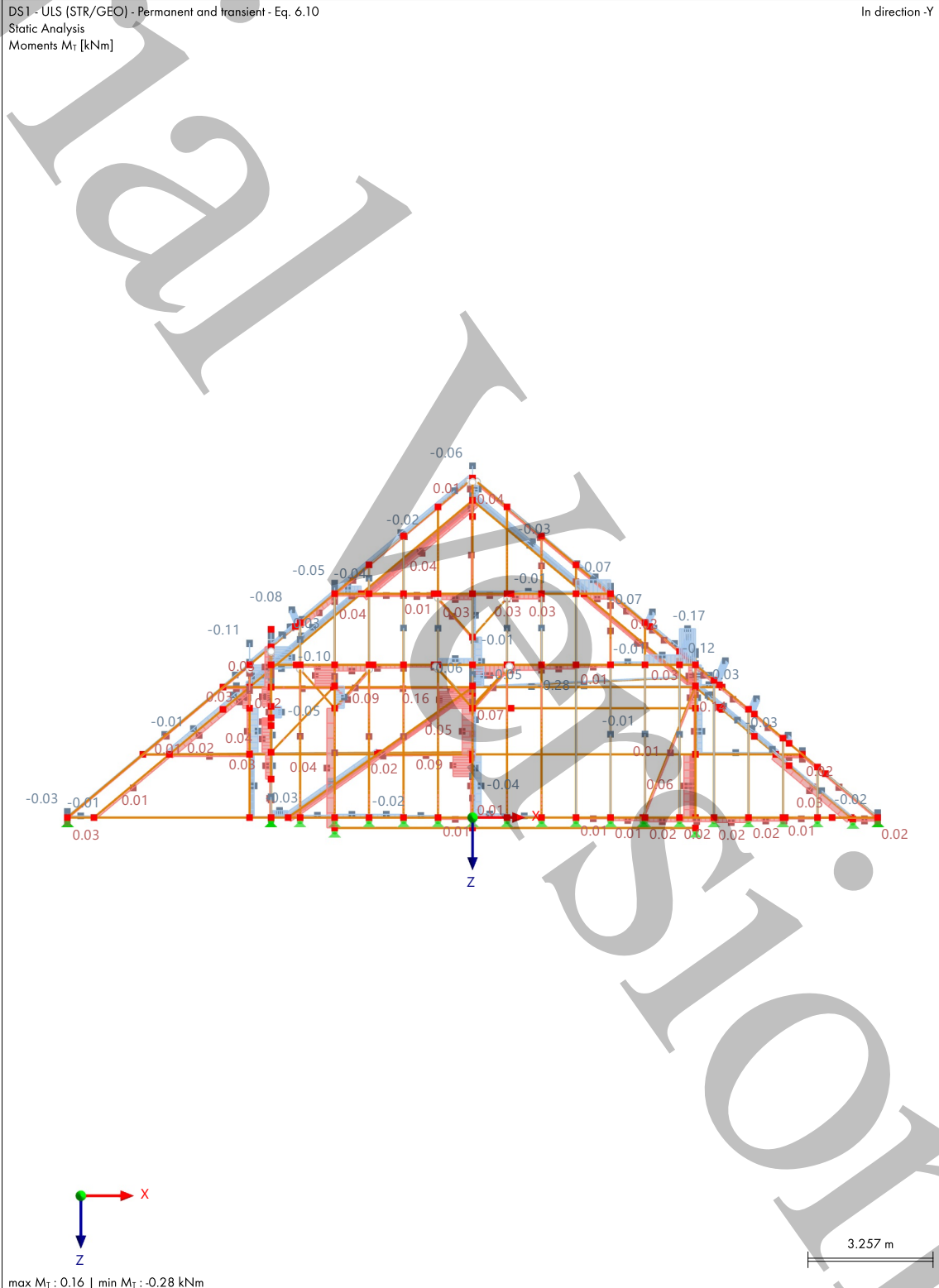
max M_{Tr} : 0.16 | min M_{Tr} : -0.28 kNm



MODEL

8.11 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_{Tr} , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis





MODEL

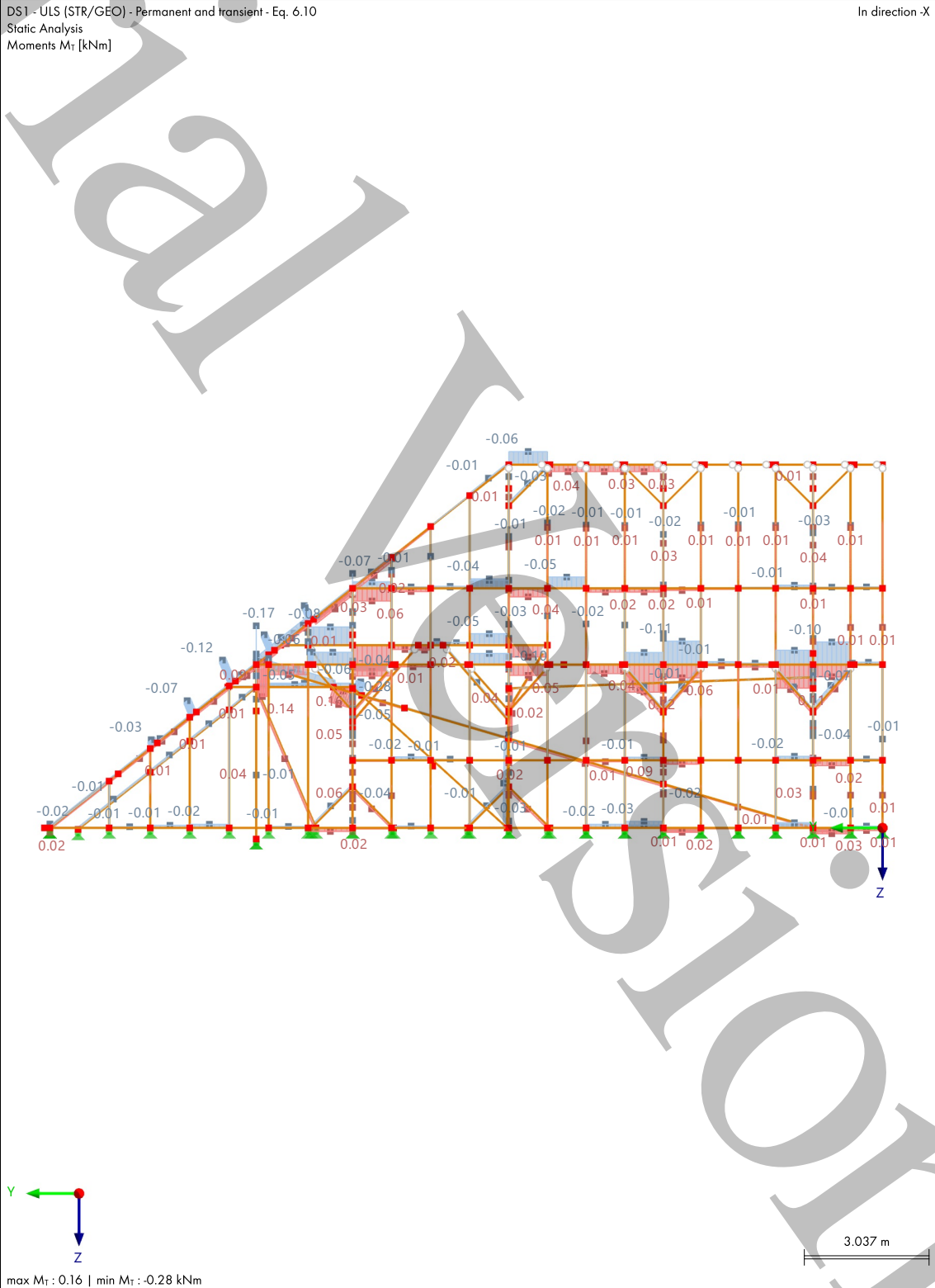
8.12

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_{Tr} IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_i [kNm]

In direction -X





MODEL

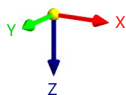
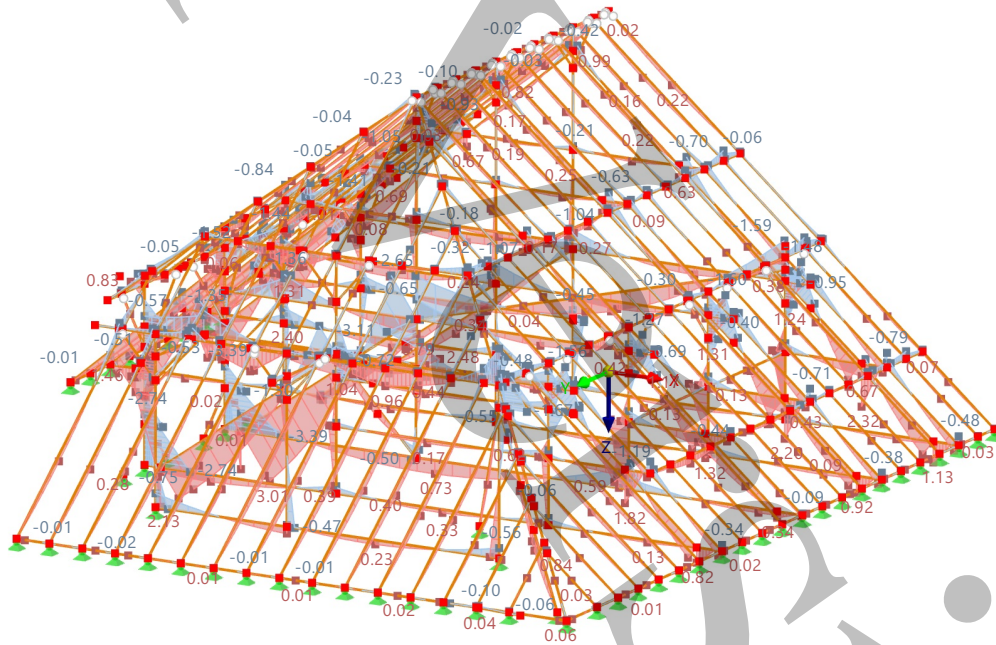
8.13

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_y , IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_y [kNm]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



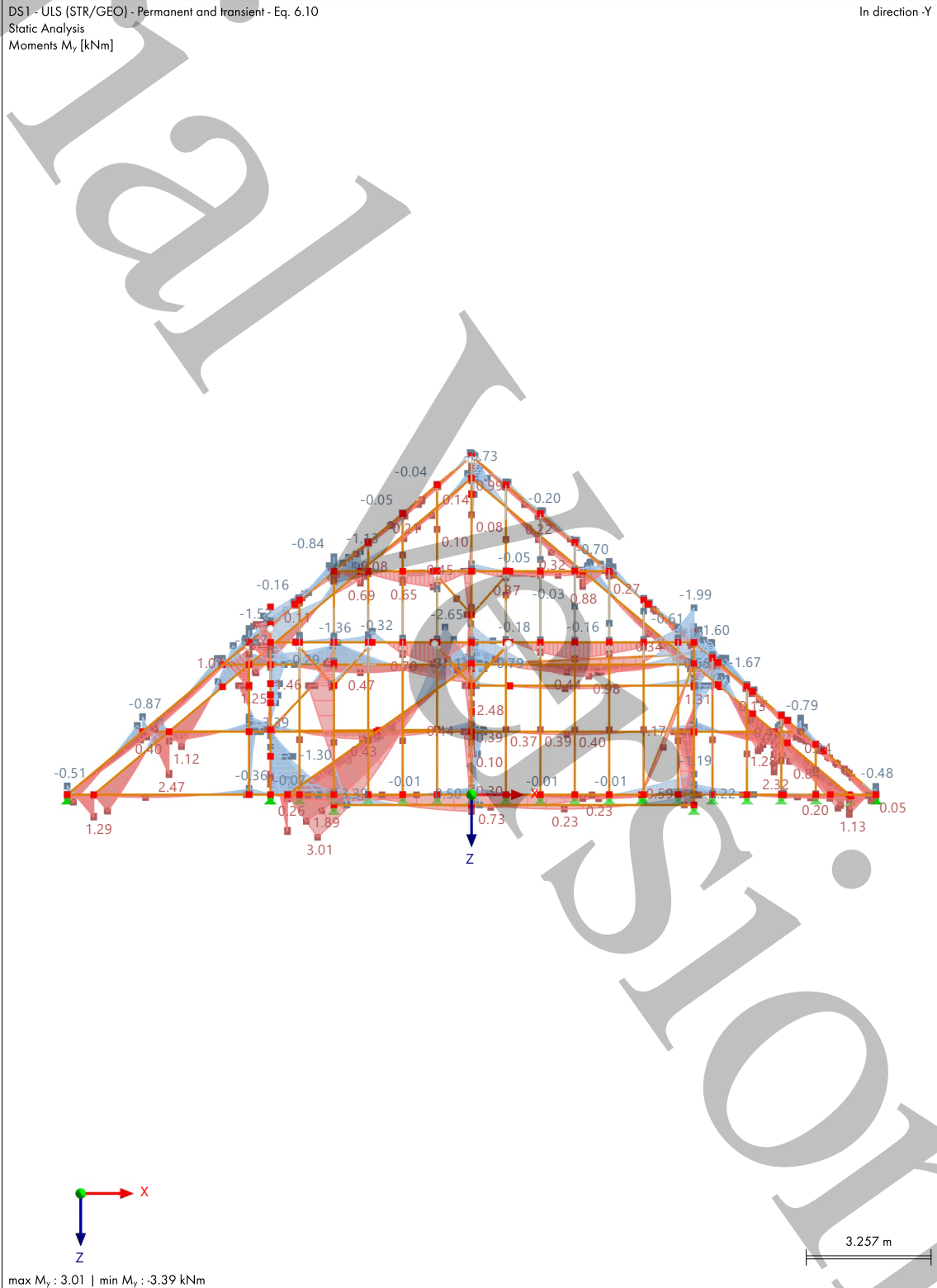
max M_y : 3.01 | min M_y : -3.39 kNm



MODEL

8.14 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_y , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis





MODEL

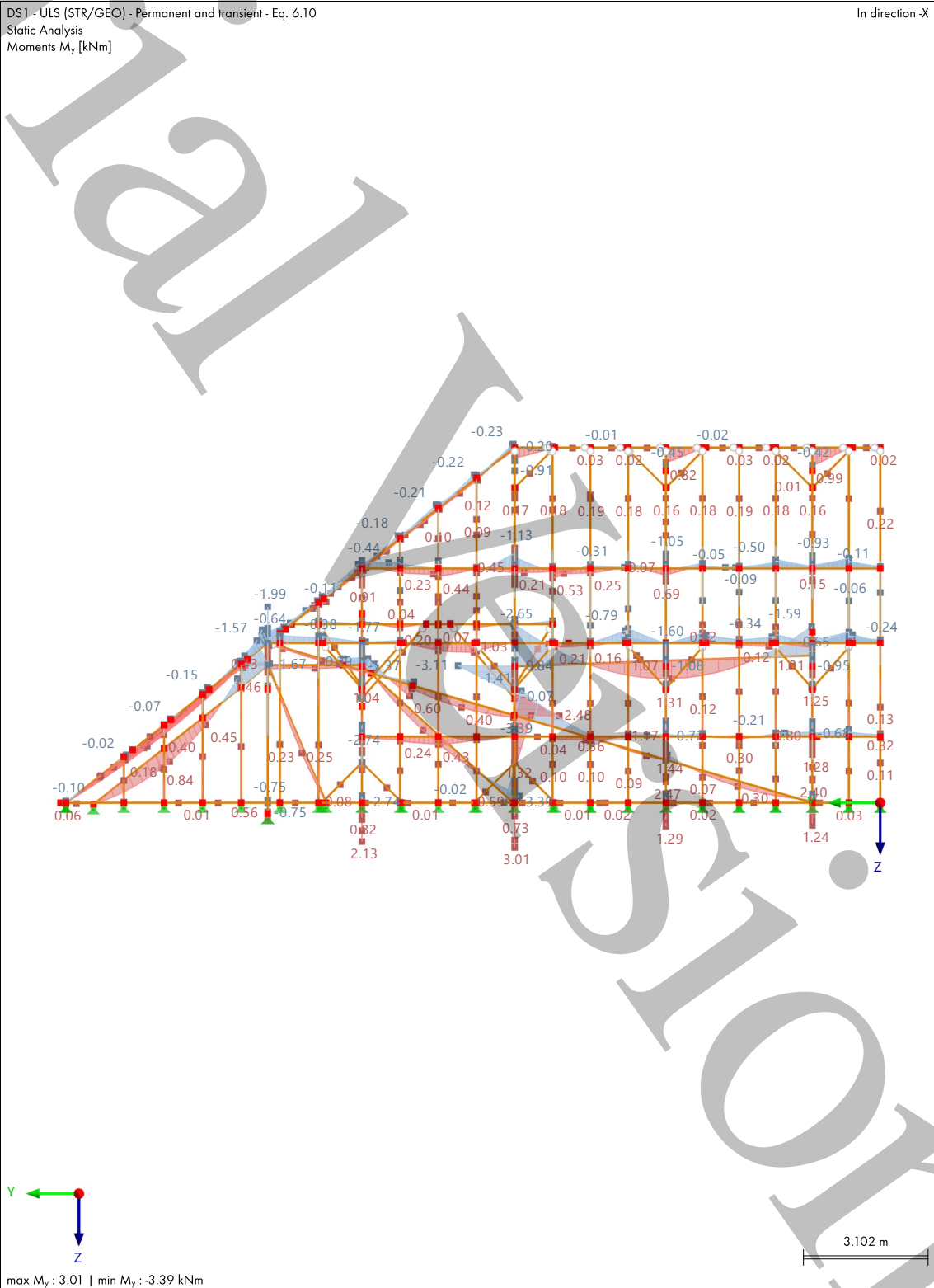
8.15

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_y , IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_y [kNm]

In direction -X





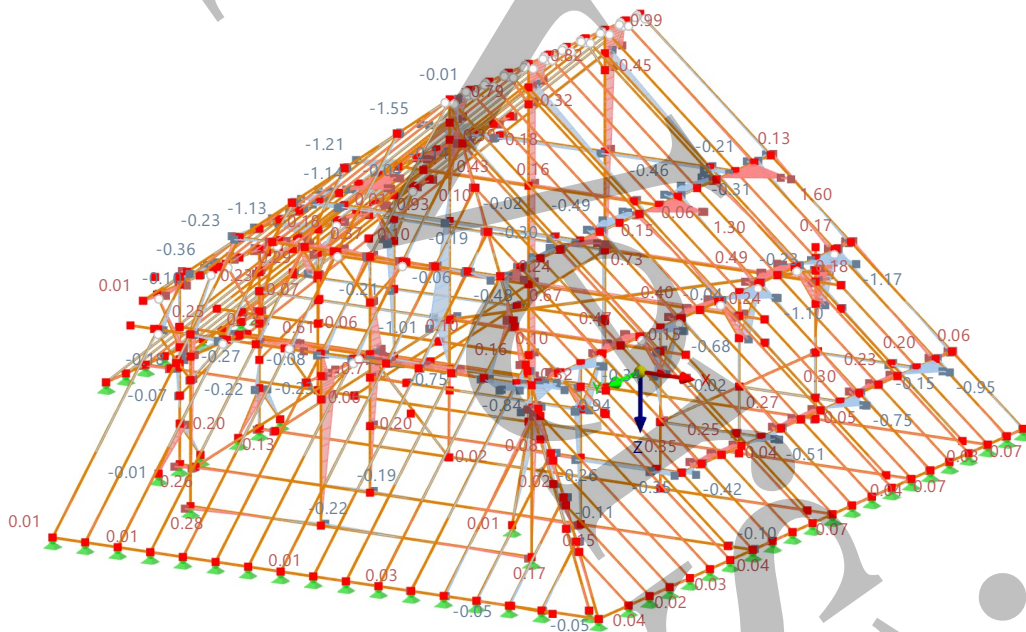
MODEL

8.16 **DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES**
 M_z IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_z [kNm]

In Axonometric Direction by Default



max M_z : 1.60 | min M_z : -1.55 kNm



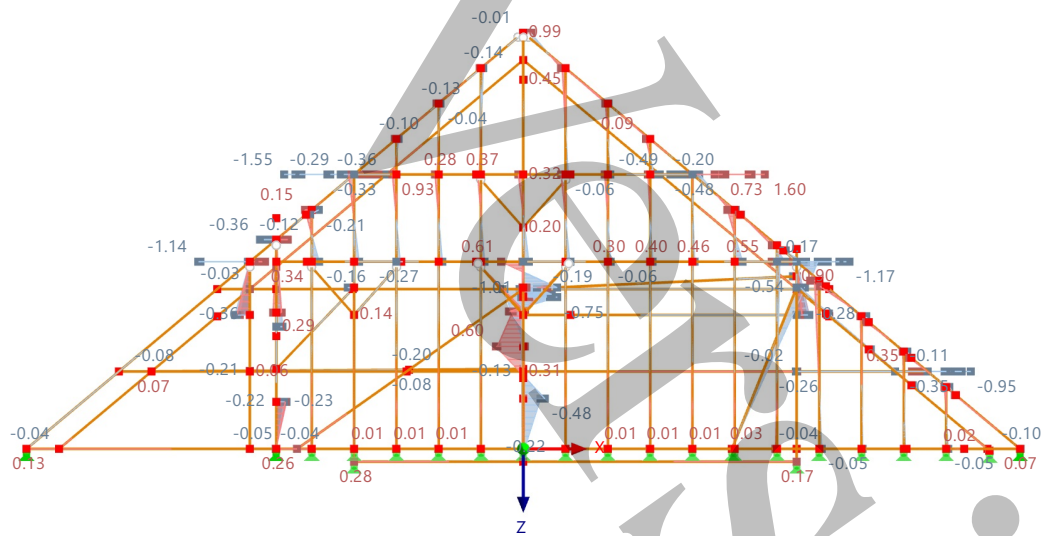
8.17

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_z IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis

DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10
Static Analysis
Moments M_z [kNm]

In direction -Y



max M_z : 1.60 | min M_z : -1.55 kNm

3.211 m

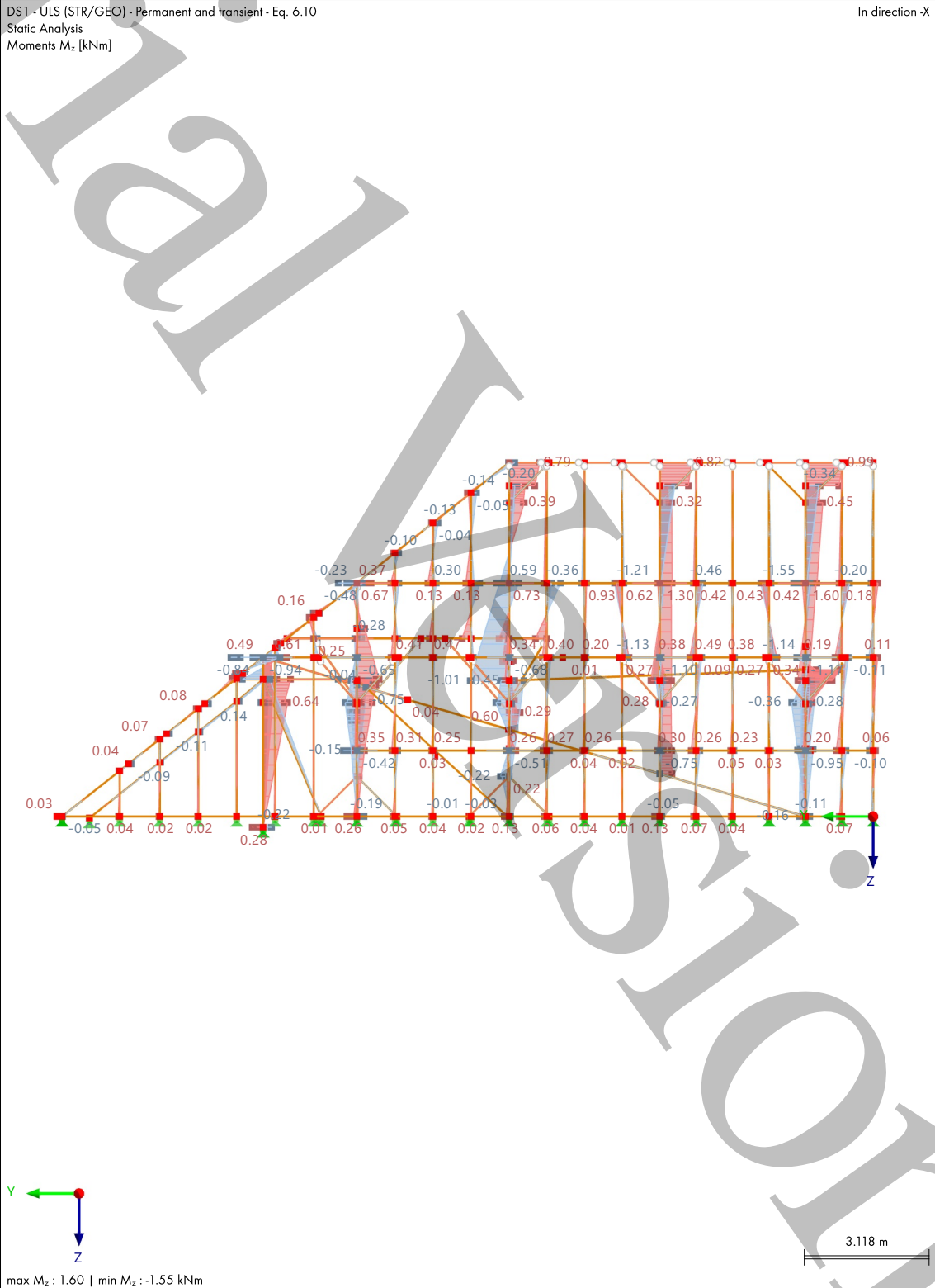


MODEL

8.18

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_{zr} IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis





9 Timber Design

9.1 OBJECTS TO DESIGN

Object Type	Design All	Objects to Design				Comment
		Selected	To Calculate	Removed	Not Valid / Deact	
Members	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	6,	6,		282,283,286,2	
		13-15,17,24,2	13-15,17,24,2		87,289,291,29	
		9,30,39,41-44,	9,30,39,41-44,		3,295,297,299	
		46-52,61-64,7	46-52,61-64,7		,360-363,367,	
		3-82,95,107,1	3-82,95,107,1		370,373,377-3	
		60,162-173,18	60,162-173,18		80,389,394,39	
		5-188,196,198	5-188,196,198		5,423,428,478	
		,201-208,211,	,201-208,211,		,1692,1695,17	
		216-219,225,2	216-219,225,2		55,1756,1759,	
		26,229-231,25	26,229-231,25		1762,1764,17	
		0,253,257-260	0,253,257-260		66,1770,1771,	
		,262-266,276-	,262-266,276-		1780-1788,18	
		278,280,282,2	278,280,285,2		28,1829,1834	
		83,285-287,28	90,292,294,29			
		9-311,314,327	6,298,300-311			
		,328,330,335-	,314,327,328,			
		342,347-349,3	330,335-342,3			
		51-353,355-35	47-349,351-3			
		7,359-375,377	53,355-357,35			
		-380,382-397,	9,364-366,368			
		399,401-403,4	,369,371,372,			
		06,407,409,41	374,375,382-3			
		2,413,418-421	88,390-393,39			
		,423-428,430-	6,397,399,401			
		459,464,468-4	-403,406,407,			
		71,473,474,47	409,412,413,4			
		6-478,840,841	18-421,424-4			
		,972,1449,146	27,430-459,46			
		8-1525,1527-1	4,468-471,473			
		834	,474,476,477,			
			840,841,972,1			
			449,1468-152			
			5,1527-1691,1			
			693,1694,169			
			6-1754,1757,1			
			758,1760,176			
			1,1763,1765,1			
			767-1769,177			
			2-1779,1789-			
			1827,1830-18			

9.2 DESIGN SITUATIONS

DS No.	EN 1990 Timber CEN 2010-0	To Design	Active	EN 1995 HRN 2015-03	Combinations to Design for Enumeration Method
1	ULS ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ULS ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient	All
2	SCh SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SCh SLS - Characteristic	All
3	SQp1 SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SQp1 SLS - Quasi-permanent 1	All

9.3 MATERIALS

Legend
 Stiffness modification

Material No.	Name	To Design	Material Type	Options	Comment
1	C18	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Timber		



9.4 SECTIONS

Legend
 Warping stiffness deactivated

Section No.	Name	Material	Design	To	Section Type	Use Other Section for Design	Options
1	R_M1 300/200	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
2	R_M1 200/320	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
3	R_M1 180/240	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
4	R_M1 140/170	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
5	2R_M2 220/120/150/1	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive II	--	Y
6	R_M1 150/150	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
7	R_M1 220/270	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
8	R_M1 50/30	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y
9	R_M1 150/170	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Parametric - Massive I	--	Y

9.5 ULTIMATE CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Assigned to			
		Members	Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.5.1 ULTIMATE CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	General			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perform stability design			
	Limit Values for Special Cases			
	Tension ($\sigma_{t,0,d} / f_{t,0,d}$)	$\eta_{t,lim}$	0.001	--
	Compression ($\sigma_{c,0,d} / f_{c,0,d}$)	$\eta_{c,lim}$	0.001	--
	Shear ($T_{xy,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{xy,lim}$	0.001	--
	Shear ($T_{xz,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{xz,lim}$	0.001	--
	Torsion ($T_{tor,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{tor,lim}$	0.010	--
	Bending ($\sigma_{m,y,d} / f_{m,d}$)	$\eta_{m,y,lim}$	0.001	--
	Bending ($\sigma_{m,z,d} / f_{m,d}$)	$\eta_{m,z,lim}$	0.001	--
	Curved and Saddle Members			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perpendicular tension design of curved members			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perpendicular tension design of saddle members			
	Cut-to-Grain Angle Limit			
	Allow further design if angle does not exceed limit	$ \alpha \leq$	24.00	deg
	System Strength Acc. to 6.6			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Consider system strength factor			
	Settings for Stability Design			
	Stiffness Reduction			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduction of stiffness with coefficient $1/(1+k_{def})$ acc. to DIN EN 1995-1-1			
	Position of Positive Transverse Load Application			
	Vertical position			
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On section edge (destabilizing effect)			
	<input type="radio"/> At shear point			
	<input type="radio"/> At center point			
	<input type="radio"/> On section edge (stabilizing effect)			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduction of effective length by 0.5h acc. to Tab. 6.1 (stabilizing effect)			



TIMBER

9.6 SERVICEABILITY CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Assigned to			
		Members	Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.6.1 SERVICEABILITY CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	Serviceability Limits (Deflections) Acc. to 7.2			
	Beam limits			
	Characteristic	L /	300	--
	Quasi-permanent 1	L /	250	--
	Quasi-permanent 2	L /	150	--
	Cantilever limits			
	Characteristic	L _c /	150	--
	Quasi-permanent 1	L _c /	125	--
	Quasi-permanent 2	L _c /	75	--
	Vibration Design			
	Vibration design	W _{instLim}	5.0	mm

9.7 FIRE RESISTANCE CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Assigned to			
		Members	Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.7.1 FIRE RESISTANCE CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	Fire Design Settings			
	Required time of fire resistance	t	15	min
	Fire exposure (not for circular sections)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Top (-z)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Left (-y)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Right (+y)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bottom (+z)			

10 Design Overview

10.1 DESIGN OVERVIEW

Design Overview

Addon	Type	Objects		Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Check		Description
		No.	No.				Ratio η [-]	Type	
Timber Design	Member	1502		x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	36.352	ST3100.00	Stability Bending about y-axis and compression acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	1502		x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.761	SP6300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	1502		x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.761	ST1600.03	Stability Biaxial bending and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	1502		x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.666	SP3100.00	Section Proof Shear in z-axis acc. to 6.1.7 Rectangular section
Timber Design	Member	1501		x: 5.260	DS2	CO8	5.624	SE1200.01	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Characteristic' z-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	1501		x: 5.260	DS3	CO13	5.068	SE1200.02	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1' z-direction acc. to 7.2



RESULTS

10.1 **DESIGN OVERVIEW**

Design Overview

Addon	Type	Objects		Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Check		Description
		No.					Ratio η [-]	Type	
Timber Design	Member	1501		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	4.139	SP5300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1501		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	4.054	ST2100.00	Stability Flexural member without compression force Bending about y-axis acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	1810		x: 0.800	DS1	CO3	1.969	ST1600.01	Stability Bending about y-axis and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	1810		x: 0.800	DS1	CO3	1.858	SP6100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	1501		x: 9.636	DS1	CO3	1.633	SP5100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1714		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	1.444	SP2100.00	Section Proof Shear due to torsion acc. to 6.1.8
Timber Design	Member	390		x: 4.684	DS1	CO3	1.068	ST1300.00	Stability Axial compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	401		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	1.042	SP4300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	14		x: 1.792	DS1	CO2	1.034	ST1600.02	Stability Bending about z-axis and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	218		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	0.951	SP3200.00	Section Proof Shear in y-axis acc. to 6.1.7 Rectangular section
Timber Design	Member	1471		x: 2.560	DS1	CO3	0.911	SP1200.00	Section Proof Compression along grain acc. to 6.1.4
Timber Design	Member	1706		x: 2.435	DS1	CO3	0.589	ST3200.00	Stability Bending about z-axis and compression acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	24		x: 2.286	DS1	CO3	0.542	SP1100.00	Section Proof Tension along grain acc. to 6.1.2
Timber Design	Member	1709		x: 0.225	DS1	CO3	0.529	SP5200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1706		x: 2.250	DS1	CO4	0.445	SP6200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	187		x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	0.391	ST2200.00	Stability Flexural member without compression force Bending about z-axis acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	464		x: 1.933	DS2	CO8	0.326	SE1100.01	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Characteristic' y-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	464		x: 1.933	DS3	CO13	0.302	SE1100.02	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1' y-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	1573		x: 0.164	DS1	CO3	0.272	SP4200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	163		x: 3.201	DS1	CO1	0.212	SP4100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	219,253,434,4 57,972,1527,1 578,1827		x: 0.000	DS1	CO1	0.000	SP0100.00	Section Proof Negligible internal forces
Timber Design	Member	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 ,201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25		x: 0.000	DS2	CO6	0.000	SE0100.01	Serviceability Negligible deflection Combination of actions 'Characteristic'



RESULTS

10.1 **DESIGN OVERVIEW**

Design Overview

Addon	Type	Objects		Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Check		Description	
		No.					Ratio η [-]	Type		
			0,253,257-260 ,262-266,276-278,280,285,2 90,292,294,29 6,298,300-311 ,314,327,328, 330,335-342,3 47-349,351-35 3,355-357,359 ,364-366,368, 369,371,372,3 74,375,382-38 8,390-393,396 ,397,399,401- 403,406,407,4 09,412,413,41 8-421,424-427 ,430-459,464, 468-471,473,4 74,476,477,84 0,841,972,144 9,1468-1525,1 527-1691,169 3,1694,1696-1 754,1757,175 8,1760,1761,1 763,1765,176 7-1769,1772-1 779,1789-182							
Timber Design	Member	6,	x: 0.000	DS3	CO11	0.000 ✓	SE0100.02	Serviceability Negligible deflection Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1'		
		13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 ,201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25 0,253,257-260 ,262-266,276- 278,280,285,2 90,292,294,29 6,298,300-311 ,314,327,328, 330,335-342,3 47-349,351-35 3,355-357,359 ,364-366,368, 369,371,372,3 74,375,382-38 8,390-393,396 ,397,399,401- 403,406,407,4 09,412,413,41 8-421,424-427 ,430-459,464, 468-471,473,4 74,476,477,84 0,841,972,144 9,1468-1525,1 527-1691,169 3,1694,1696-1 754,1757,175 8,1760,1761,1 763,1765,176 7-1769,1772-1 779,1789-182								

2.4. Zaključak

Statički proračun modela proveden je na temelju zadanih opterećenja snijegom, vjetrom, vlastite težine konstrukcije te dodatnog stalnog opterećenja, prema geometrijski linearnom proračunu konstrukcija. Iz rezultata je vidljivo kako su kriteriji graničnih stanja nosivosti i graničnih stanja uporabljivosti zadovoljeni s obzirom na postavljene uvjete prema zahtjevima Eurokoda 5 za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija uz hrvatske nacionalne dodatke za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija.

3. Popis slika

Slika 1: Interakcija Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče [3]

Slika 2: Karta potresnih područja RH [5]

Slika 3: Mjøstårnet, Norveška (visina: 85.4 m) [12]

Slika 4: Detalj spoja sa senzorom za pomak [13]

Slika 5: Potresno ispitivanje NHERI TallWood Project zgrade [13]

4. Literatura:

[1] Bačić, M., Ivšić, T., Kovačević, M. S.: Geotehnika kao nezaobilazan segment potresnog inženjerstva, *GRAĐEVINAR*, 72 (2020) 10, pp. 923-936,
doi: <https://doi.org/10.14256/JCE.2968.2020>

[2] Hršak, D.: Potres u Zagrebu i utjecaj potresa na građevinske objekte, završni rad, fakultet kemijskog inženjerstva i tehnologije Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, 2021.

[3] https://www.researchgate.net/figure/The-interaction-between-the-Africa-and-Eurasia-plates-generates-a-diffuse-area-of_fig1_271200275

[4] Šavor Z., Radić J., Mandić A.: Neke usporedbe hrvatskih i europskih norma za djelovanja, *GRAĐEVINAR*, 58 (2006) 8, pp. 641-648

[5] <http://seizkarta.gfz.hr/hazmap/karta.php>

[6] Perić, Lj.: Nova paradigma dimenzioniranja na potresna djelovanja (Performance Based Seismic Engineering – PBSE) na primjeru nelinearnoga odziva zidova tipičnih drvenih konstrukcija, e-Zbornik, broj 16, prosinac 2018.

[7] Perić, Lj.: Proračun duktilnih konstrukcija na potresna djelovanja, *GRAĐEVINAR*, 60 (2008) 10, pp. 867-875

[8] <https://www.naturallywood.com/wood-performance/resilience/>

[9] Rajčić V.: Svojstva drva kao materijala, predavanje, kolegij Drvene konstrukcije, Građevinski fakultet Sveučilišta u Zagrebu

[10] Bjelanović A., Rajčić V.: Drvene konstrukcije prema europskim normama, Zagreb, 2007.

[11] Seim W., Hummel J.: Earthquake design of timber structures – Remarks on force-based design procedures for different wall systems, Volume 76, 1 October 2014, Pages 124-137 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.engstruct.2014.06.037>

[12] <https://www.moelven.com/mjostarnet/>

[13] <https://www.fastcompany.com/90897645/wooden-high-rise-survived-earthquakes>