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SVEUČILIŠTE U ZAGREBU
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET ZAGREB

ZAVRŠNI RAD

**SNIMAK STANJA STARE KROVNE KONSTRUKCIJE
I PRIJEDLOG SANACIJE**

Lea Schiller

SVEUČILIŠTE U ZAGREBU
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET ZAGREB

ZAVRŠNI RAD
SNIMAK STANJA STARE KROVNE
KONSTRUKCIJE I PRIJEDLOG SANACIJE

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Zagreb, 2023.

Sažetak:

Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu, opis metoda potresnog proračuna konstrukcija i bitne značajke drva kao materijala vezanih uz potresnu otpornost.

Vizualni pregled krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu, Ćirilometodska ul. 5, 10000, Zagreb, zajedno sa provođenjem nerazornih ispitivanja vlagomjerima i rezistografima. Izrada statičkog modela krovišta u programu Dlublal RFEM 6 te statički proračun istog. Proračun se sastoji od provjere graničnih stanja nosivosti i uporabljivosti prema Eurokodu 5: Projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija te prema hrvatskim nacionalnim dodacima za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija.

Ključne riječi: drvene konstrukcije, drvo, potres, statički proračun, krovište

Summary:

The behaviour of timber structures during earthquakes, description of methods used for seismic analysis of structures and important features of wood as a material related to seismic resistance.

Visual inspection of the roof of the Old City Assembly of the City of Zagreb, Ćirilometodska Street 5, 10000, Zagreb, with conducting non-destructive tests using hygrometers and resistographs. Creating a structural model of the roof in the Dlublal RFEM 6 software and performing the static analysis of the same. The analysis includes checking the ultimate limit state and serviceability limit state according to Eurocode 5: Design of timber structures and according to Croatian national annex for the design of timber structures.

Key words: timber structures, timber, earthquake, statical analysis, roof

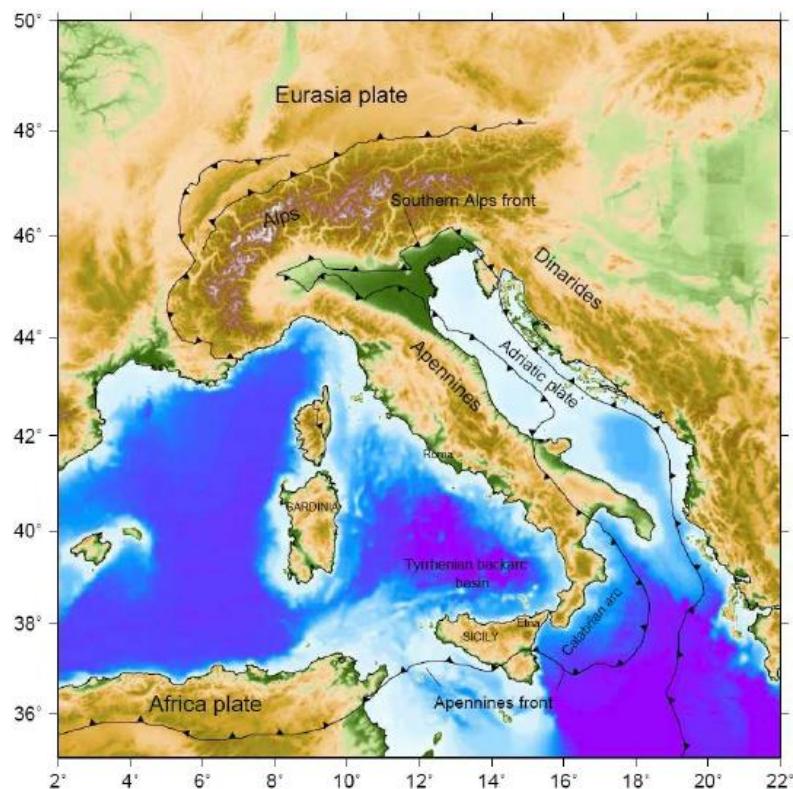
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1. Uvodni dio: Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu

1.1. Potresno djelovanje

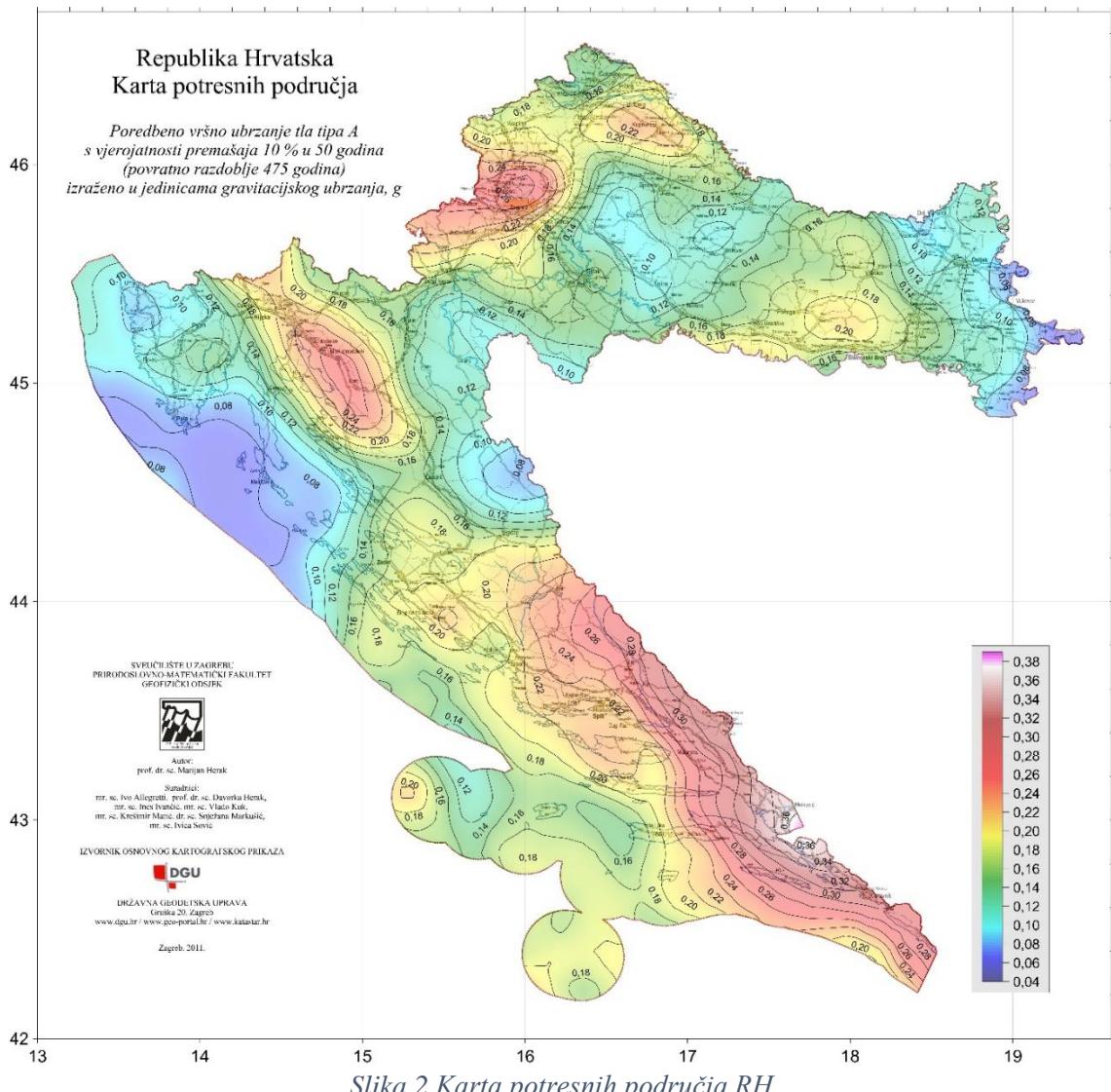
Potres je pojava koja se javlja zbog različitih promjena i pomaka u Zemljinoj kori, a karakteriziran je svojom vjerojatnošću pojavljivanja jer je po svojoj prirodi to "slučajna" pojava koja može imati značajne i razorne posljedice na građevinske objekte. Uzrocima nastanka, te izučavanjem posljedica i fizikalnim opisivanjem potresa bavi se geofizika, odnosno seismologija, te strukturalna geologija. Uzroci potresa su različiti, a najznačajniji potresi sa gledišta projektiranja konstrukcija su tektonski potresi, odnosno oni kod kojih dolazi do pomaka, točnije smicanja tektonskih ploča. Kako se Hrvatska nalazi upravo između područja smicanja Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče, na njenom području dolazi do češćih podrhtavanja tla nego u sjevernijim Europskim državama, te mogućnosti potresa značajnih veličina. [1] [2]



Slika 1 Interakcija Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče

Potresno djelovanje na konstrukcije i njihovo određivanje definirano je normom HRN ENV 1998-1-1 (Eurokod 8: Projektiranje potresne otpornosti konstrukcija, dio 1-1: Opća pravila – Potresna djelovanja i opći zahtjevi za konstrukcije).

Osnova za određivanje potresnog djelovanja je proračunsko ubrzanje tla, a_g [m/s^2], koje se izražava potresnim kartama (Slika 2) prema različitim potresnim zonama, a za Hrvatsku razlikujemo područja intenziteta 6, 7, 8 i 9 za koje su dane različite vrijednosti proračunskog ubrzanja tla, ovisno o potresnoj zoni, povratnog perioda 95, 225 ili 475 godina. Potres se definira povratnim periodom, odnosno sagledavamo vjerojatnost njegovog pojavljivanja u odnosu na vijek trajanja neke građevine, čime se procjenjuje rizik od pojave potresa određenog intenziteta. Prema normi HRN ENV 1998-1-1 razlikujemo 3 razreda tla: A, B i C, dok europska norma EN 1998-1-1 još dodaje razrede D, E i F. Eurokod 8 također razlikuje i 2 tipa elastičnih spektara odziva čime se opisuje površinsko seizmičko gibanje promatrane točke tla. [3]



1.2. Proračuni konstrukcija na potres

Kroz povijest su se za projektiranje konstrukcija na potresna opterećenja koristile metode temeljene na silama, odnosno koristila se horizontalna potresna sila koja je ekvivalenta potresnom djelovanju, te u direktnoj vezi sa masom objekta. U današnje vrijeme, za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija i ostalih duktilnih konstrukcija na potres koriste se metode pod nazivom “performance based design” – to su metode koje se zasnivaju na pomacima, te su sastavni dio Eurokoda 8. Metoda pomaka se koristi prikazom spektra odziva i kapaciteta nosivosti (pushover krivulja) na istom grafu čime se omogućuje uspoređivanje stvarne i zahtjevane nosivosti konstrukcije, te stvarnog i zahtjevanog deformacijskog kapaciteta konstrukcije. Primjenjuje se za konstrukcije kojima je izraženo elasto-plastično ponašanje poput drvenih konstrukcija, a daje bolje rezultate od metode sila jer se na konstrukciju tijekom potresa prenose pomaci koji izazivaju unutarnje sile, a ne sile. Ovom metodom nije moguće procijeniti razinu oštećenja konstrukcije u slučaju potresa sa pretpostavljenim pomacima, stoga za to koristimo tzv. metodu temeljenu na stupnju oštećenja – “performance based engineering”. Metoda se temelji na stupnju oštećenja konstrukcije nakon potresa koji je izražen kao linearna kombinacija deformacija izazvanih potresom i energije disipirane tijekom potresa u konstrukciji. [6]

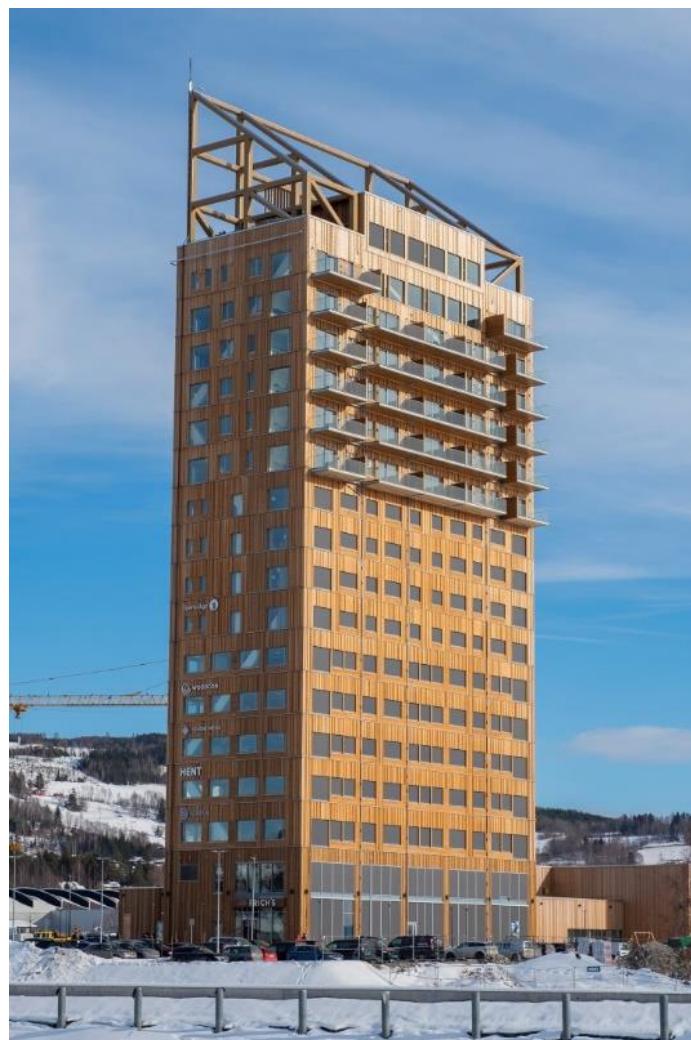
1.3. Ponašanje drvenih konstrukcija u potresu

Temelj seizmičke otpornosti konstrukcije na potres predstavlja nosivost konstrukcije u odnosu na horizontalne sile i deformabilnost, tj. duktilnost konstrukcije. Drvene konstrukcije su po svojoj prirodi izrazito duktilne, ne samo zbog same prirode elastičnosti materijala, već i zbog niza spojeva u njima. Duktilnost je sposobnost materijala da se deformira, tj. da razvije velike plastične deformacije bez da dođe do sloma. [7] [8]

Ostale fizikalno-mehaničke karakteristike vezane uz potresnu otpornost drva i materijala na bazi drva su mala zapreminska težina, što uvjetuje malu vlastitu težinu konačne konstrukcije koja je u izravnoj vezi sa potresom, elastičnost materijala, te relativno visoka čvrstoća. Sve su te osobitosti vezane uz samu anatomsку građu drva i njenu vlaknastu strukturu. [9] [10]

Gradnja visokih drvenih konstrukcija uglavnom se sastoji od 2 tipa elemenata: zidni elementi izvedeni od okvira punog drva te zidni elementi od križnog lameliranog drva

(CLT – cross laminated timber) kao novijeg načina izvedbe drvenih nosivih elemenata. Zidovi izvedeni kao okvirni sustavi od punog drva pokazuju svojstva visoke duktilnosti i mogućnosti dissipacije energije za monotona, kao i za ciklička opterećenja poput potresa, što omogućuje visoku seizmičku otpornost. S druge strane, masivni CLT elementi, tj. masivni elementi od križnog lameliranog drva ne pokazuju mogućnosti dissipacije energije, odnosno takvi elementi su izvedeni kako bi podnjeli samo elastična naprezanja (ne ulaze u plastično područje deformacija). Dissipaciju energije kod takvih sustava omogućava projektiranje spojeva elemenata te njihove sposobnosti popuštanja na određena opterećenja. Unatoč tome, mogućnosti dissipacije energije bit će veće kod klasičnih drvenih okvirnih sustava, ali ukupni pomak konstrukcije od CLT elemenata nakon potresa će biti manji. [11]



Slika 3 Mjøstårnet, Norveška (visina: 85.4 m)

Drvene konstrukcije pokazale su visoku otpornost na seizmička djelovanja i kroz praktičku upotrebu, ali i kroz pokuse provođene s ciljem razvijanja drvenih konstruktivnih sistema u odnosu na njihove potresne karakteristike. Jedan od takvih pokusa proveden od strane NHERI TallWood Project koja se bavi upravo razvojem visokih drvenih konstrukcija otpornih na seizmičku aktivnost. Test je proveden na drvenoj zgradi visine od 10 katova, sistema takvog da distribuira silu pomoću pomaka zgrade koja se nakon prestanka djelovanja opterećenja centrira. Zgrada je ispitana na potrebe magnituda 6.7 i 7.6 po Richterovoj ljestvici u samo jednom danu, a nakon ispitivanja nisu postojala vidljiva oštećenja primarnih nosivih elemenata, kao ni nenosivih elemenata. [13]



Slika 4 Detalj spoja sa senzorom za pomak



Slika 5 Potresno ispitivanje NHERI TallWood Project zgrade

1.4. Zaključak

Drvene konstrukcije i današnji moderni sustavi njihovog dizajniranja i projektiranja mogu ostvariti, a ponekad čak i premašiti potresnu otpornost materijala poput armiranog betona. Zbog sve veće primjene drva u graditeljstvu kao posljedice ekološkog osvještavanja, provode se i ispituju i ostale karakteristike drva, razvijaju se novi sistemi i novi materijali, te razmatraju kompozitni sustavi koji dodatno poboljšavaju svojstva drvenih materijala.

2. Projektni dio: Pregled i provjera drvenog krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu

2.1. Uvod

Temeljni dio ovog završnog rada sastojao se od pregleda krovišta Stare gradske vijećnice u Zagrebu, te provođenje nekoliko nerazornih ispitivanja u svrhu utvrđivanja stanja u kojem se krovište nalazi. Provođena su ispitivanja vlagomjerima, čime je utvrđeno da je drvo klase uporabljivosti 1, te ispitivanja rezistografom. Krovište je podijeljeno u 5 zona, a nakon pregleda je slijedila izrada statičkog modela krovišta po zonama u programu Dlublal RFEM 6 te provjera po graničnim stanjima nosivosti i uporabljivosti prema Eurokodu 5 za proračun drvenih konstrukcija, uz primjenu hrvatskih normi za dimenzioniranje drvenih konstrukcija. Cilj provjera bio je provjeriti zadovoljava li trenutno stanje krovišta projektne uvjete te, ukoliko ne zadovoljava, predložiti rješenje sanacije. U nastavku su dani grafički prilozi krovišta i rezultata mjerenja, te završni statički izvještaj izrađen u programu Dlublal RFEM 6. Iz rezultata je vidljivo kako model zadovoljava kriterije graničnih stanja nosivosti i uporabljivosti s obzirom na postavljene uvjete.

2.2. Grafički prilozi

2.2.1. Krovište – zona 3



2.2.2. Mjerenja vlagomjerom – zona 3

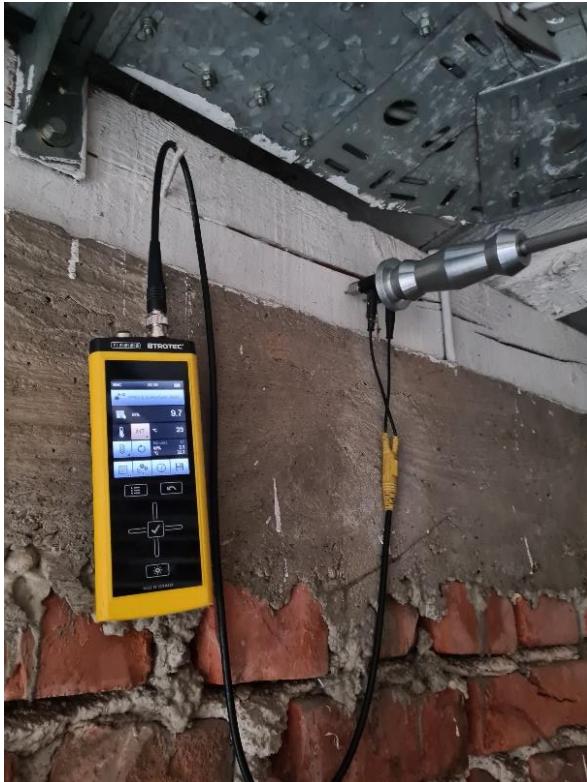
1. mjerenje: 11.9% vlage



2. mjerenje: 11.7% vlage



3. mjerenje: 9.7% vlage



2.2.3. Detalji – zona 3



Structural Analysis

Chapters

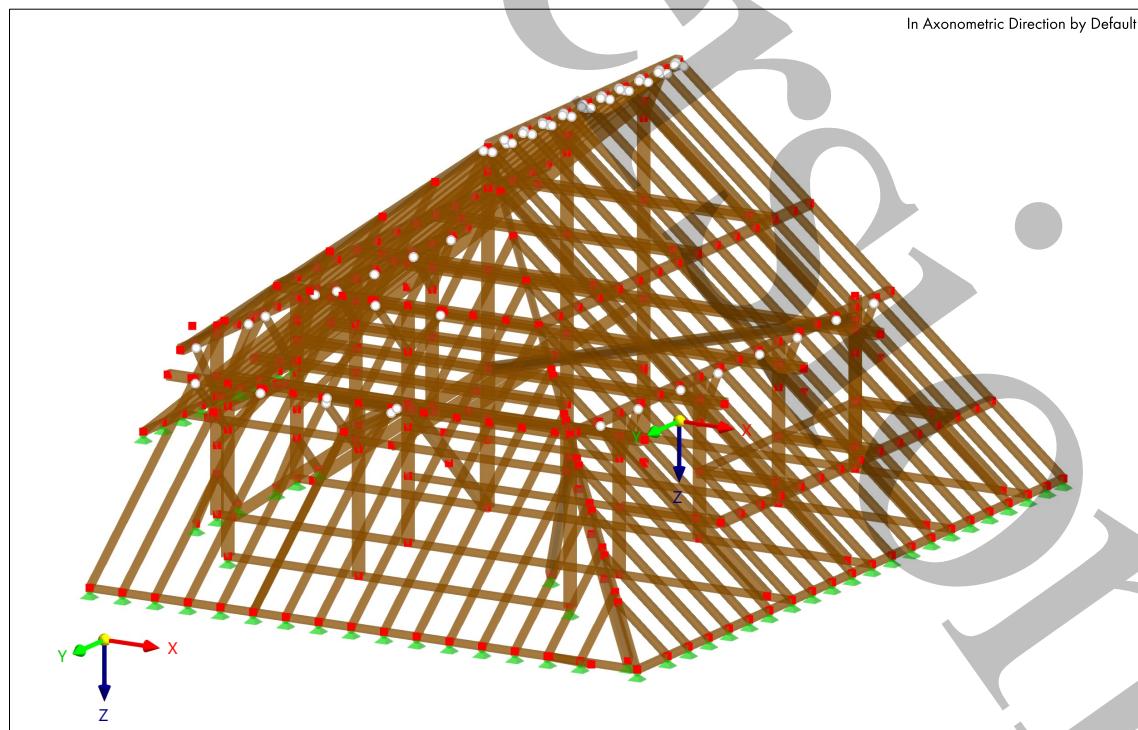
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CLIENT

CREATED BY

PROJECT

MODEL



MODEL

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MODEL

A MODEL - LOCATION



Country	:	Croatia
Street	:	Ulica svetog Ćirila i Metoda
Zip / Postal code	:	10000
City	:	Zagreb
State	:	
Latitude	:	45.816 deg
Longitude	:	15.973 deg
Altitude	:	165.000 m

1 Basic Objects

Legend
% Stiffness modification

MATERIALS

Material No.	Material Name	Material Type	Analysis Model	Options
1	C18 Isotropic Linear Elastic	Timber	Isotropic Linear Elastic	%

SECTIONS

R_M1
300/200



R_M1
200/320



R_M1
180/240



R_M1
140/170



2R_M2
220/120/150/
1



R_M1
150/150



R_M1
220/270



R_M1
50/30



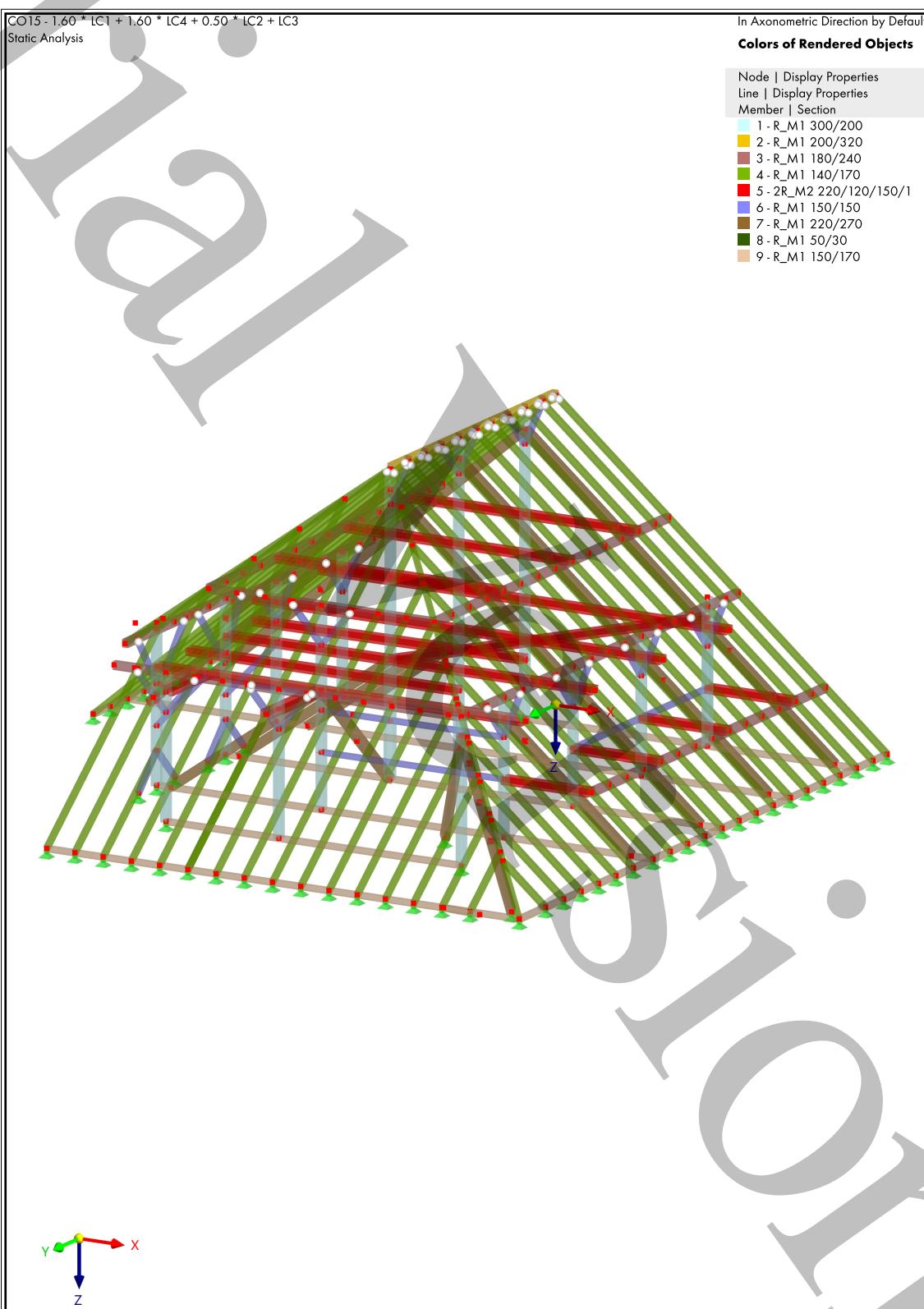
R_M1
150/170



Section No.	Material No.	Section Type	Manufacturing Type	$I_x [cm^4]$ $A [cm^2]$	$I_y [cm^4]$ $A_y [cm^2]$	$I_z [cm^4]$ $A_z [cm^2]$	Overall Dimensions b [mm]	h [mm]
1	1	R_M1 300/200 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	46953.09	20000.00	45000.00	300.0	200.0
				600.00	500.00	500.00		
2	1	R_M1 200/320 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	52160.58	54613.33	21333.33	200.0	320.0
				640.00	533.33	533.33		
3	1	R_M1 180/240 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	25192.30	20736.00	11664.00	180.0	240.0
				432.00	360.00	360.00		
4	1	R_M1 140/170 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	7791.19	5731.83	3887.33	140.0	170.0
				238.00	198.33	198.33		
5	1	2R_M2 220/120/150/1 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive II	16762.25	21296.05	102465.08	390.0	220.0
				528.00	0.00	441.43		
6	1	R_M1 150/150 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	7129.69	4218.75	4218.75	150.0	150.0
				225.00	187.50	187.50		
7	1	R_M1 220/270 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	48445.27	36085.50	23958.00	220.0	270.0
				594.00	495.00	495.00		
8	1	R_M1 50/30 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	28.17	11.25	31.25	50.0	30.0
				15.00	12.50	12.50		
9	1	R_M1 150/170 1 - C18	Parametric - Massive I	9030.75	6141.25	4781.25	150.0	170.0
				255.00	212.50	212.50		

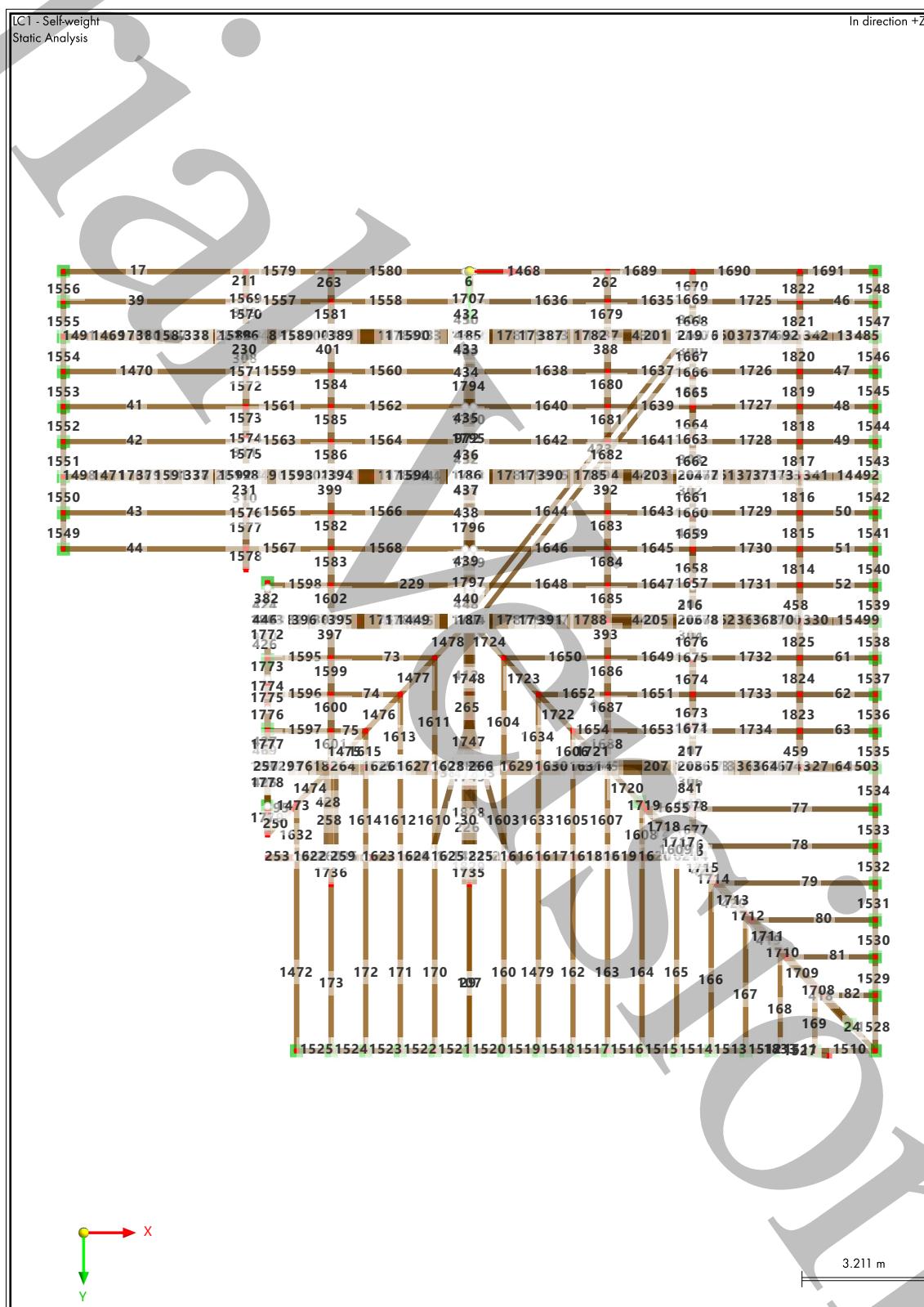
MODEL

1.3

CROSS SECTIONS**Static Analysis**

MODEL

1.4

MEMBERS - NUMBERING**Static Analysis**

MODEL

2 Types for Nodes

2.1

NODAL SUPPORTS

Support No.	Nodes No.	Coordinate System	Translation Spring [kN/m]			Rotation Spring [kNm/rad]		
			C _{u,x}	C _{u,y}	C _{u,z}	C _{φ,x}	C _{φ,y}	C _{φ,z}
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12-14,17-22,32-42 ,55-57-61,79-84,2 19-233,350,352,5 16,545,566,572-5 75,1487	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Global XYZ	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

3 Types for Members

3.1

MEMBER HINGES

Hinge No.	Coordinate System	Translation Spring [kN/m]			Rotation Spring [kNm/rad]		
		C _{u,x}	C _{u,y}	C _{u,z}	C _{φ,x}	C _{φ,y}	C _{φ,z}
1	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local xyz Local xyz	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

4 Types for Timber Design

4.1

SERVICE CLASSES

Class No.	Assigned to Members	Assigned to Member Sets	Assigned to Surfaces	Assigned to Surface Sets	Service Class Type	Comment
1	Service Class 1 (Members : 6,13-15,17,24,29,30,39,41-44,46-52,61-64,73-82,95,107,160,162-173,185-188,196,198,201-208,211,216-219,225,226,229-231,250,253,257-260,262-266,276-278,280,282,283,285-287,289-311,314,327,328,330,335-342,347-349,351-353,355-357,359-375,377-380,382-397,399,401-403,406,407,409,412,413,418-421,423-426,428,430-459,464,468-471,473,474,476-478,840,841,972,1449,1468-1525,1527-1834)				1 - Dry	

5 Load Cases & Combinations

LOADS

5.1 LOAD CASES

LC No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
1	G Self-weight Analysis type: Static Analysis Static analysis settings: SA1 - Geometrically linear Action category: Permanent Self-weight - Factor in direction X: 0.000 Self-weight - Factor in direction Y: 0.000 Self-weight - Factor in direction Z: 1.000 Load duration: Permanent	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear G Permanent 0.000 0.000 1.000 Permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Qs Snow Analysis type: Static Analysis Static analysis settings: SA1 - Geometrically linear Action category: Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m Load duration: Short-term	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear Qs Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m Short-term		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	Qw Wind Analysis type: Static Analysis Static analysis settings: SA1 - Geometrically linear Action category: Wind Load duration: Short-term	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear Qw Wind Short-term		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	G dodatno stalno opterećenje Analysis type: Static Analysis Static analysis settings: SA1 - Geometrically linear Action category: Permanent Self-weight - Factor in direction X: 0.000 Self-weight - Factor in direction Y: 0.000 Self-weight - Factor in direction Z: 1.000 Load duration: Permanent	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear G Permanent 0.000 0.000 1.000 Permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

5.2 ACTIONS

Action No.	Settings	Value	Active
4	G Permanent Action Category: Permanent Action Type: Simultaneously	G Permanent Simultaneously	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	Qs Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m Action Category: Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m Action Type: Alternatively	Qs Snow/Ice loads - H <= 1000 m Alternatively	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	Qw Wind Action Category: Wind Action Type: Alternatively	Qw Wind Alternatively	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

5.3 DESIGN SITUATIONS

DS No.	Settings	Value	Active
1	ULS ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 Design situation type: ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 Combination wizard: 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	ULS ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 ULS ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	S Ch SLS - Characteristic Design situation type: SLS - Characteristic Combination wizard: 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	S Ch SLS - Characteristic S Ch SLS - Characteristic 2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	S Qp SLS - Quasi-permanent Design situation type: SLS - Quasi-permanent Combination wizard: 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Consider inclusive/exclusive load cases	S Qp SLS - Quasi-permanent S Qp SLS - Quasi-permanent 2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

MODEL

5.3

DESIGN SITUATIONS

DS No.	Settings	Value	Active
cases			

5.4

ACTION COMBINATIONS

AC No.	Settings	Value	Active
1	ULS 1.35 * A4 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 1 Design Situation No. 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A5 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 2 Design Situation No. 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A5 + 0.90 * A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 3 Design Situation No. 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 1.50 * A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 4 Design Situation No. 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	ULS 1.35 * A4 + 0.75 * A5 + 1.50 * A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10 5 Design Situation No. 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	S Ch A4 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic 6 Design Situation No. 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	S Ch A4 + A5 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic 7 Design Situation No. 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
8	S Ch A4 + A5 + 0.60 * A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic 8 Design Situation No. 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	S Ch A4 + A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic 9 Design Situation No. 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	S Ch A4 + 0.50 * A5 + A6 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic 10 Design Situation No. 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
11	S Qp 1.60 * A4 Design Situation Generated load combinations Generated by	S Qp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent 11 Design Situation No. 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
12	S Qp 1.60 * A4 + A5		

MODEL

5.4

ACTION COMBINATIONS

AC No.	Settings	Value	Active
	Design Situation	S Qp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	12	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	
13	S Qp 1.60 * A4 + A5 + 0.60 * A6		
	Design Situation	S Qp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	13	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	
14	S Qp 1.60 * A4 + A6		
	Design Situation	S Qp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	14	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	
15	S Qp 1.60 * A4 + 0.50 * A5 + A6		
	Design Situation	S Qp DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Generated load combinations	15	
	Generated by	Design Situation No. 3	

5.5

LOAD COMBINATIONS

CO No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
1	ULS 1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Permanent		
2	ULS 1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC2			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
3	ULS 1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC2 + 0.90 * LC3			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
4	ULS 1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 1.50 * LC3			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
5	ULS 1.35 * LC1 + 1.35 * LC4 + 0.75 * LC2 + 1.50 * LC3			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	ULS DS1 - ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		
	Load duration	Short-term		
6	S Ch LC1 + LC4			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
7	S Ch LC1 + LC4 + LC2			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		
8	S Ch LC1 + LC4 + LC2 + 0.60 * LC3			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Analysis type	Static Analysis		
	Static analysis settings	SA1 - Geometrically linear		
	Design Situation	S Ch DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		

MODEL

5.5

LOAD COMBINATIONS

CO No.	Settings	Value	Unit	To Solve
9	S_{Ch} LC1 + LC4 + LC3 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Ch} DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	S_{Ch} LC1 + LC4 + 0.50 * LC2 + LC3 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Ch} DS2 - SLS - Characteristic		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
11	S_{Qp} 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Qp} DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
12	S_{Qp} 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC2 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Qp} DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
13	S_{Qp} 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC2 + 0.60 * LC3 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Qp} DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
14	S_{Qp} 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + LC3 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Qp} DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
15	S_{Qp} 1.60 * LC1 + 1.60 * LC4 + 0.50 * LC2 + LC3 Analysis type Static analysis settings Design Situation	Static Analysis SA1 - Geometrically linear S_{Qp} DS3 - SLS - Quasi-permanent		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

5.6

STATIC ANALYSIS SETTINGS

Settings No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Geometrically linear Analysis type Modify standard precision and tolerance settings Modify loading by multiplier factor Displacements due to member load of type 'Pipe internal pressure' (Bourdon effect) Method for equation system Plate bending theory Activate mass conversion to load Asymmetric direct solver Equilibrium for undeformed structure		<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Geometrically linear

5.7

COMBINATION WIZARDS

Wizard No.	Settings	Value
1	Load combinations ?? Assigned to Generate combinations Static analysis settings Consider imperfection case Consider initial state Structure modification enabled Generate same load combinations without imperfection case Consider construction stages	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

MODEL

5.7

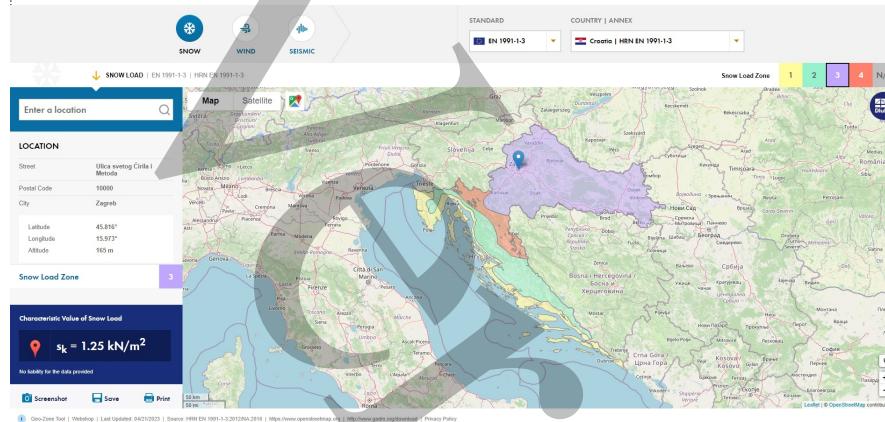
COMBINATION WIZARDS

Wizard No.	Settings	Value
	User-defined action combinations Favorable permanent actions Reduce number of generated combinations	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Load combinations SA1 - Geometrically linear Assigned to Generate combinations Static analysis settings Consider imperfection case Consider initial state Structure modification enabled Consider construction stages User-defined action combinations Favorable permanent actions Reduce number of generated combinations	DS 1-3 Load combinations (non-linear analysis) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SA1 - Geometrically linear

6 Loads

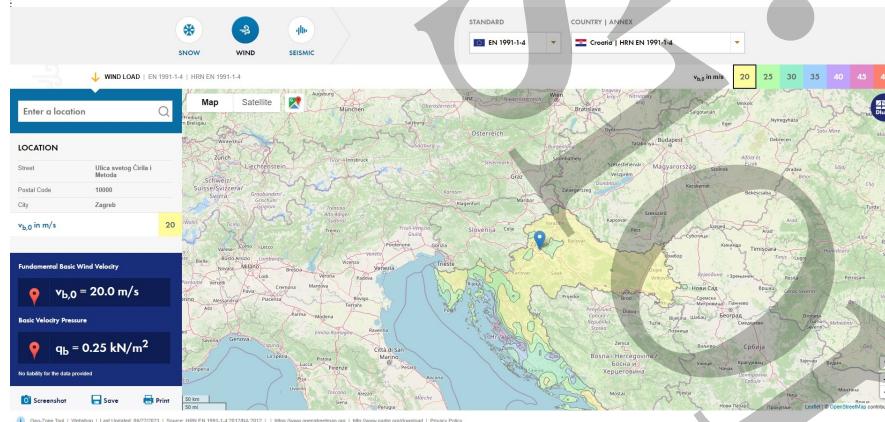
6.1

SNOW DLUBLAL.JPG



6.2

WIND DLUBLAL.JPG



MODEL

6.3

LOADING**ANALIZA OPTEREĆENJA – Gradska vijećnica**

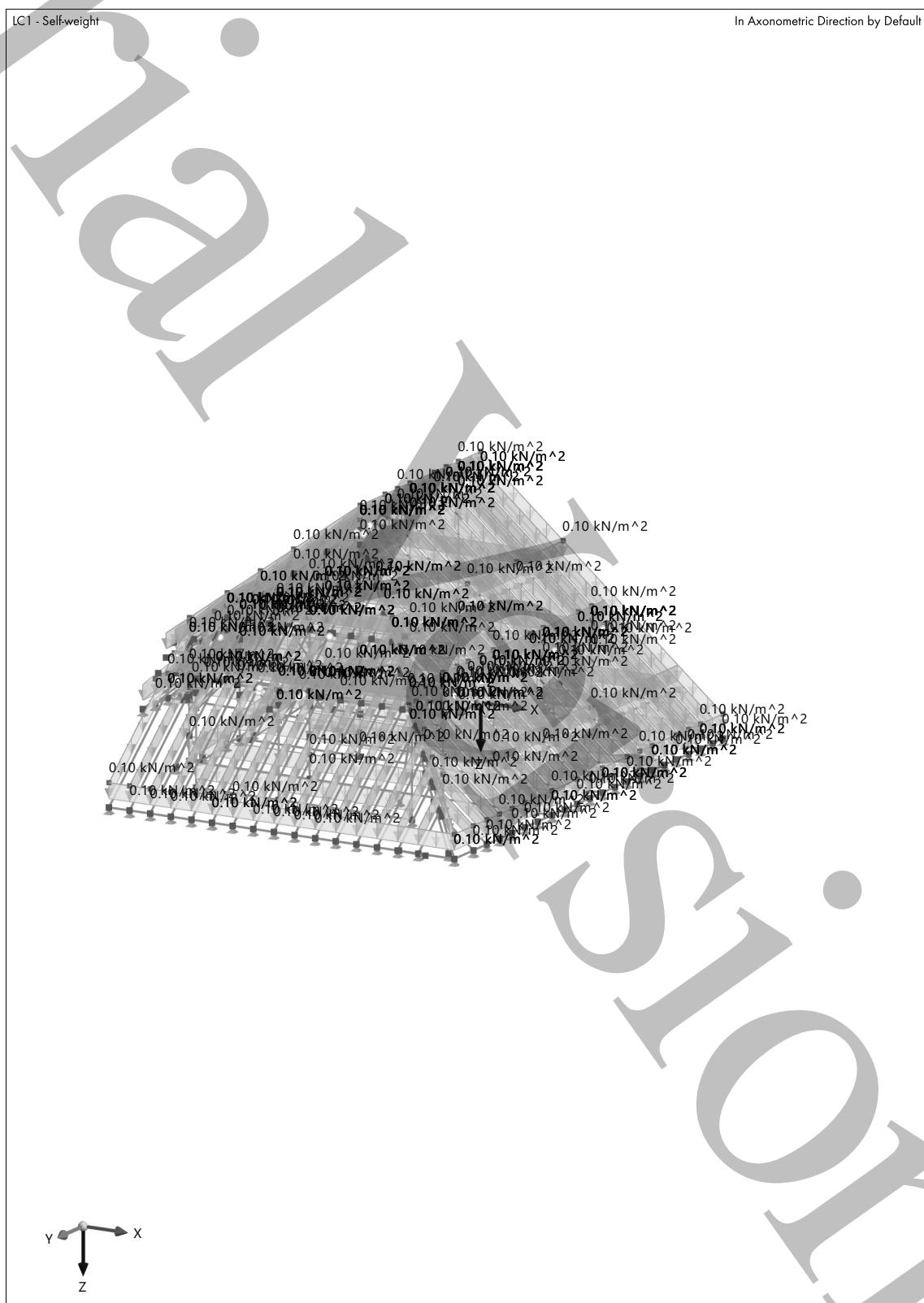
Počinjajući sa		Zona 3		
		Krov		
Stalno opterećenje (q)	Sloj	Zapremninska težina [kg/m ³]	Debljina sloja [cm]	Iznos površinskog opterećenja [kN/m ²]
1 Biber crijev				0.5
2 Dodatno stalno				0.1
Ukupno:				0.6
Promjenjivo opterećenje (q)	s Snijeg		1	[kN/m ²]
	w Vjetar		Software	

Snijeg (s)	Područje: 3 kontinentalna Hrvatska	
	Nadmorska visina: 122 [m.n.m.]	
	$\alpha = 32^\circ$	
	$s_k = 1.25 [\text{kn}/\text{m}^2]$	karakteristična vrijednost opterećenja snijegom na tlu
	$\mu_{l(a)} = 0.8$	koeficijent obliku opterećenja snijegom
	$C_e = 1$	koeficijent izloženosti
	$C_t = 1$	toplinski koeficijent
	$s_d = \mu_{l(a)} * C_e * C_t * s_k$	
	$s_d = 1 [\text{kn}/\text{m}^2]$	

Vjetar (w)	$c_{dir} = 1$	koeficijent smjera vjetra
	$c_{season} = 1$	koeficijent godišnjeg doba
	$v_{b,0} = 20 [\text{m}/\text{s}]$	fundamentalna vrijednost osnovne brzine vjetra
	$v_b = c_{dir} \cdot c_{season} \cdot v_{b,0}$	osnovna brzina vjetra
	$v_b = 20 [\text{m}/\text{s}]$	
	$\rho = 1.25 [\text{kg}/\text{m}^3]$	gustoća zraka
	*kategorija terena: III	koeficijent izloženosti
	$c_e(z) = 1.9$	
	$q_b = \frac{1}{2} * \rho * v_b^2 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	osnovni pritisak vjetra
	$q_b = 0.25 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	
	$c_{pe}(H) = -0.96 [\text{m}^2]$	koeficijent vanjskog pritiska
	$c_{pe}(I) = -0.76 [\text{m}^2]$	koeficijent vanjskog pritiska
	$c_{pi} = 0.2 [\text{m}^2]$	koeficijent unutarnjeg pritiska
	$w_e(H) = q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot c_{pe} = -0.55 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	opterećenje vjetrom uključujući i unutarnji pritisak
	$w_e(H) = q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot c_{pe} = -0.46 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	opterećenje vjetrom bez unutarnjeg pritiska
	$w_e(I) = q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot c_{pe} = -0.46 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	opterećenje vjetrom uključujući i unutarnji pritisak
	$w_e(I) = q_b \cdot c_e(z) \cdot c_{pe} = -0.36 [\text{kN}/\text{m}^2]$	opterećenje vjetrom bez unutarnjeg pritiska

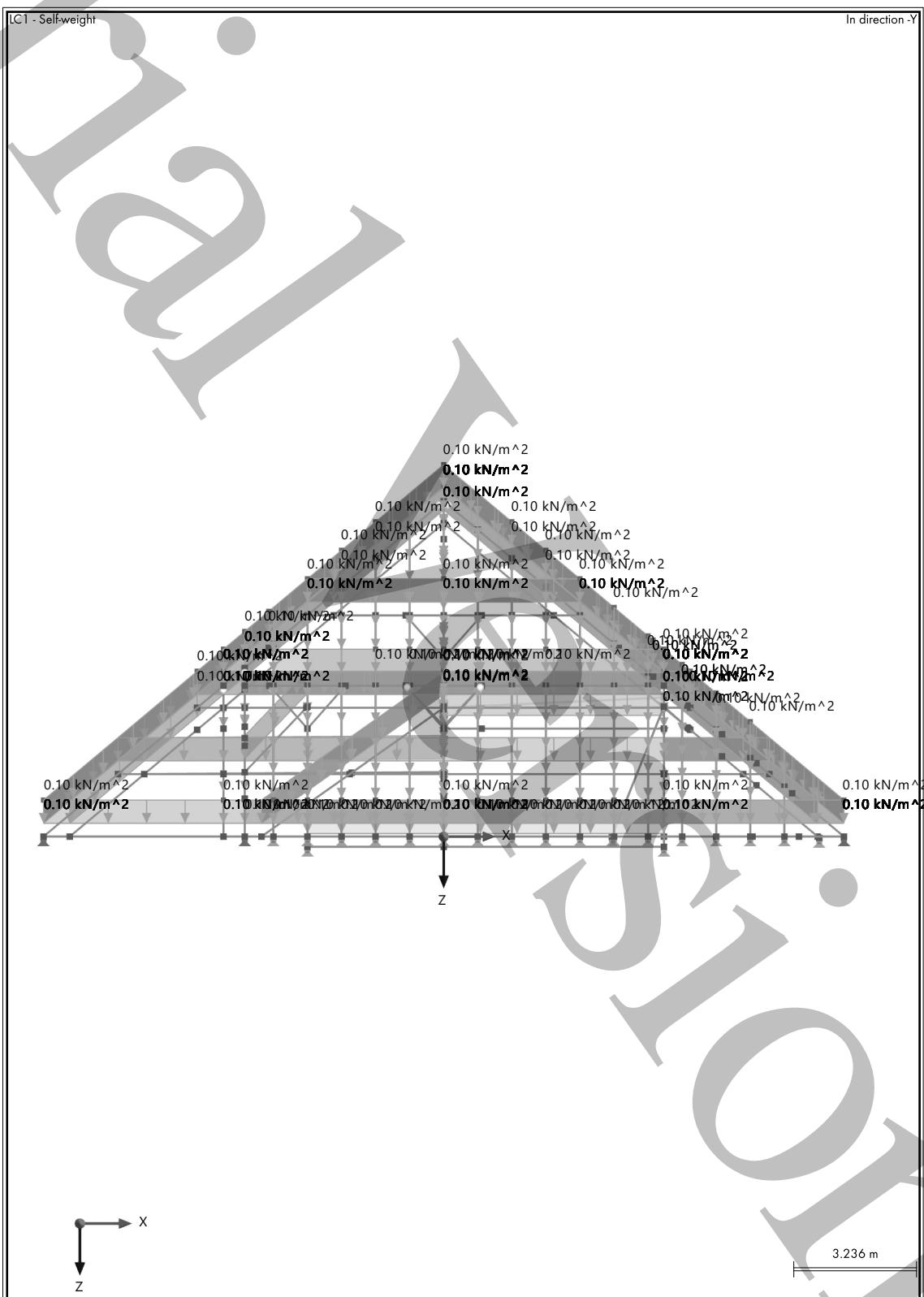
MODEL

6.4.1 LC1: LOADING, IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT



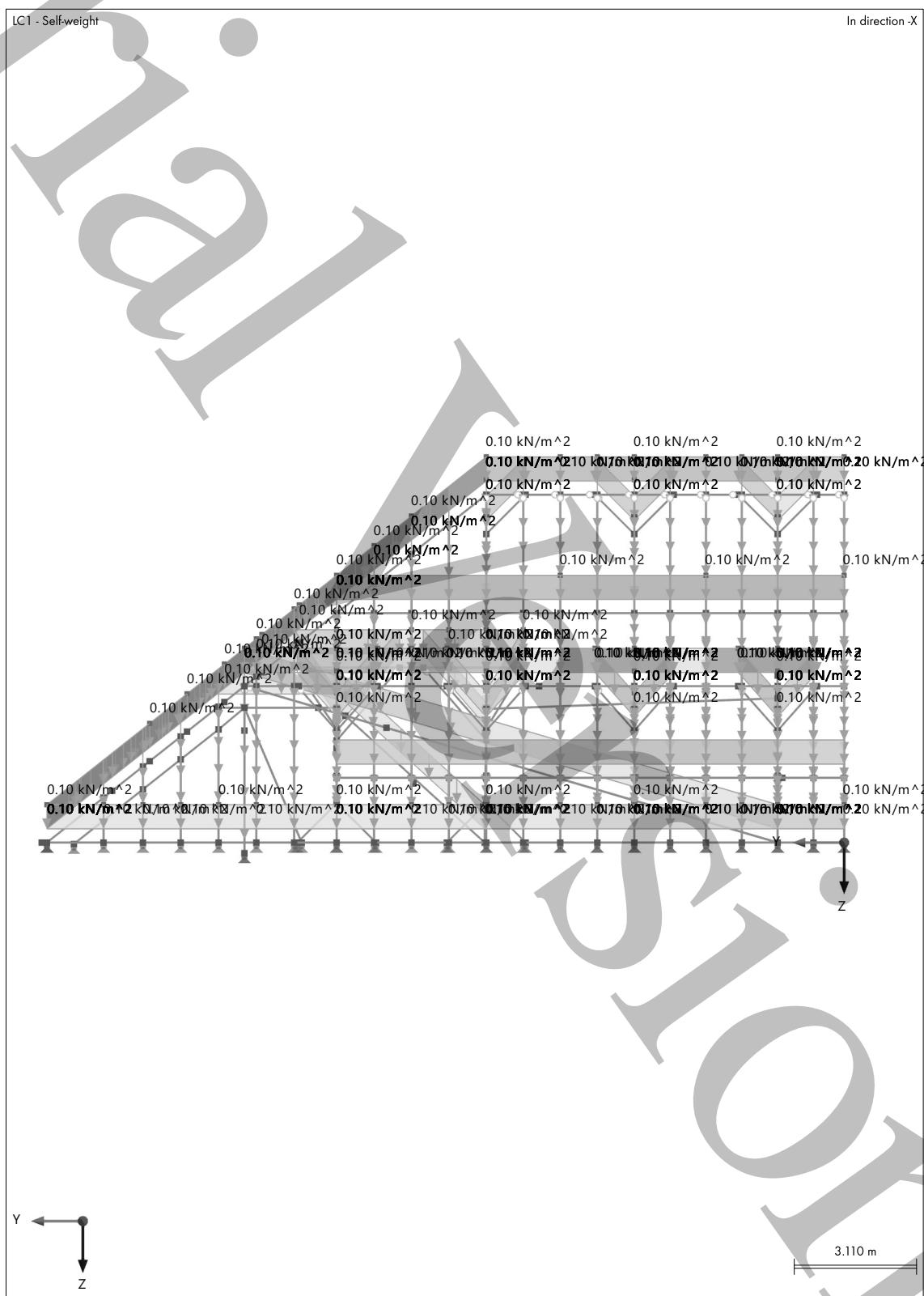
MODEL

6.4.2 LC1: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -Y



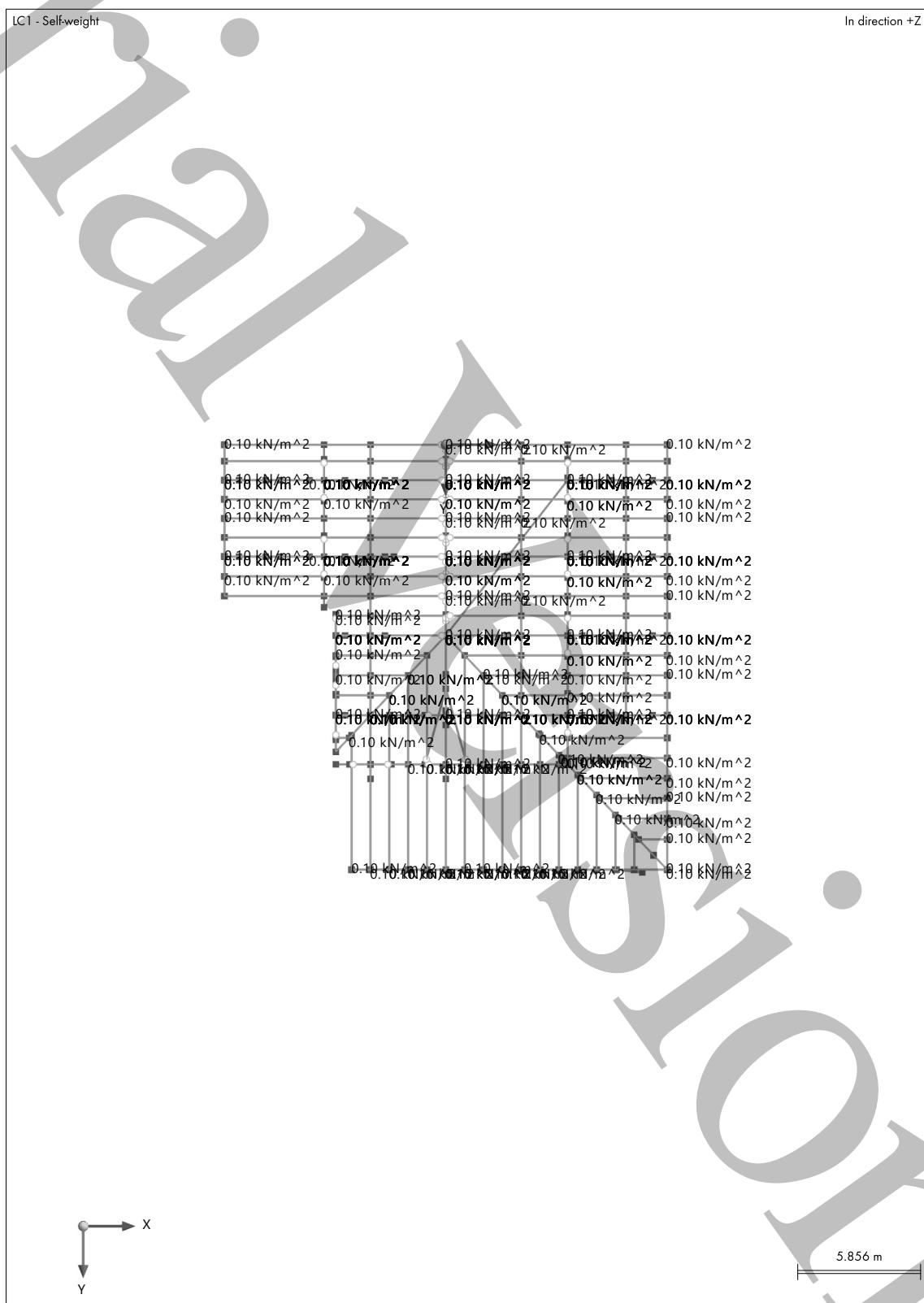
MODEL

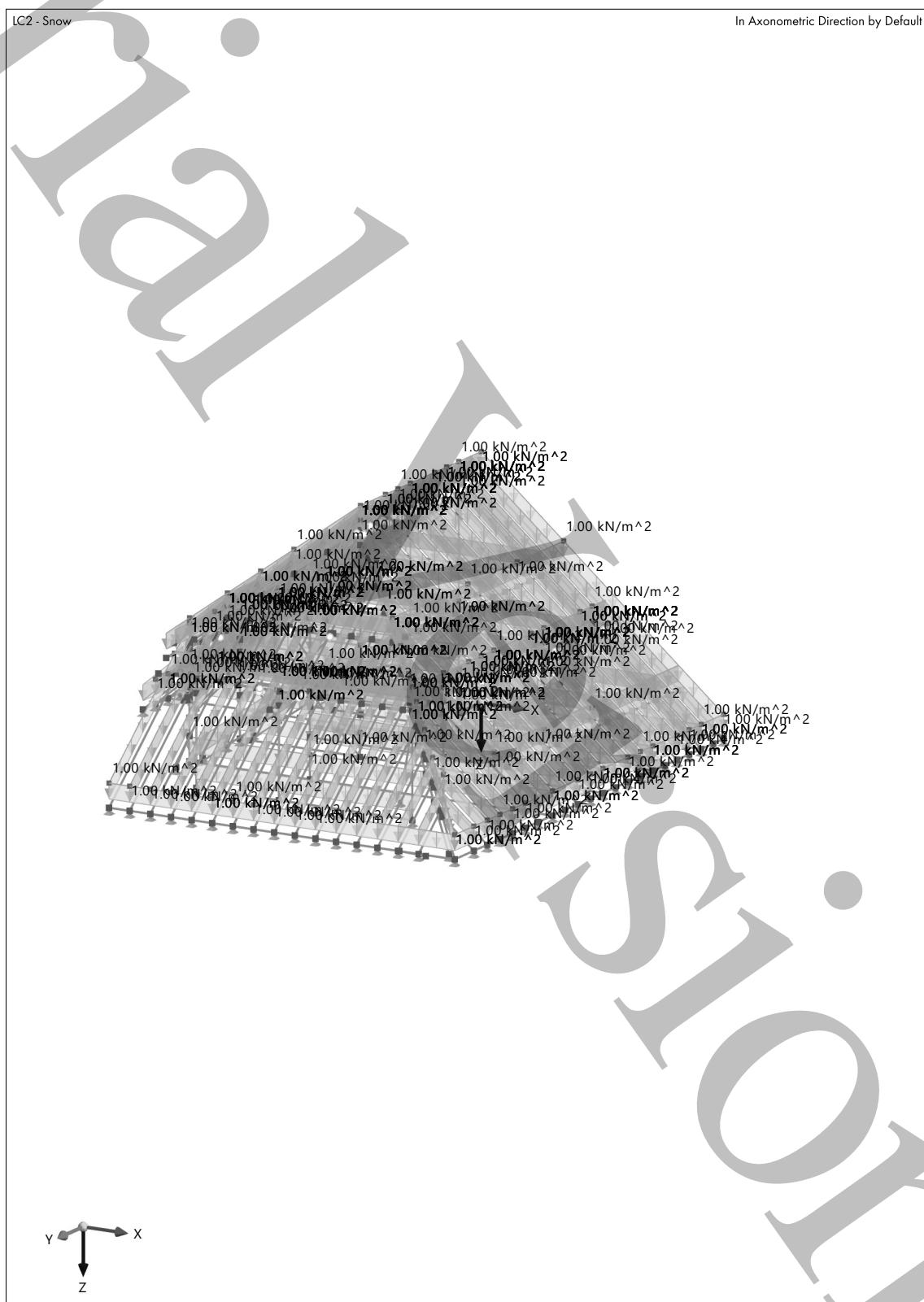
6.4.3 LC1: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -X



MODEL

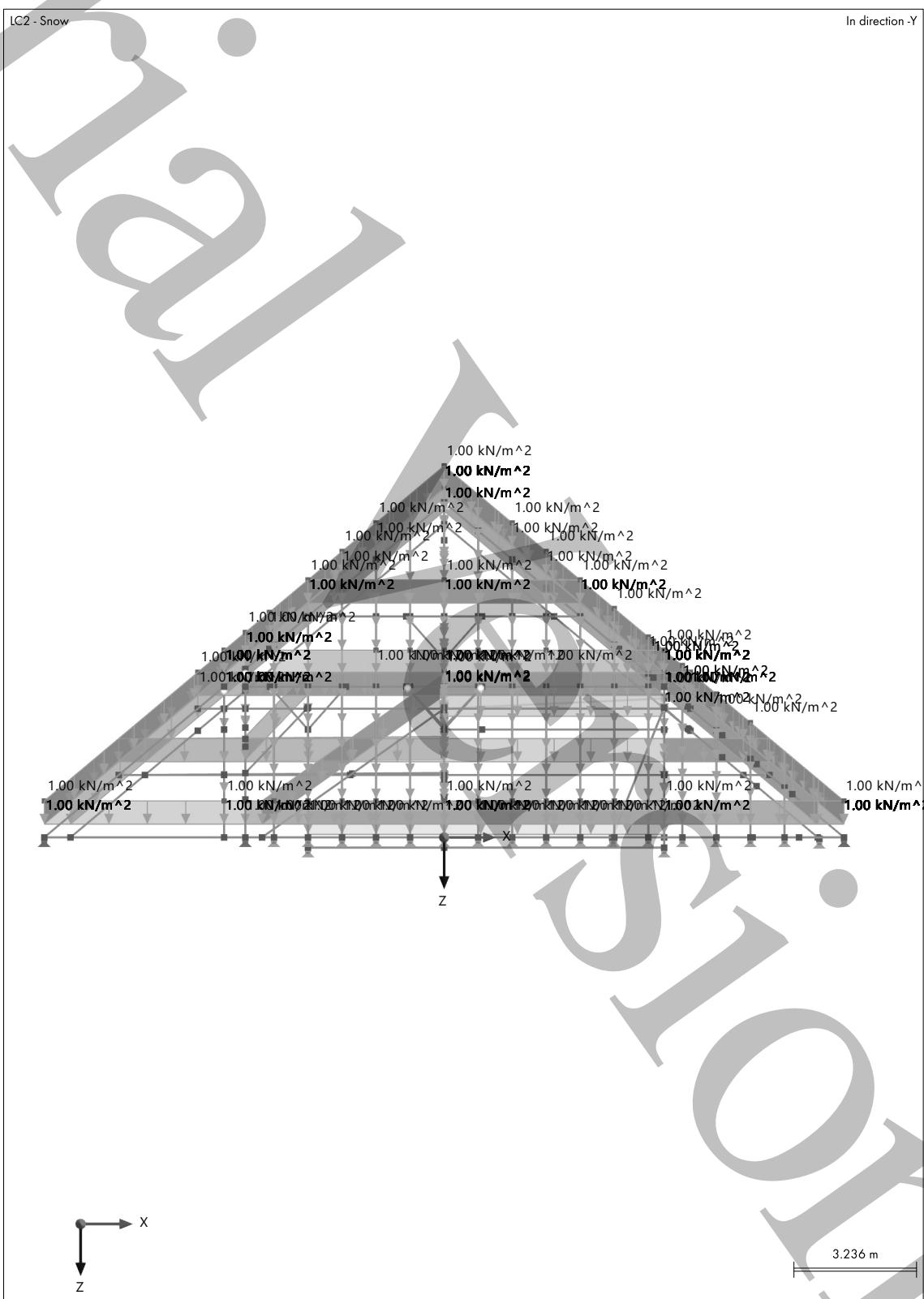
6.4.4 LC1: LOADING, IN DIRECTION +Z

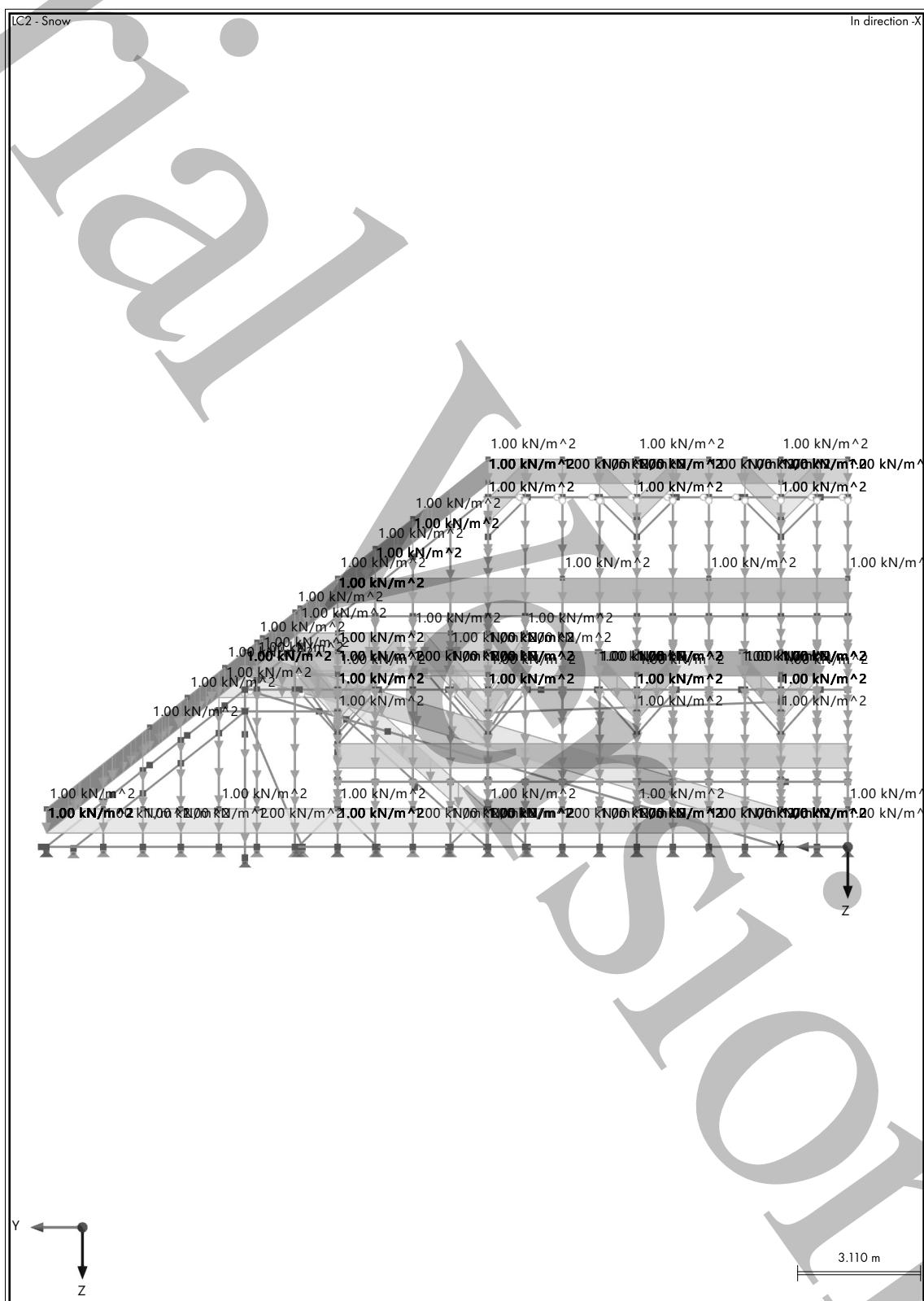


MODEL**6.5.1 LC2: LOADING, IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT**

MODEL

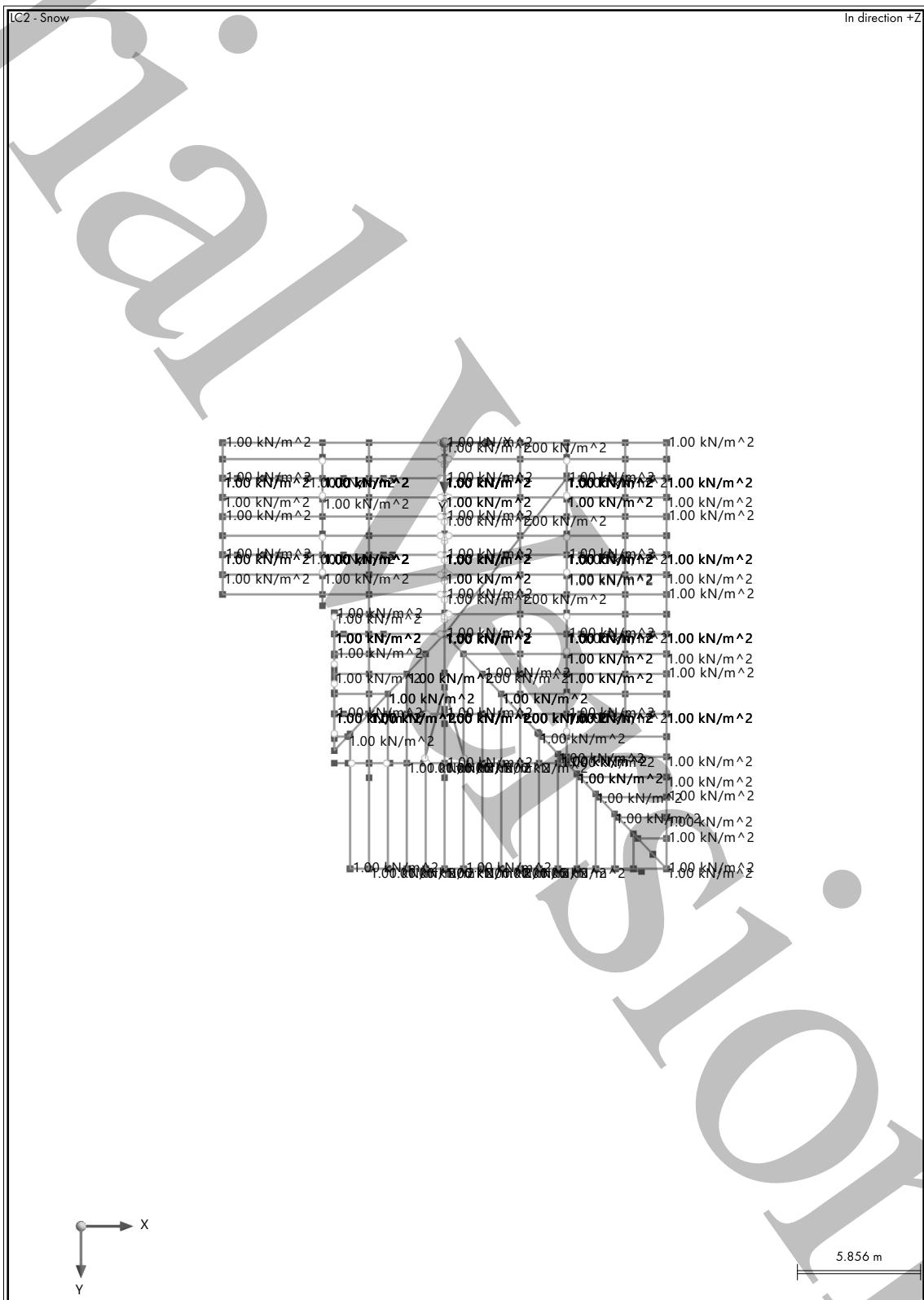
6.5.2 LC2: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -Y



MODEL**6.5.3 LC2: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -X**

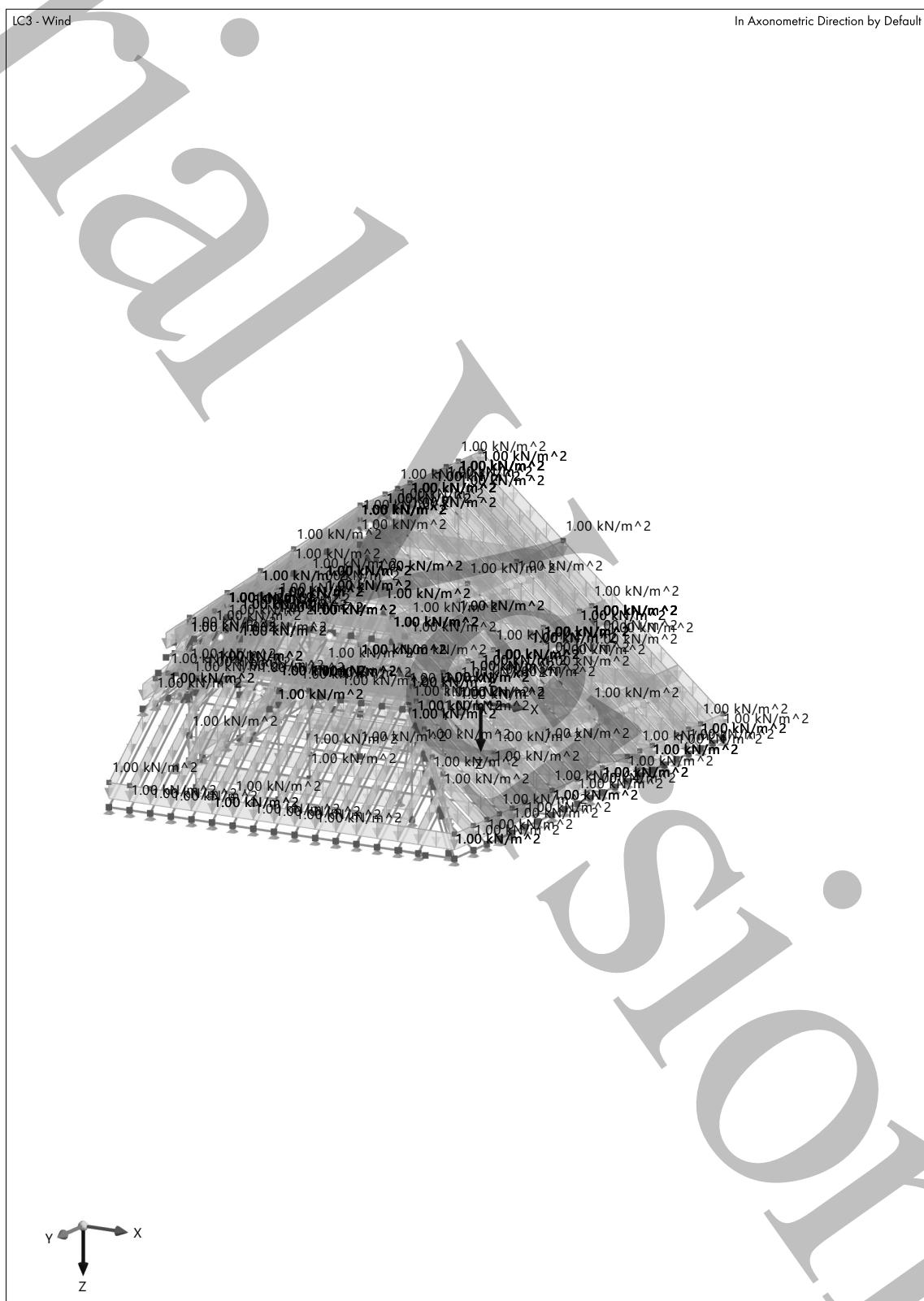
MODEL

6.5.4 LC2: LOADING, IN DIRECTION +Z

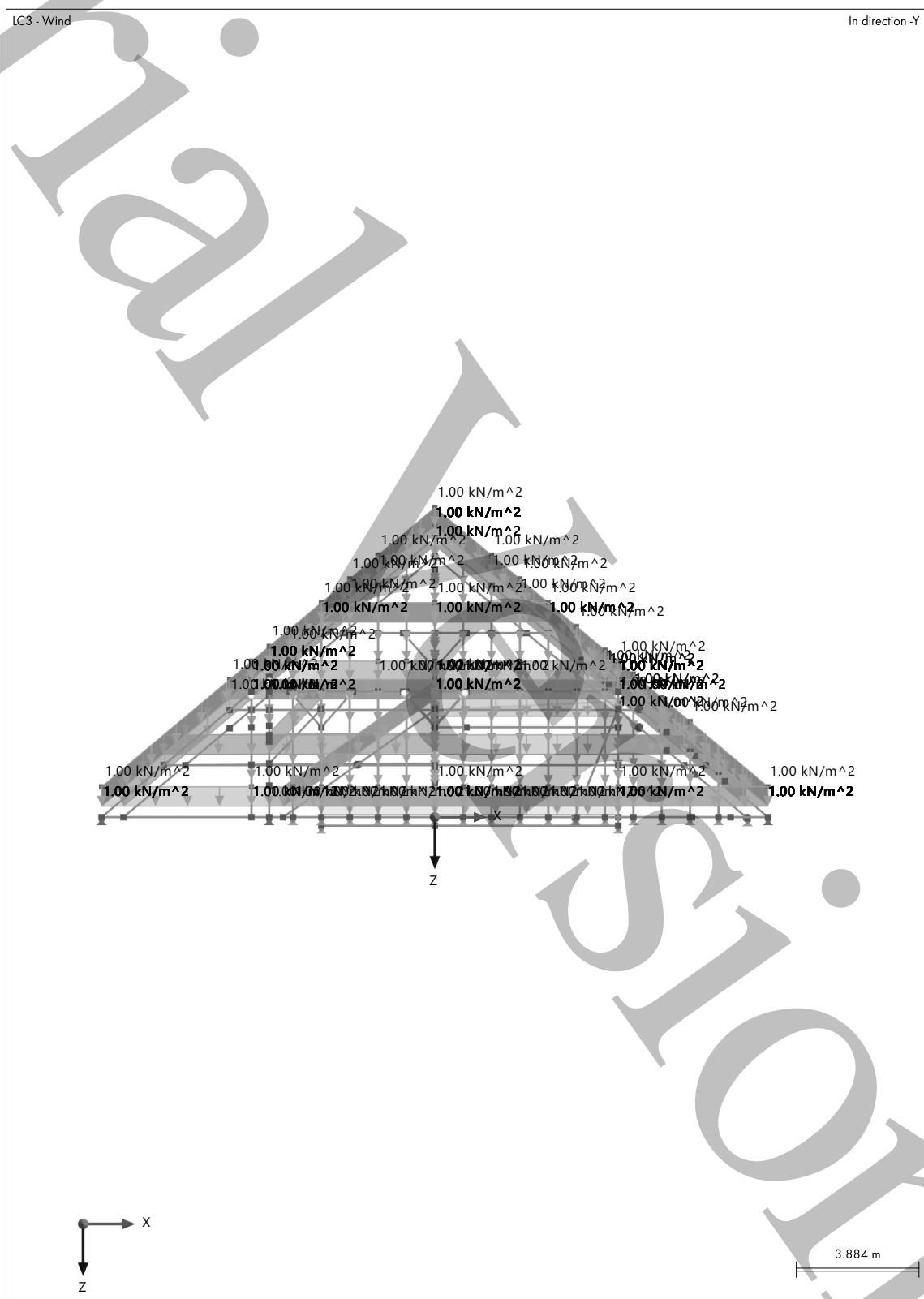


MODEL

6.6.1 LC3: LOADING, IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

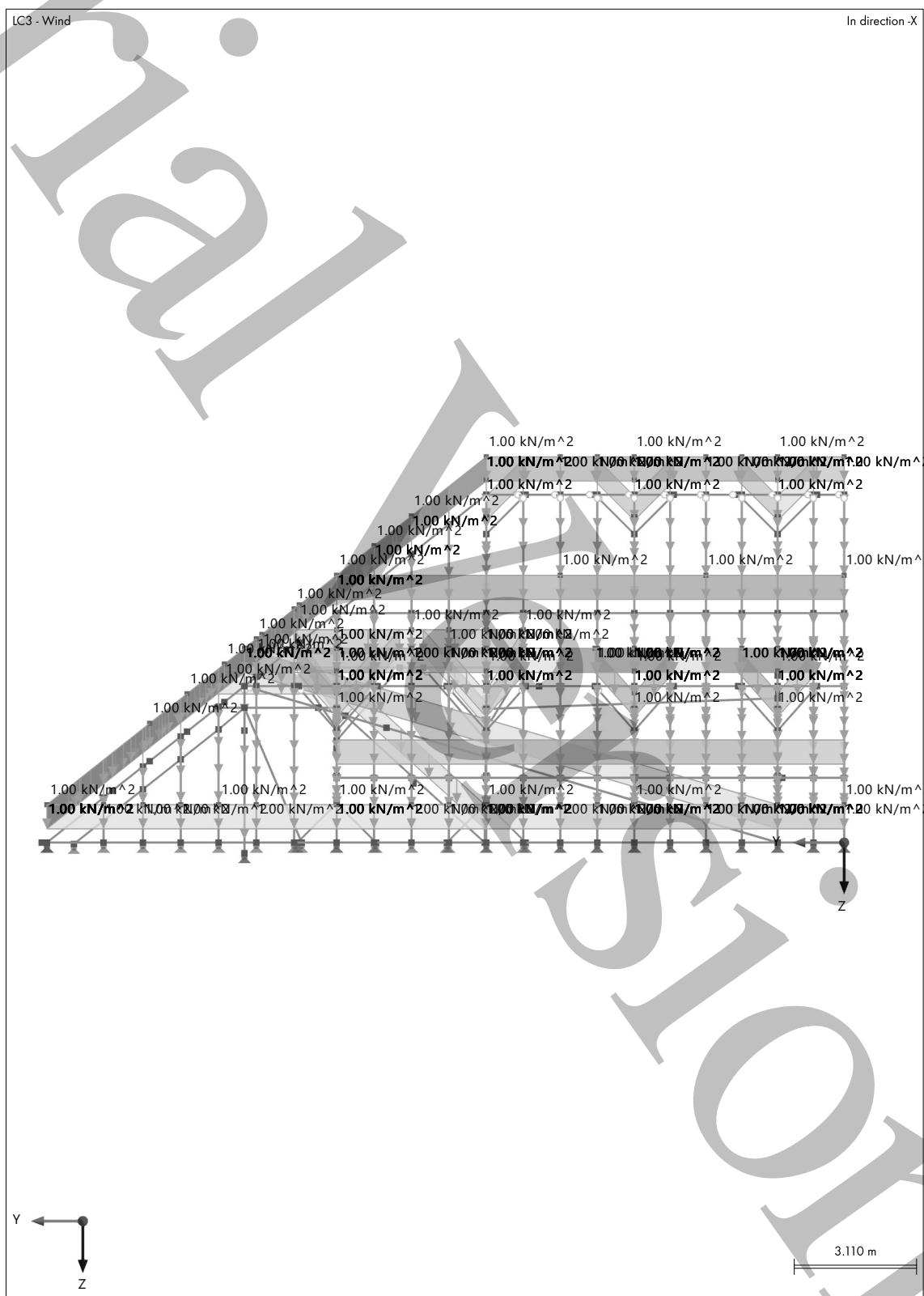


6.6.2 LC3: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -Y



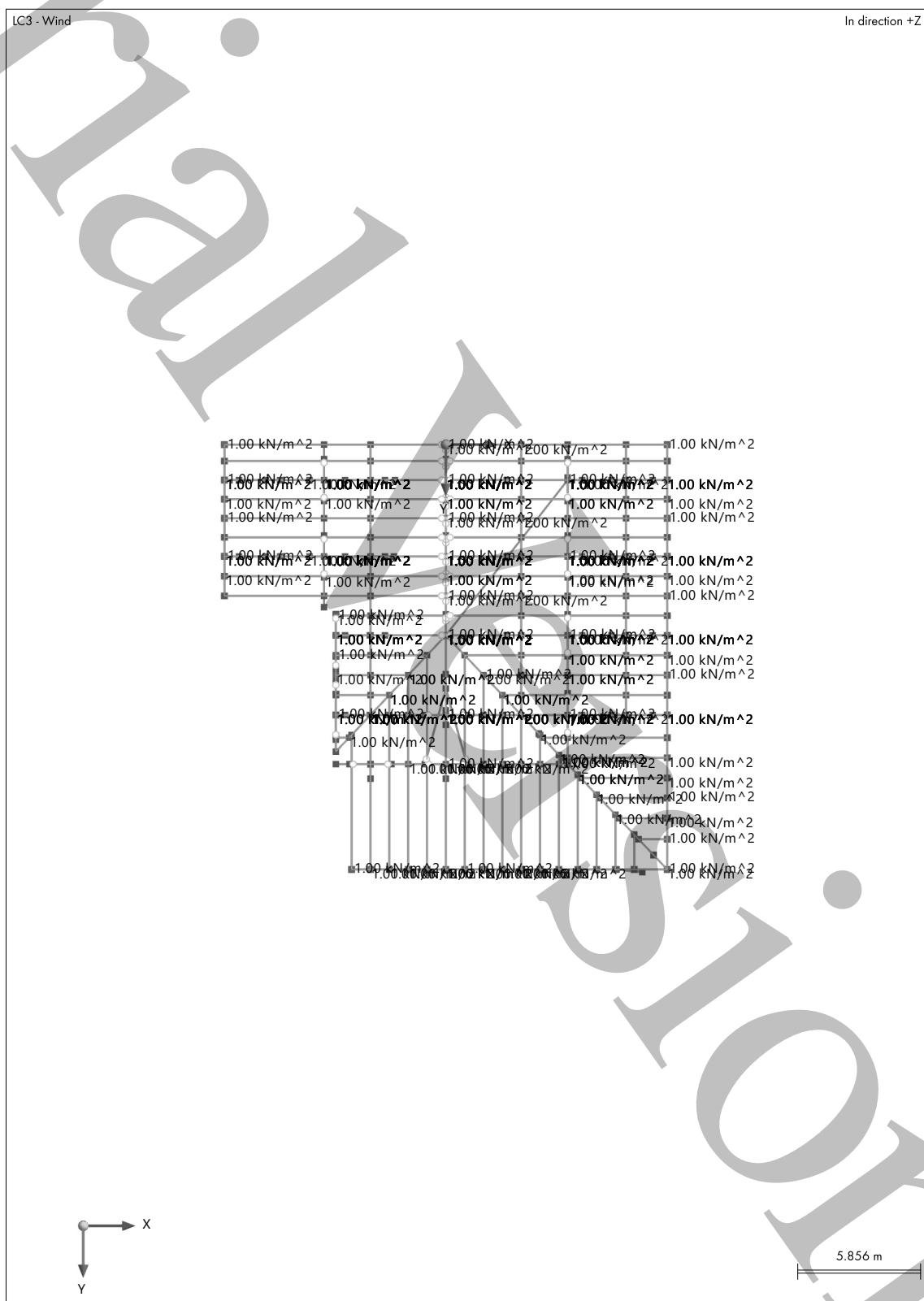
MODEL

6.6.3 LC3: LOADING, IN DIRECTION -X



MODEL

6.6.4 LC3: LOADING, IN DIRECTION +Z



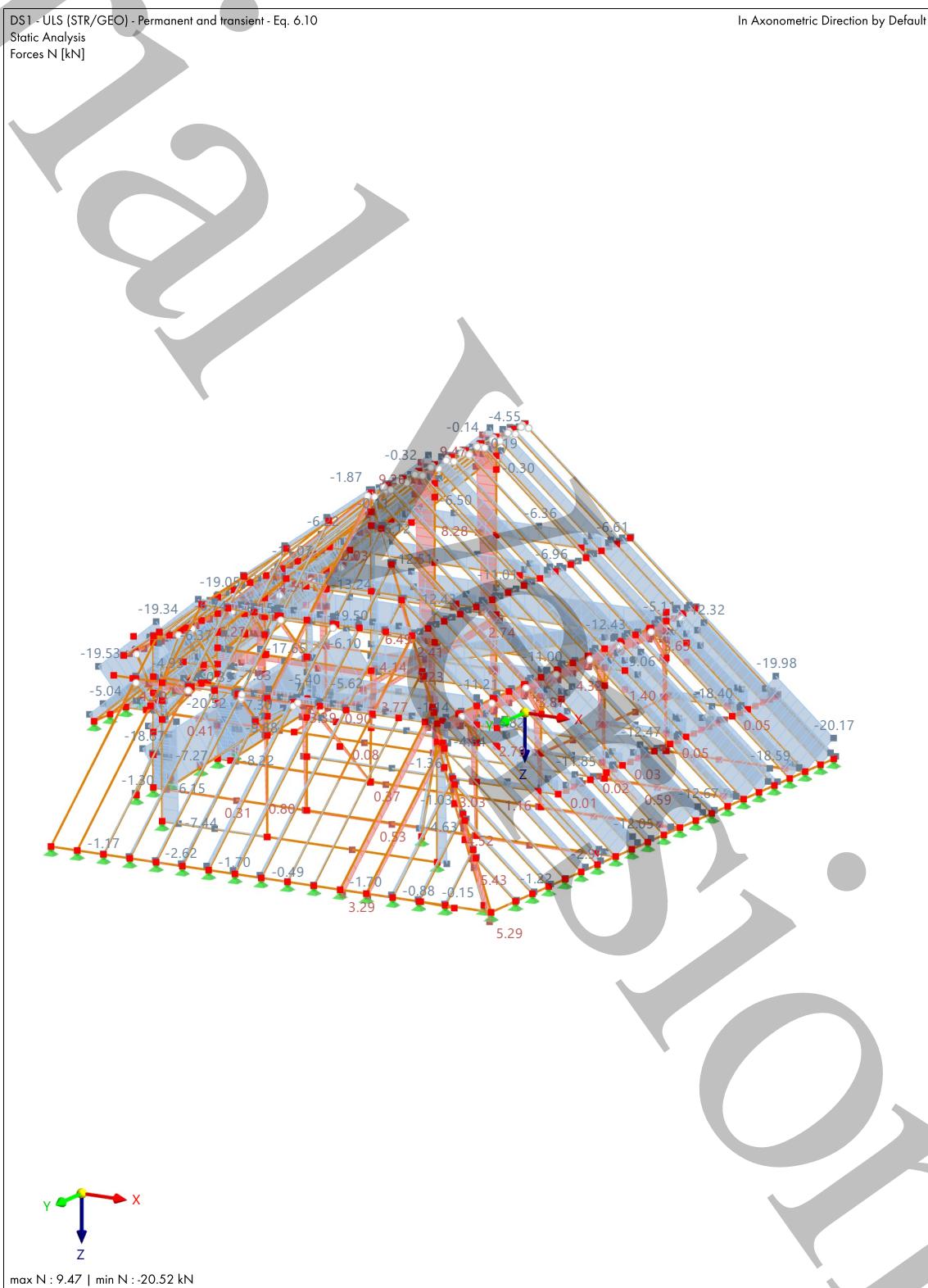
MODEL**7 Guide Objects**

7.1

COORDINATE SYSTEMS

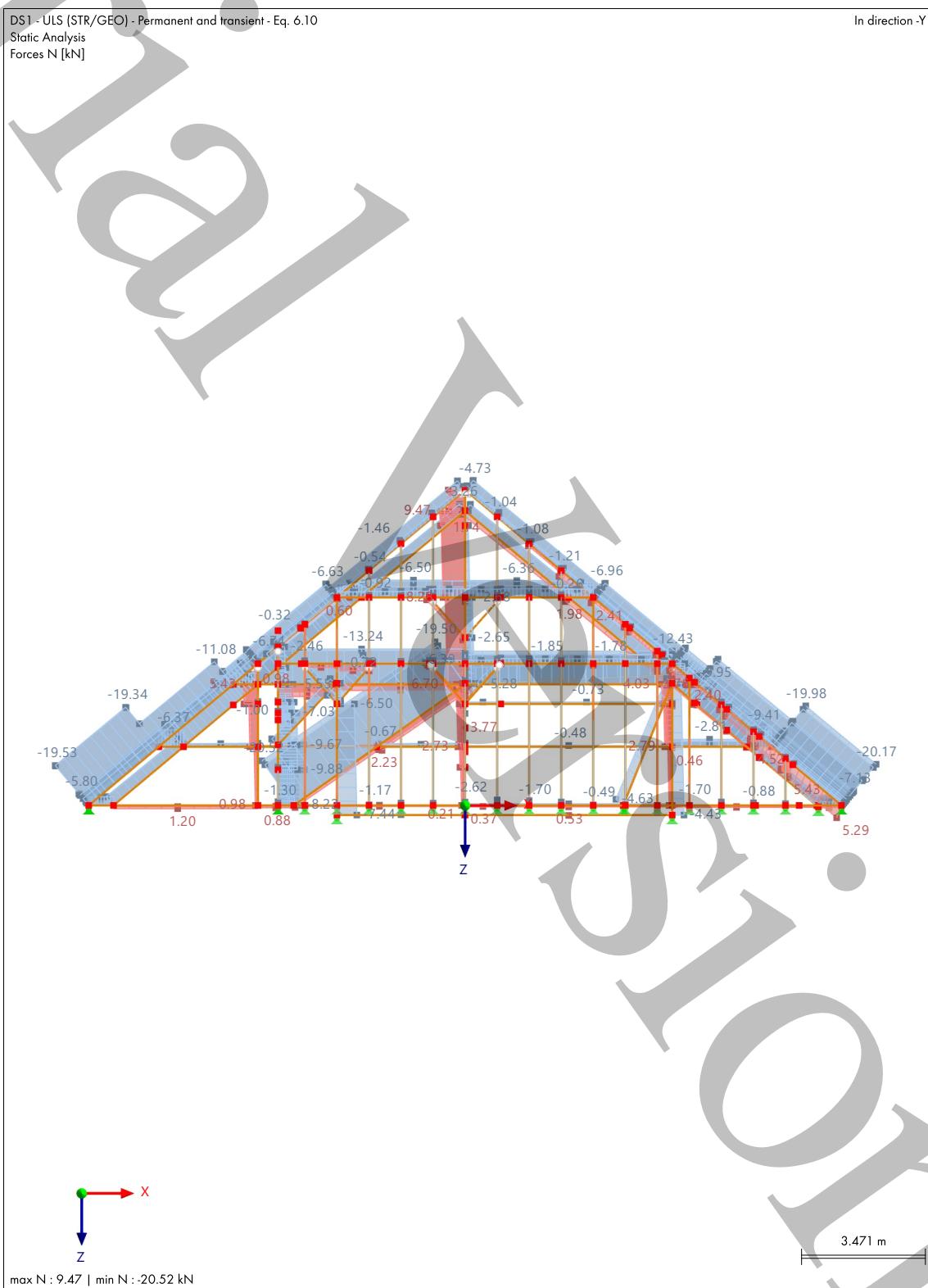
System No.	Type	Symbol	Coordinates Value	Unit Sequence	Rotation Symbol	Value	Unit	Comment
1	Global XYZ							

8 Static Analysis Results

MODEL**8.1 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT**

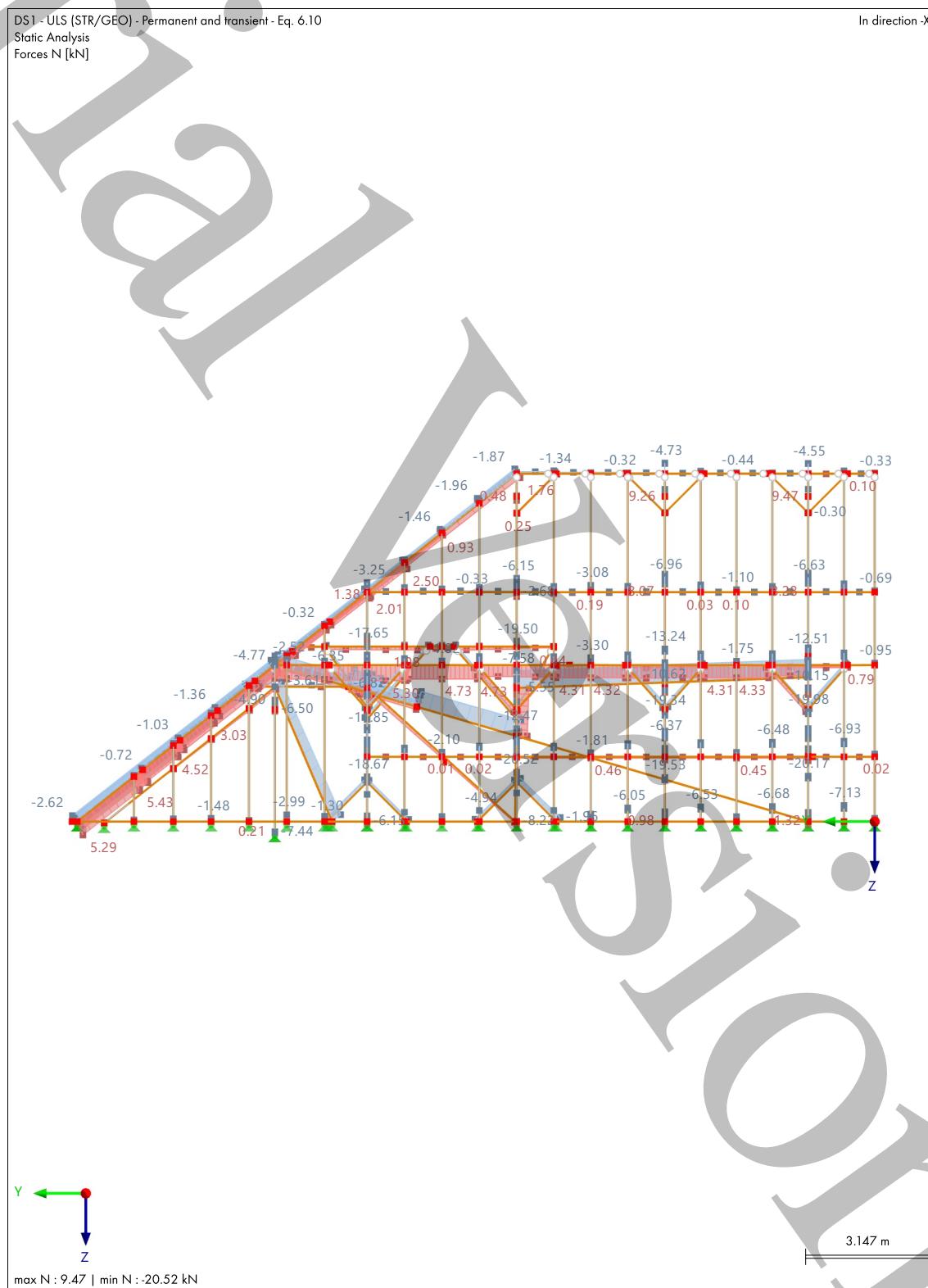
MODEL

8.2 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -Y



MODEL

8.3 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES N, Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -X

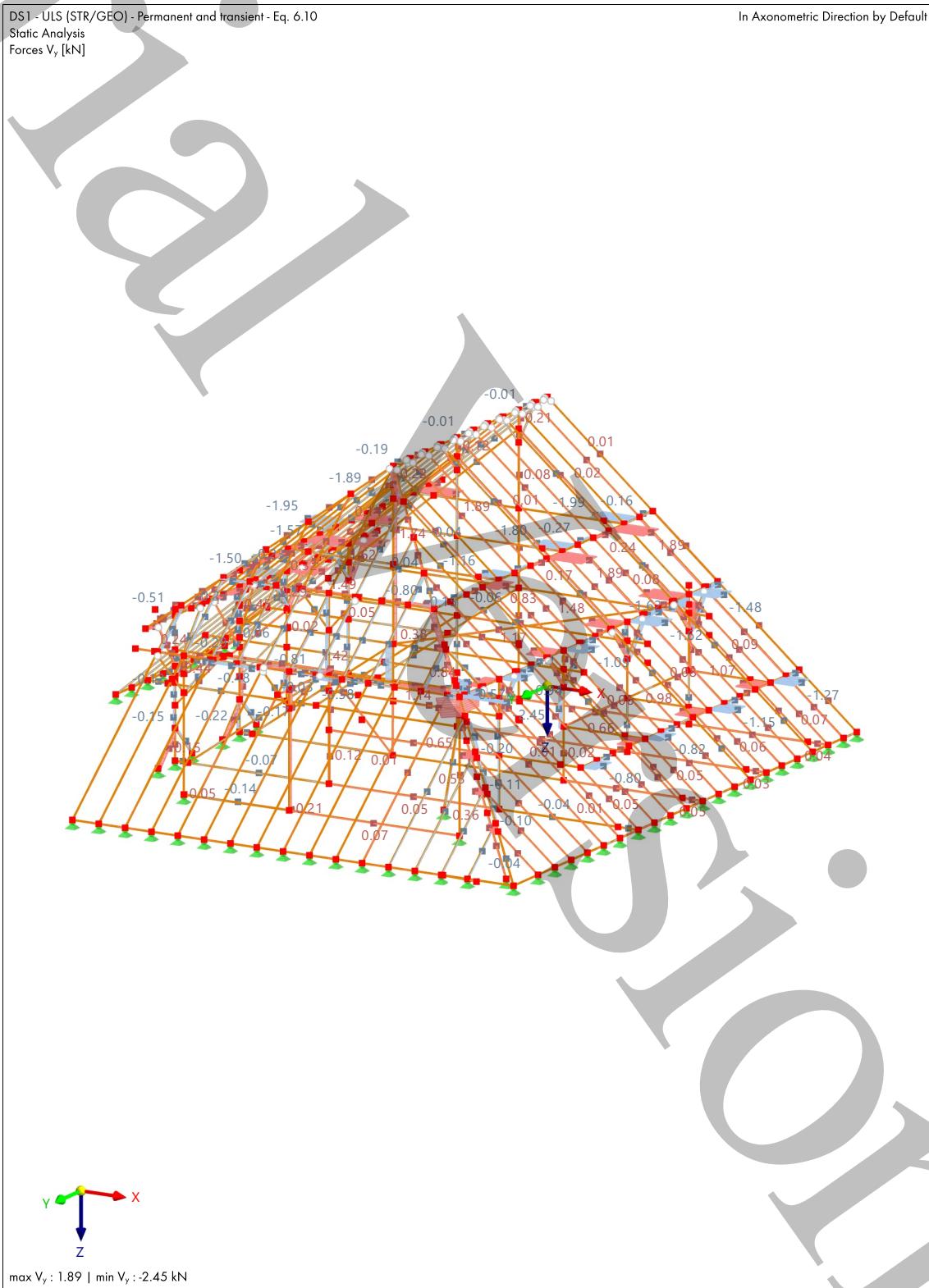


MODEL

8.4

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_y , IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

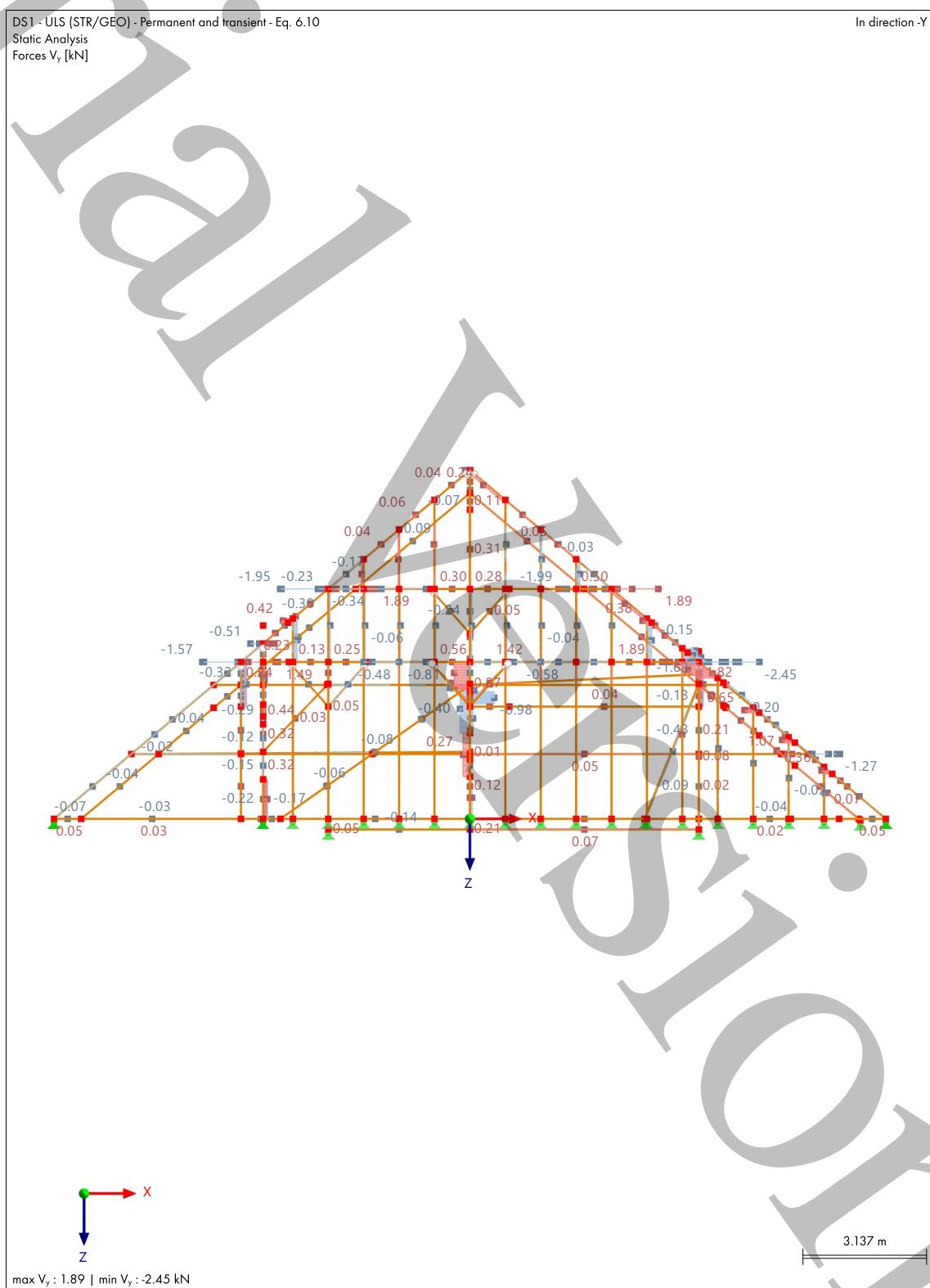


MODEL

8.5

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_y , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis

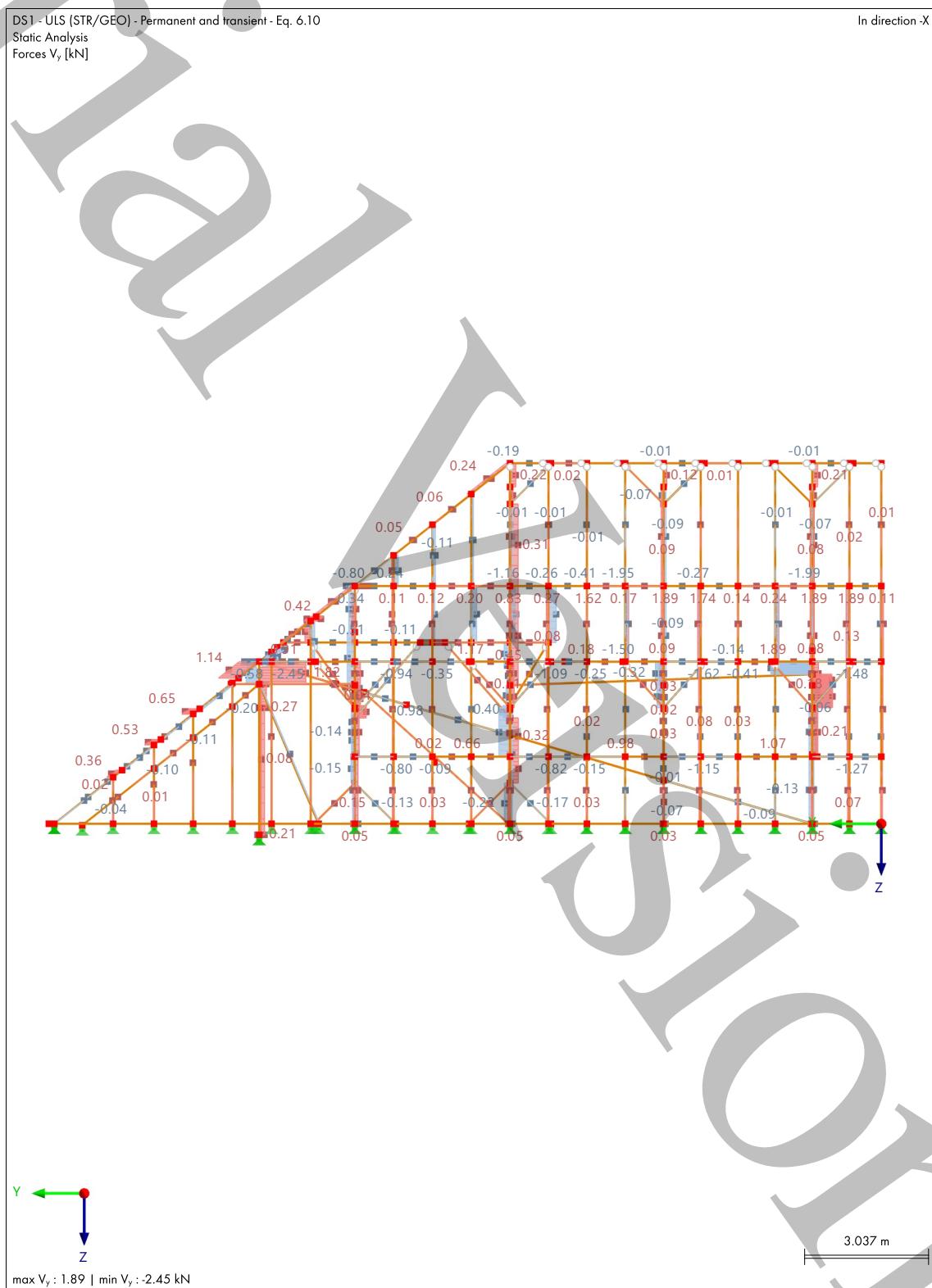


MODEL

8.6

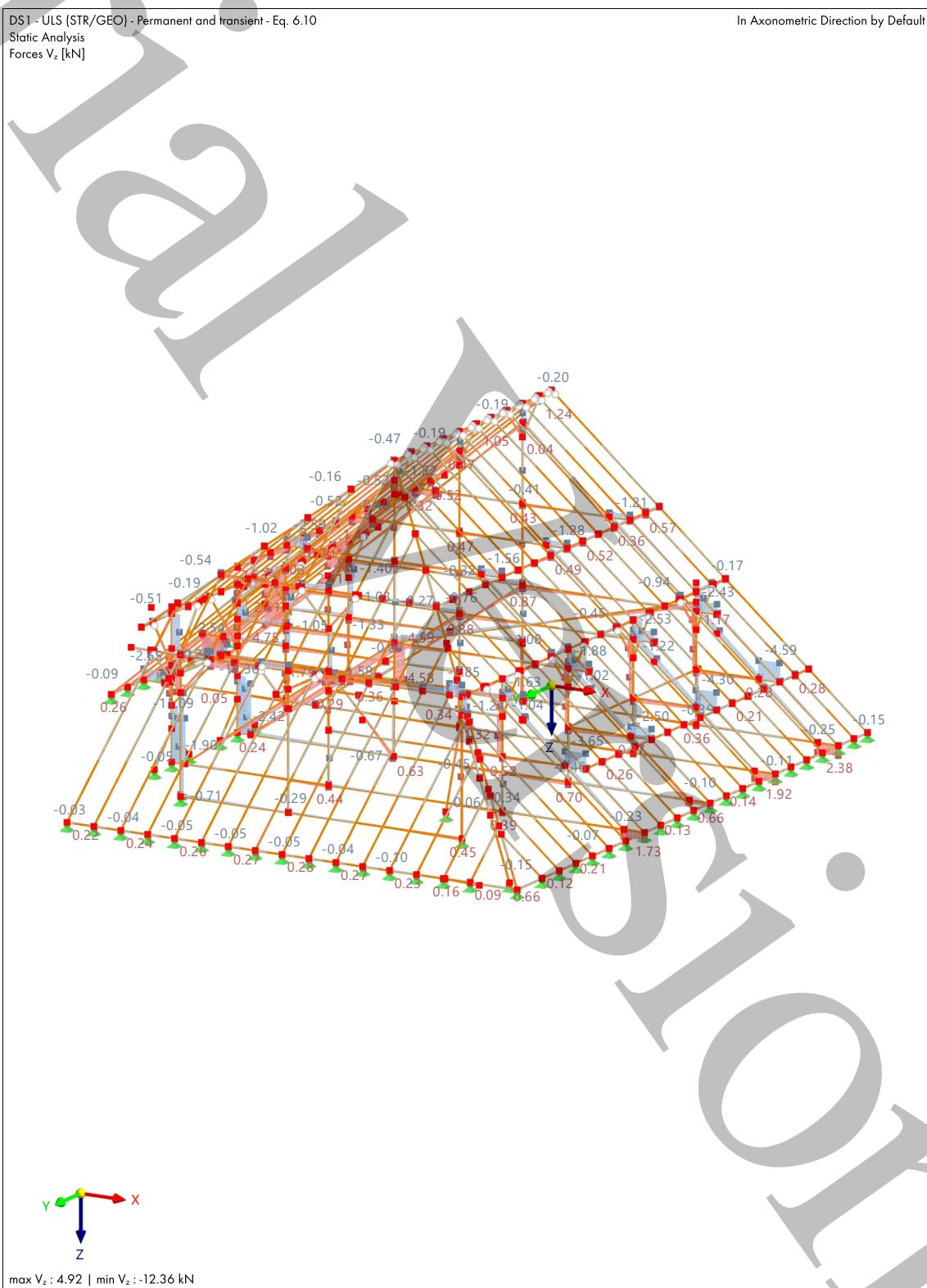
DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_y , IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis



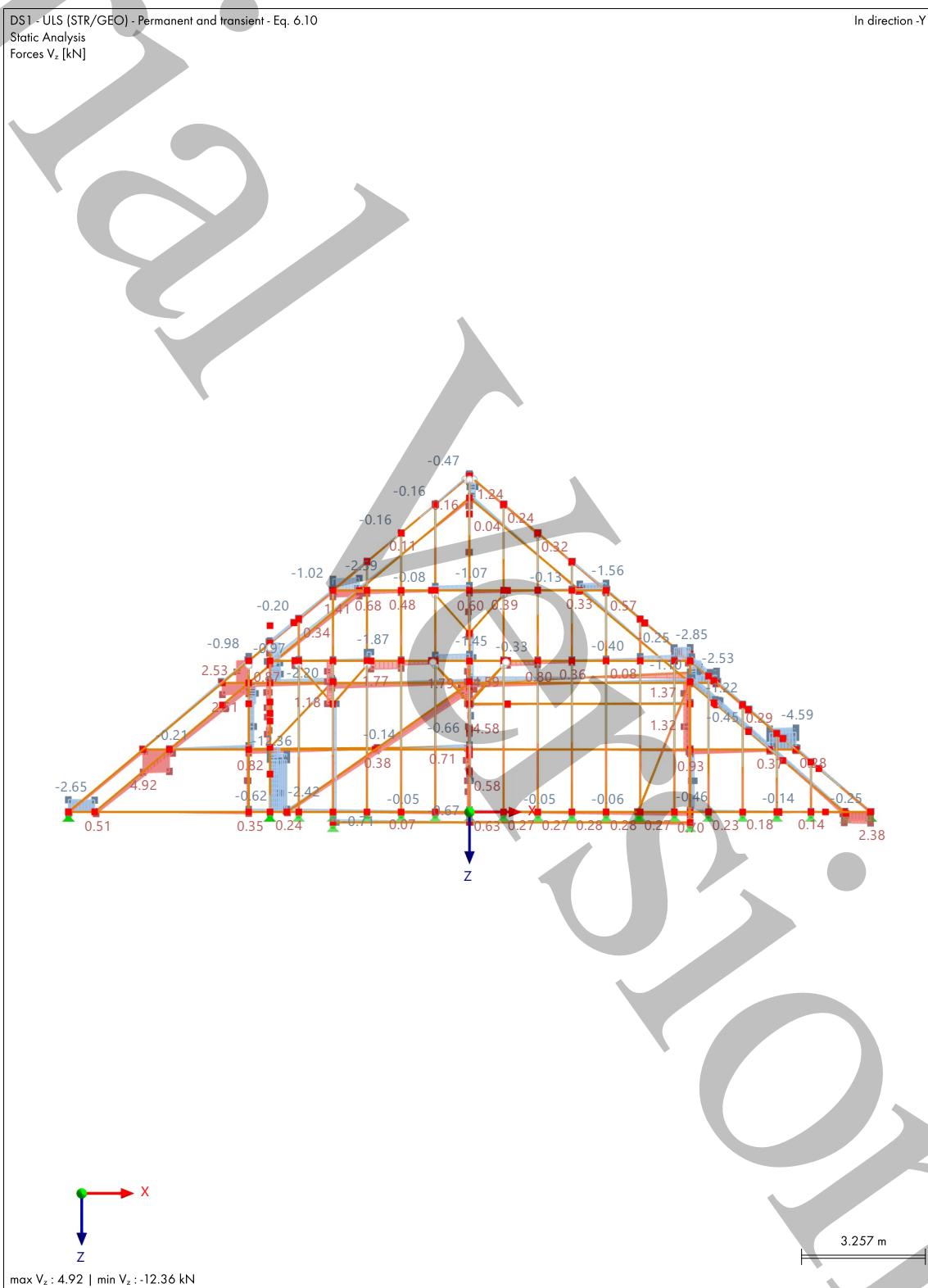
MODEL

8.7

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

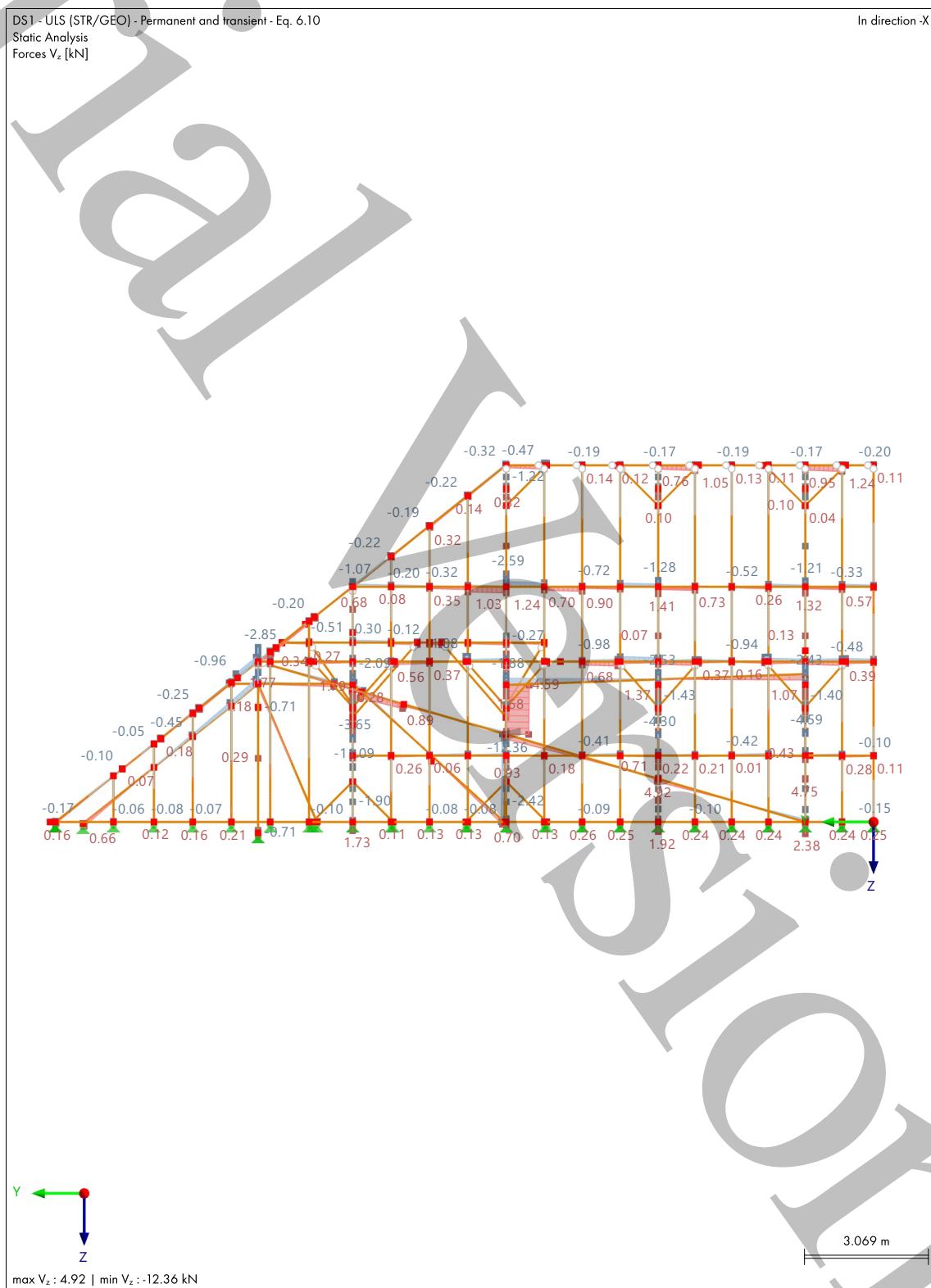
MODEL

8.8 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -Y



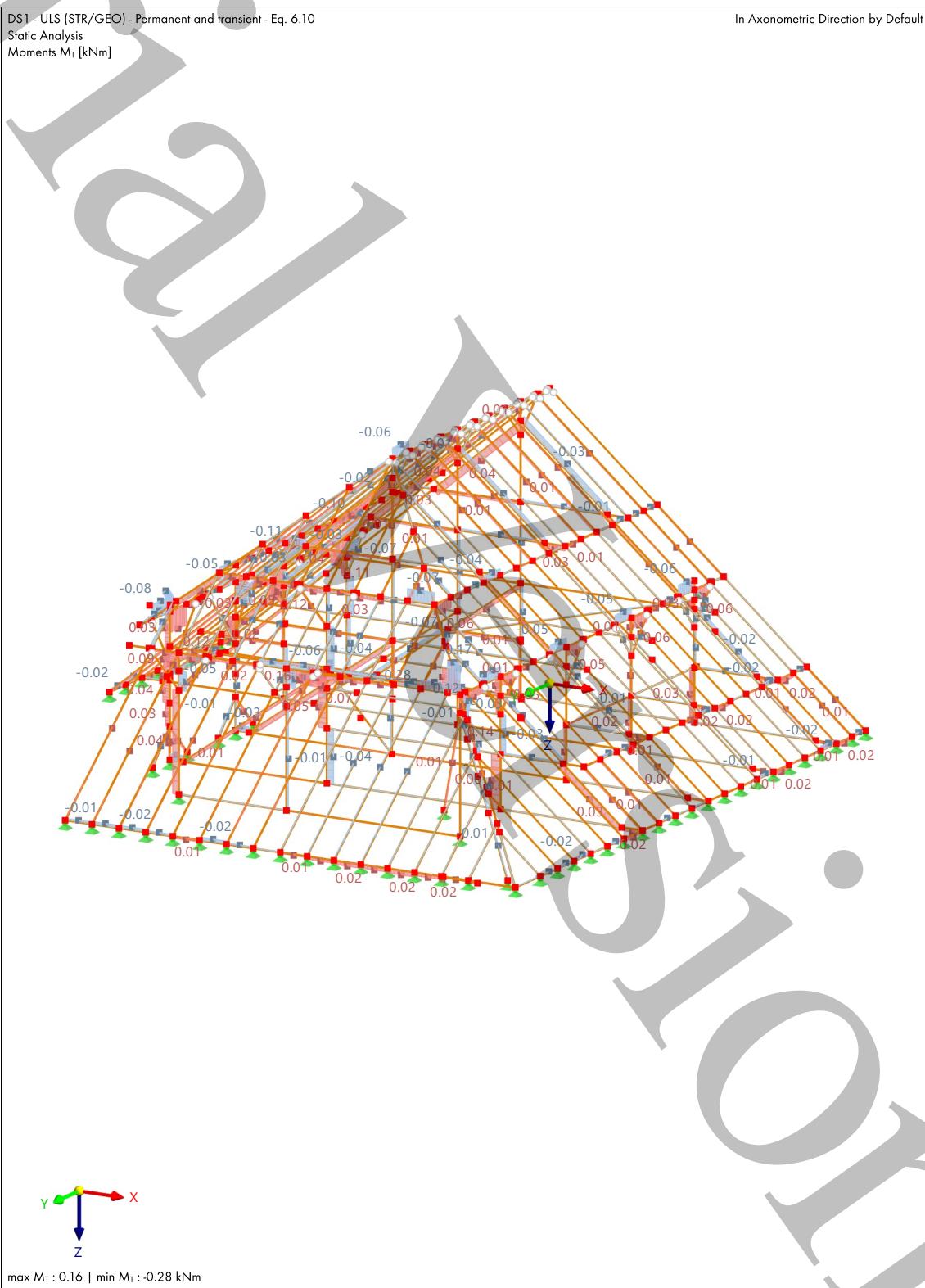
MODEL

8.9 DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES V_z , Static Analysis IN DIRECTION -X



MODEL

8.10

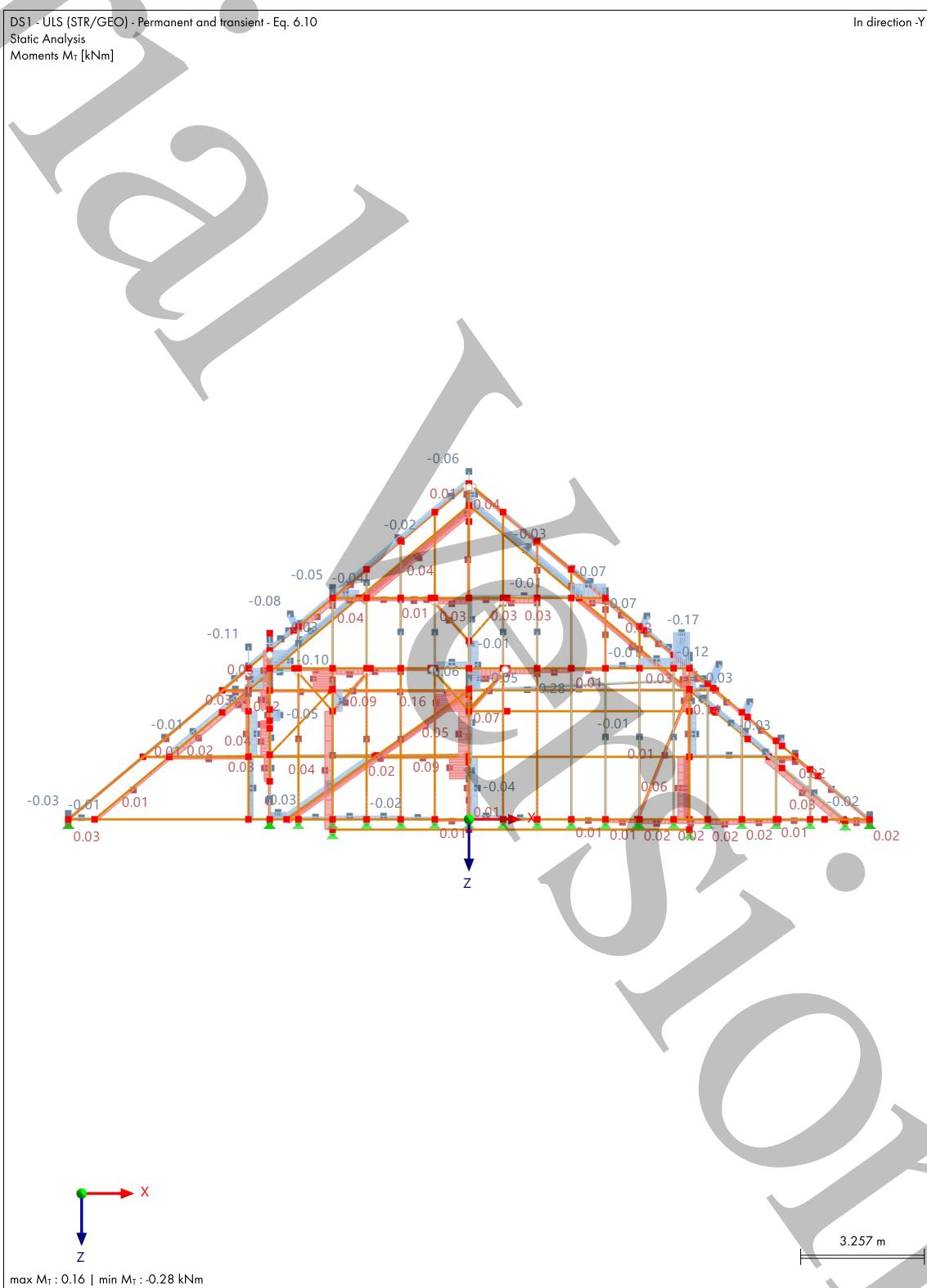
**DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
M_T, IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT****Static Analysis**

MODEL

8.11

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_T , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis

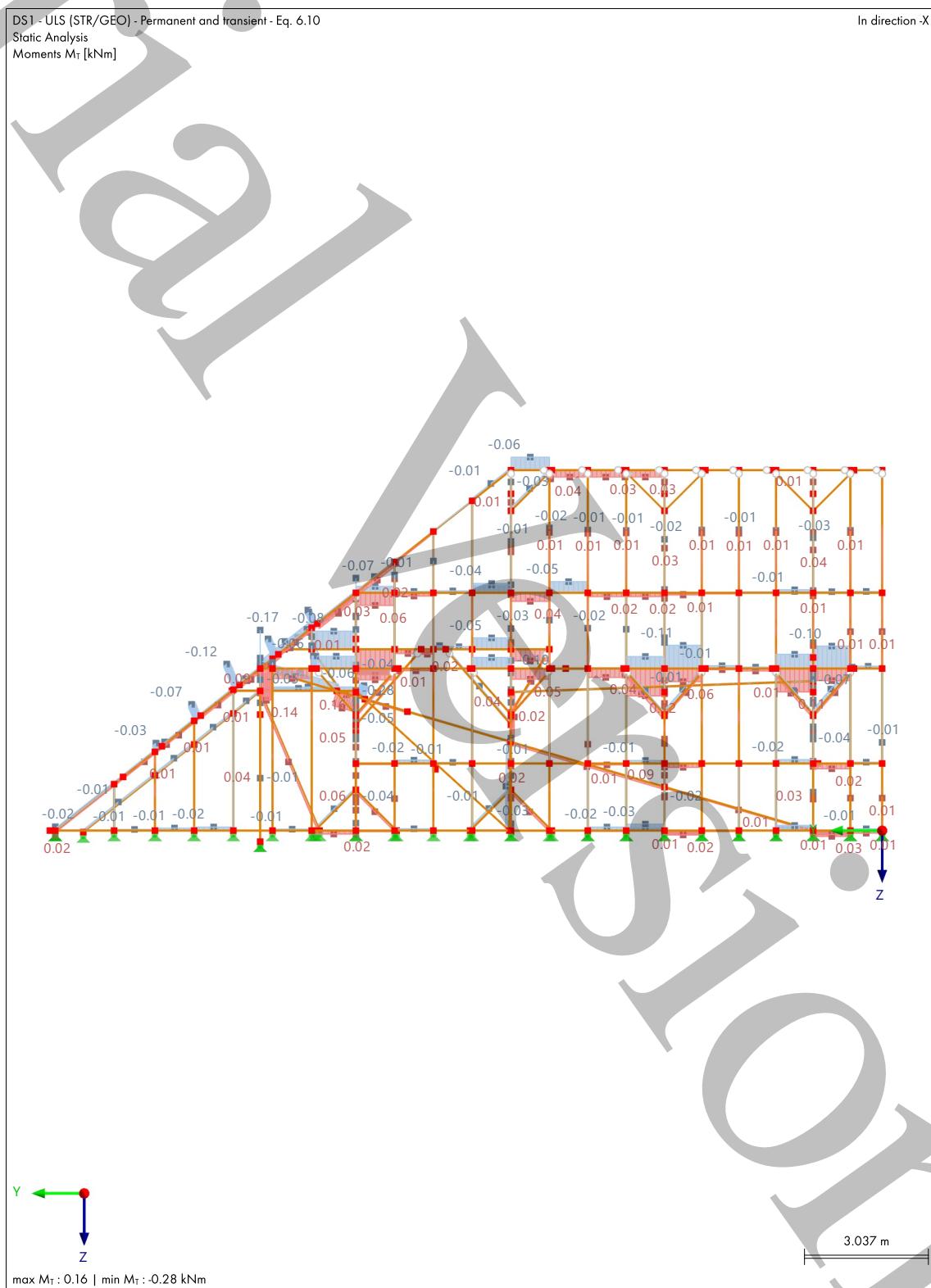


MODEL

8.12

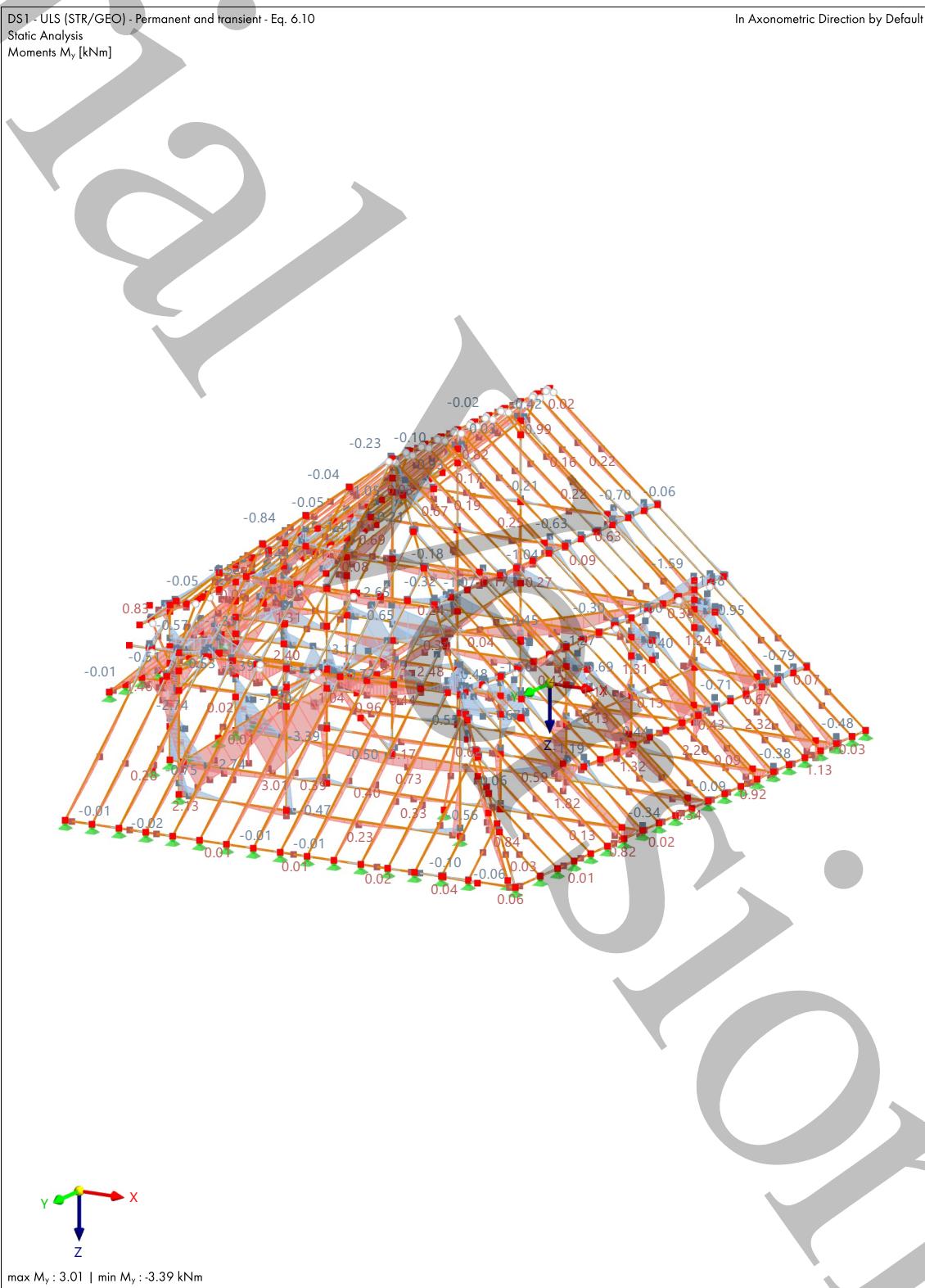
DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_T , IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis



MODEL

8.13

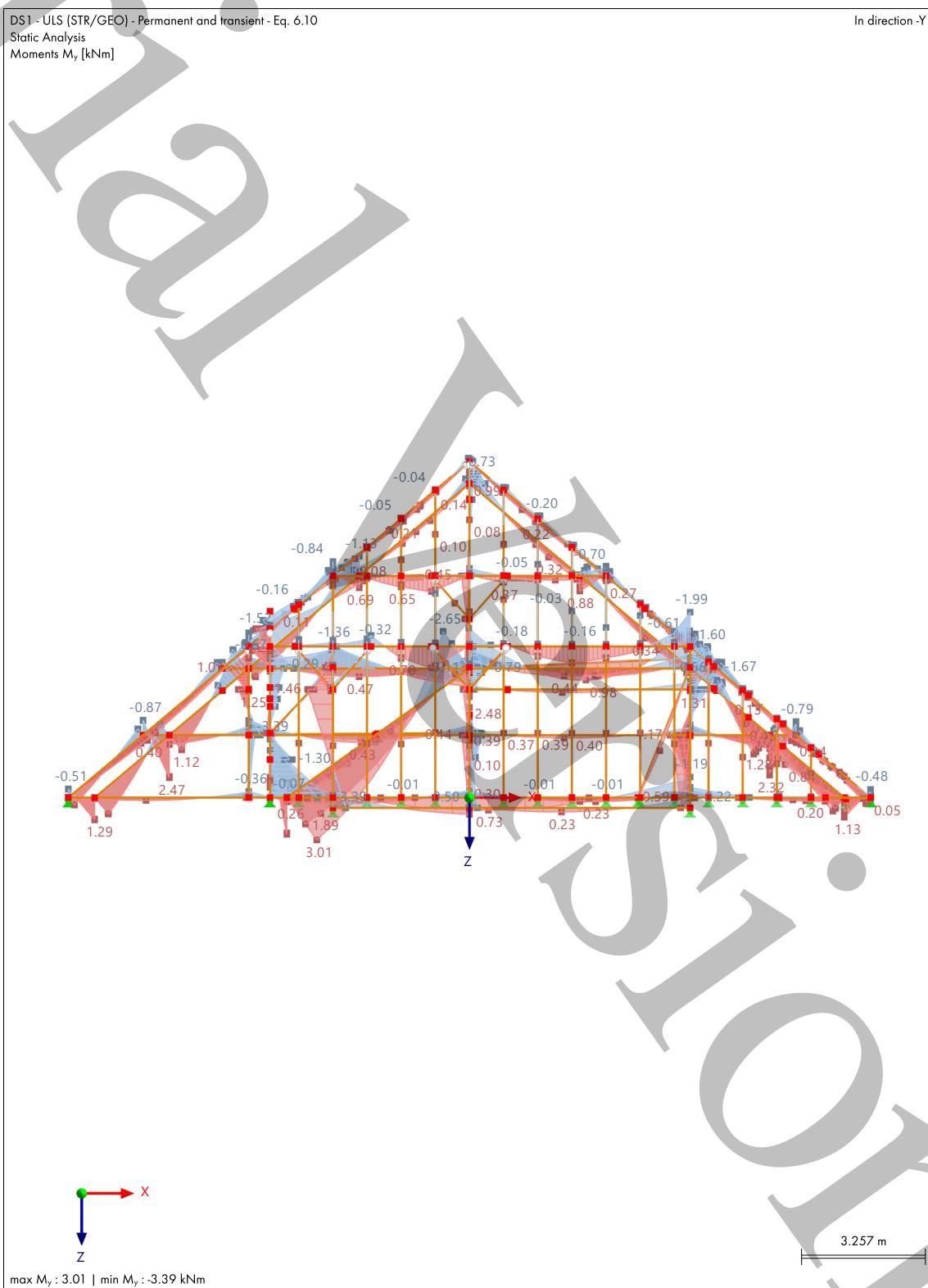
**DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_y , IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT****Static Analysis**

MODEL

8.14

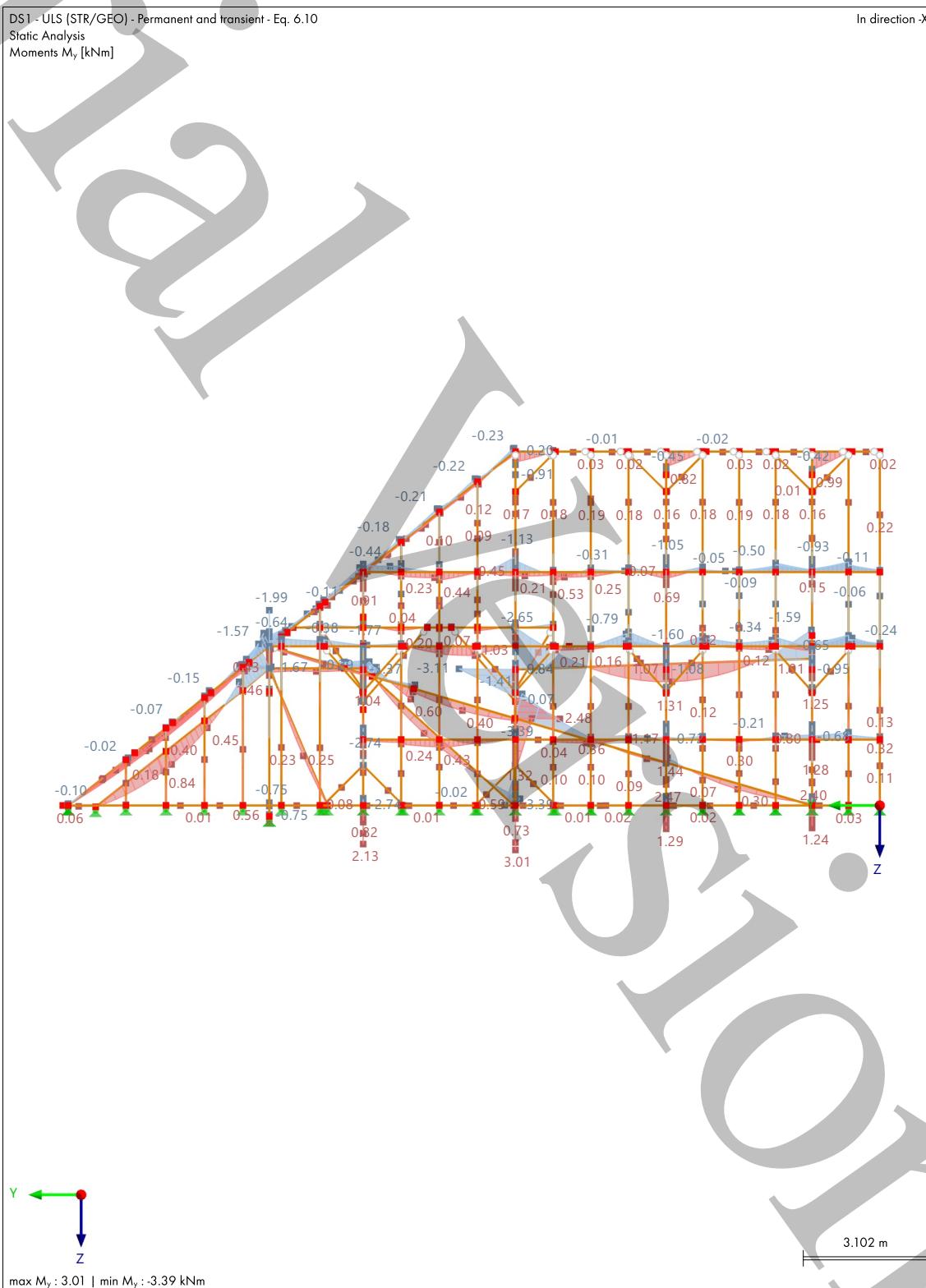
DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_y , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis



MODEL

8.15

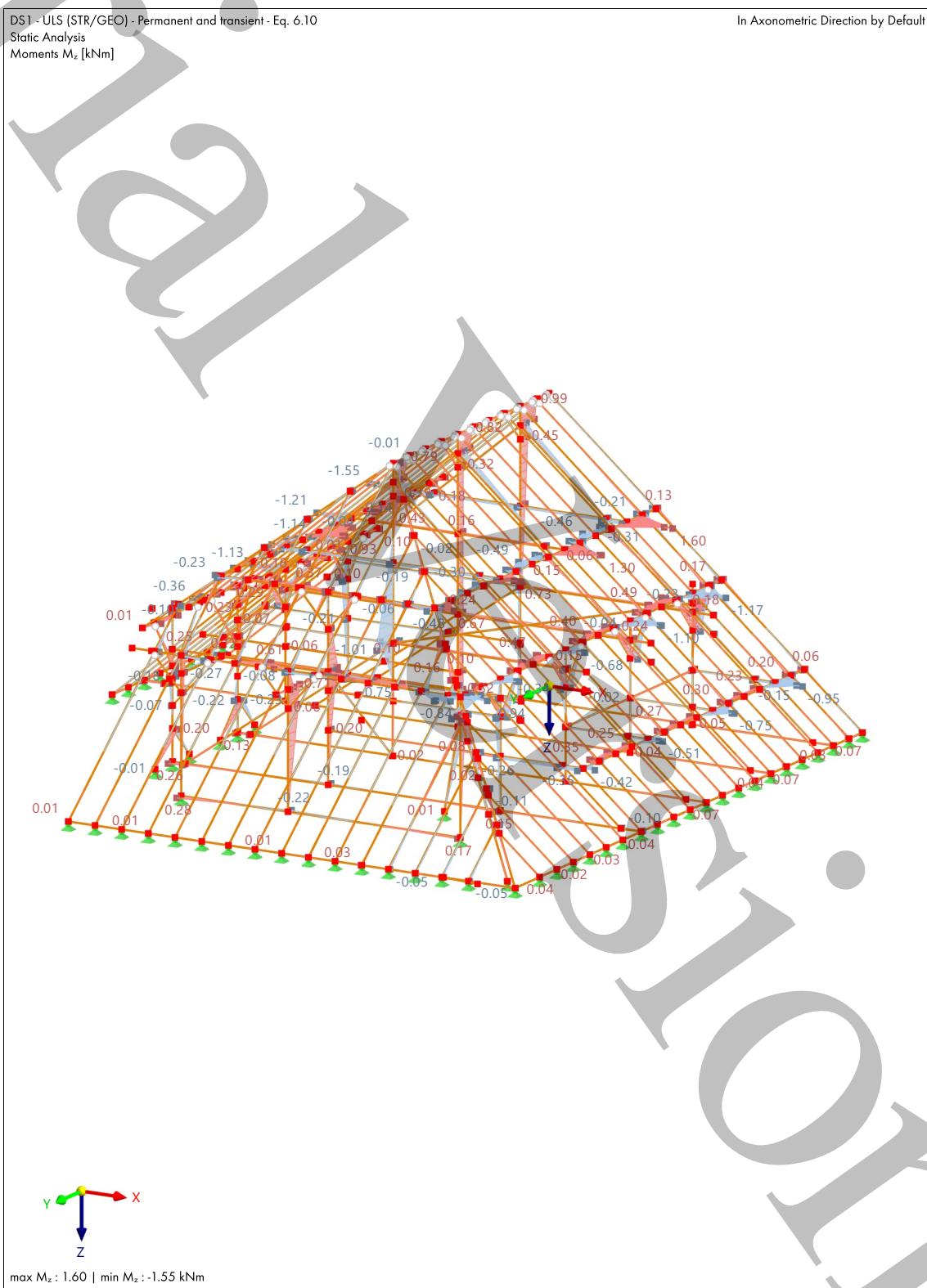
**DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES
 M_y , IN DIRECTION -X****Static Analysis**

MODEL

8.16

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_z , IN AXONOMETRIC DIRECTION BY DEFAULT

Static Analysis

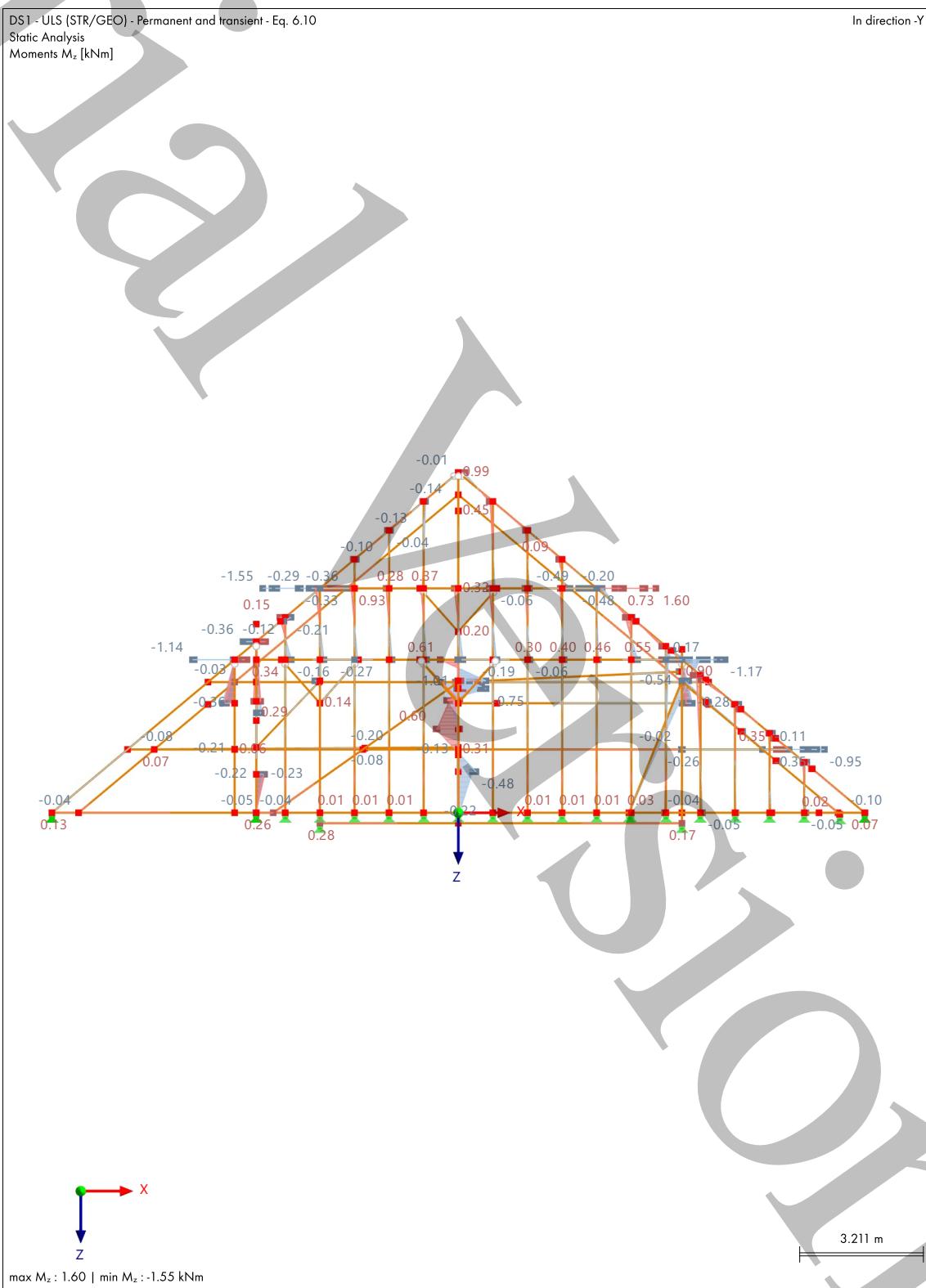


MODEL

8.17

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_z , IN DIRECTION -Y

Static Analysis

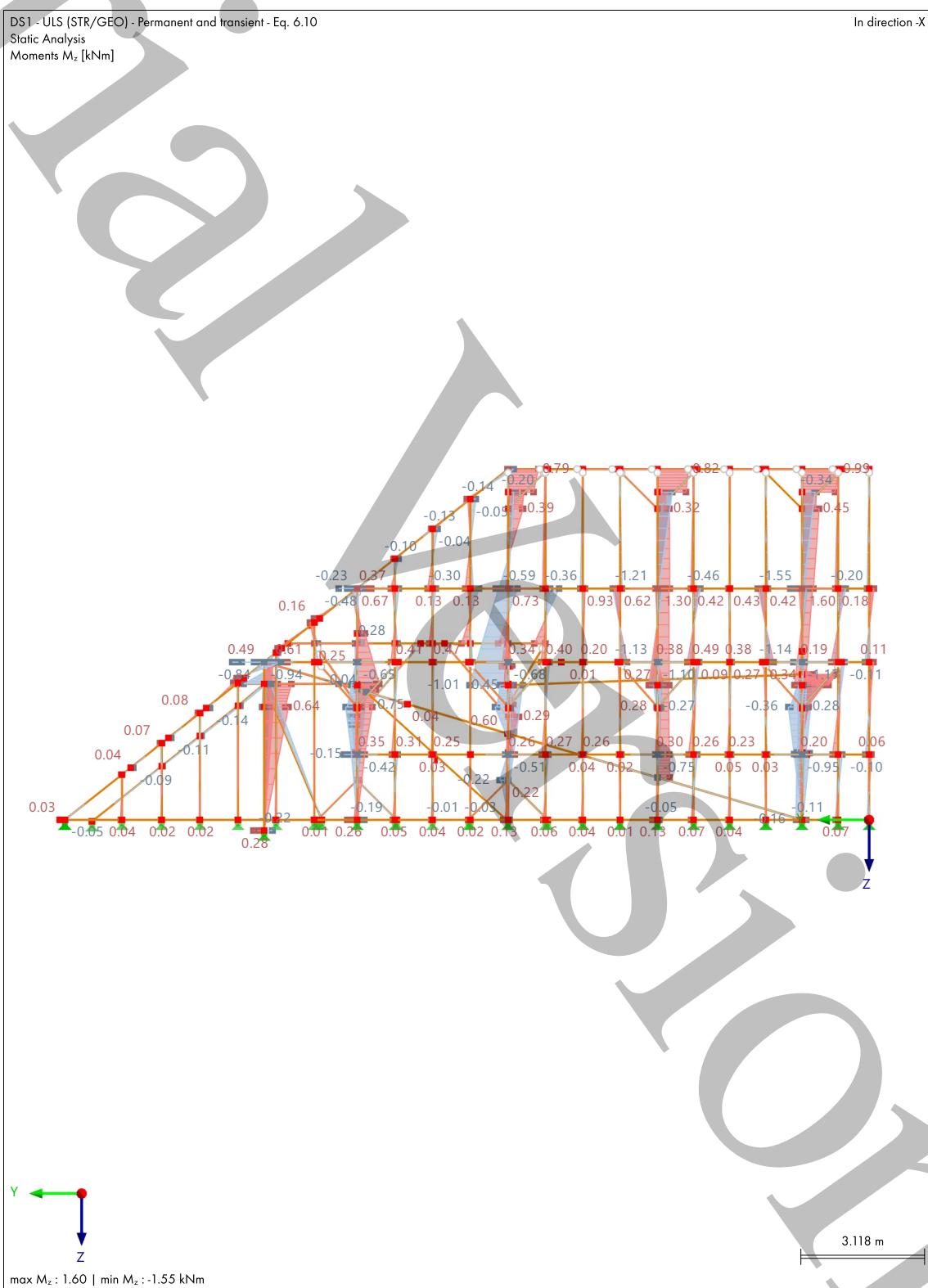


MODEL

8.18

DS1: ENVELOPE VALUES - MAX AND MIN VALUES, INTERNAL FORCES M_z , IN DIRECTION -X

Static Analysis



TIMBER**9 Timber Design**

9.1

OBJECTS TO DESIGN

Object Type	Design All	Objects to Design				Comment
		Selected	To Calculate	Removed	Not Valid / Deact	
Members	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 .201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25 0,253,257-260 .262-266,276- 278,280,282,2 83,285-287,28 9-311,314,327 .328,330,335- 342,347-349,3 51-353,355-35 7,359-375,377 -380,382-397, 399,401-403,4 06,407,409,41 2,413,418-421 .423-428,430- 459,464,468-4 71,473,474,47 6-478,840,841 .972,1449,146 8-1525,1527-1 834	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 .201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25 0,253,257-260 .262-266,276- 278,280,282,2 83,285-287,28 9-311,314,327 .328,330,335- 342,347-349,3 51-353,355-35 7,359-375,377 -380,382-397, 399,401-403,4 06,407,409,41 2,413,418-421 .423-428,430- 459,464,468-4 71,473,474,47 6-478,840,841 .972,1449,146 8-1525,1527-1 834	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 .201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25 0,253,257-260 .262-266,276- 278,280,282,2 83,285-287,28 9-311,314,327 .328,330,335- 342,347-349,3 51-353,355-35 7,359-375,377 -380,382-397, 399,401-403,4 06,407,409,41 2,413,418-421 .423-428,430- 459,464,468-4 71,473,474,47 6-478,840,841 .972,1449,146 8-1525,1527-1 834	282,283,286,2 87,289,291,29 3,295,297,299 .360-363,367, 370,373,377-3 80,389,394,39 5,423,428,478 .1692,1695,17 55,1756,1759, 1762,1764,17 66,1770,1771, 1780-1788,18 28,1829,1834	All

9.2

DESIGN SITUATIONS

No.	Design Situation Type	To Design	Active	EN 1995 HRN 2015-03 Design Situation Type		Combinations to Design for Enumeration Method
				ULS	SLS - Characteristic	
1	ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient - Eq. 6.10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ULS (STR/GEO) - Permanent and transient		All
2	S Ch SLS - Characteristic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	S Ch SLS - Characteristic		All
3	S Qp1 SLS - Quasi-permanent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	S Qp1 SLS - Quasi-permanent 1		All

9.3

MATERIALS

Material No.	Name	To Design	Material Type	Options	Comment
1	C18	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Timber	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Legend
% Stiffness modification

9.4

SECTIONS

Legend
 Warping stiffness deactivated

Section No.	Name	Material Design	To	Section Type	Use Other Section for Design	Options
1	R_M1 300/200	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	R_M1 200/320	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	R_M1 180/240	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	R_M1 140/170	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	2R_M2 220/120/150/1	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive II		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	R_M1 150/150	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	R_M1 220/270	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
8	R_M1 50/30	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	R_M1 150/170	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Parametric - Massive I		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

9.5

ULTIMATE CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Assigned to			
		Members	Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.5.1

ULTIMATE CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	General			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perform stability design			
	Limit Values for Special Cases			
	Tension ($\sigma_{t,0,d} / f_{t,0,d}$)	$\eta_{t,lim}$	0.001	--
	Compression ($\sigma_{c,0,d} / f_{c,0,d}$)	$\eta_{c,lim}$	0.001	--
	Shear ($\tau_{xy,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{xy,lim}$	0.001	--
	Shear ($\tau_{xz,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{xz,lim}$	0.001	--
	Torsion ($\tau_{tor,d} / f_{v,d}$)	$\eta_{tor,lim}$	0.010	--
	Bending ($\sigma_{m,y,d} / f_{m,d}$)	$\eta_{m,y,lim}$	0.001	--
	Bending ($\sigma_{m,z,d} / f_{m,d}$)	$\eta_{m,z,lim}$	0.001	--
	Curved and Saddle Members			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perpendicular tension design of curved members			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perpendicular tension design of saddle members			
	Cut-to-Grain Angle Limit			
	Allow further design if angle does not exceed limit	$ \alpha \leq$	24.00	deg
	System Strength Acc. to 6.6			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Consider system strength factor			
	Settings for Stability Design			
	Stiffness Reduction			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduction of stiffness with coefficient $1/(1+k_{def})$ acc. to DIN EN 1995-1-1			
	Position of Positive Transverse Load Application			
	Vertical position			
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On section edge (destabilizing effect)			
	<input type="radio"/> At shear point			
	<input type="radio"/> At center point			
	<input type="radio"/> On section edge (stabilizing effect)			
	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduction of effective length by 0.5h acc. to Tab. 6.1 (stabilizing effect)			

9.6

SERVICEABILITY CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Members	Assigned to		
			Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.6.1

SERVICEABILITY CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	Serviceability Limits (Deflections) Acc. to 7.2			
	Beam limits			
	Characteristic	L /	300	--
	Quasi-permanent 1	L /	250	--
	Quasi-permanent 2	L /	150	--
	Cantilever limits			
	Characteristic	Lc /	150	--
	Quasi-permanent 1	Lc /	125	--
	Quasi-permanent 2	Lc /	75	--
	Vibration Design			
	Vibration design	Winstlim	5.0	mm

9.7

FIRE RESISTANCE CONFIGURATIONS

Config. No.	Name	Members	Assigned to		
			Member Sets	Surfaces	Surface Sets
1	Default	All	All	All	All

9.7.1

FIRE RESISTANCE CONFIGURATIONS - SETTINGS - MEMBERS

Config. No.	Description	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Default			
	Fire Design Settings			
	Required time of fire resistance	t	15	min
	Fire exposure (not for circular sections)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Top (-z)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Left (-y)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Right (+y)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bottom (+z)			

10

Design Overview



10.1 DESIGN OVERVIEW

Design Overview

Addon	Type	Objects No.	Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Check		Description
						Ratio η [-]	Type	
Timber Design	Member	1502	x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	36.352	ST3100.00	Stability Bending about y-axis and compression acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	1502	x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.761	SP6300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	1502	x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.761	ST1600.03	Stability Biaxial bending and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	1502	x: 0.440	DS1	CO3	6.666	SP3100.00	Section Proof Shear in z-axis acc. to 6.1.7 Rectangular section
Timber Design	Member	1501	x: 5.260	DS2	CO8	5.624	SE1200.01	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Characteristic' z-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	1501	x: 5.260	DS3	CO13	5.068	SE1200.02	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1' z-direction acc. to 7.2

RESULTS

10.1 DESIGN OVERVIEW

Design Overview

Addon	Type	Objects No.	Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Check		Description
						Ratio η [-]	Type	
Timber Design	Member	1501	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	4.139 🚨	SP5300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1501	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	4.054 🚨	ST2100.00	Stability Flexural member without compression force Bending about y-axis acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	1810	x: 0.800	DS1	CO3	1.969 🚨	ST1600.01	Stability Bending about y-axis and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	1810	x: 0.800	DS1	CO3	1.858 🚨	SP6100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	1501	x: 9.636	DS1	CO3	1.633 🚨	SP5100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1714	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	1.444 🚨	SP2100.00	Section Proof Shear due to torsion acc. to 6.1.8
Timber Design	Member	390	x: 4.684	DS1	CO3	1.068 🚨	ST1300.00	Stability Axial compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	401	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	1.042 🚨	SP4300.00	Section Proof Biaxial bending acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	14	x: 1.792	DS1	CO2	1.034 🚨	ST1600.02	Stability Bending about z-axis and compression with buckling about both axes acc. to 6.3.2
Timber Design	Member	218	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	0.951 ✓	SP3200.00	Section Proof Shear in y-axis acc. to 6.1.7 Rectangular section
Timber Design	Member	1471	x: 2.560	DS1	CO3	0.911 ✓	SP1200.00	Section Proof Compression along grain acc. to 6.1.4
Timber Design	Member	1706	x: 2.435	DS1	CO3	0.589 ✓	ST3200.00	Stability Bending about z-axis and compression acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	24	x: 2.286	DS1	CO3	0.542 ✓	SP1100.00	Section Proof Tension along grain acc. to 6.1.2
Timber Design	Member	1709	x: 0.225	DS1	CO3	0.529 ✓	SP5200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis and tensile axial force acc. to 6.2.3
Timber Design	Member	1706	x: 2.250	DS1	CO4	0.445 ✓	SP6200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis and compressive axial force acc. to 6.2.4
Timber Design	Member	187	x: 0.000	DS1	CO3	0.391 ✓	ST2200.00	Stability Flexural member without compression force Bending about z-axis acc. to 6.3.3
Timber Design	Member	464	x: 1.933	DS2	CO8	0.326 ✓	SE1100.01	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Characteristic' y-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	464	x: 1.933	DS3	CO13	0.302 ✓	SE1100.02	Serviceability Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1' y-direction acc. to 7.2
Timber Design	Member	1573	x: 0.164	DS1	CO3	0.272 ✓	SP4200.00	Section Proof Bending about z-axis acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	163	x: 3.201	DS1	CO1	0.212 ✓	SP4100.00	Section Proof Bending about y-axis acc. to 6.1.6
Timber Design	Member	219,253,434,4 57,972,1527,1 578,1827	x: 0.000	DS1	CO1	0.000 ✓	SP0100.00	Section Proof Negligible internal forces
Timber Design	Member	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 .201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25	x: 0.000	DS2	CO6	0.000 ✓	SE0100.01	Serviceability Negligible deflection Combination of actions 'Characteristic'

RESULTS

10.1

DESIGN OVERVIEW**Design Overview**

Addon	Type	Objects No.	Location [m]	Design Situation	Loading No.	Design Ratio η [-]	Check Type	Description
		0,253,257-260 ,262-266,276- 278,280,285,2 90,292,294,29 6,298,300-311 ,314,327,328, 330,335-342,3 47-349,351-35 3,355-357,359 ,364-366,368, 369,371,372,3 74,375,382-38 8,390-393,396 ,397,399,401- 403,406,407,4 09,412,413,41 8-421,424-427 ,430-459,464, 468-471,473,4 74,476,477,84 0,841,972,144 9,1468-1525,1 527-1691,169 3,1694,1696-1 754,1757,175 8,1760,1761,1 763,1765,176 7-1769,1772-1 779,1789-182	x: 0.000	DS3	CO11	0.000 ✓	SE0100.02	Serviceability Negligible deflection Combination of actions 'Quasi-permanent 1'
Timber Design	Member	6, 13-15,17,24,2 9,30,39,41-44, 46-52,61-64,7 3-82,95,107,1 60,162-173,18 5-188,196,198 ,201-208,211, 216-219,225,2 26,229-231,25 0,253,257-260 ,262-266,276- 278,280,285,2 90,292,294,29 6,298,300-311 ,314,327,328, 330,335-342,3 47-349,351-35 3,355-357,359 ,364-366,368, 369,371,372,3 74,375,382-38 8,390-393,396 ,397,399,401- 403,406,407,4 09,412,413,41 8-421,424-427 ,430-459,464, 468-471,473,4 74,476,477,84 0,841,972,144 9,1468-1525,1 527-1691,169 3,1694,1696-1 754,1757,175 8,1760,1761,1 763,1765,176 7-1769,1772-1 779,1789-182						

2.4. Zaključak

Statički proračun modela provođen je na temelju zadanih opterećenja snijegom, vjetrom, vlastite težine konstrukcije te dodatnog stalnog opterećenja, prema geometrijski linearnom proračunu konstrukcija. Iz rezultata je vidljivo kako su kriteriji graničnih stanja nosivosti i graničnih stanja uporabljivosti zadovoljeni s obzirom na postavljene uvjete prema zahtjevima Eurokoda 5 za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija uz hrvatske nacionalne dodatke za projektiranje drvenih konstrukcija.

3. Popis slika

Slika 1: Interakcija Euroazijske i Afričke tektonske ploče [3]

Slika 2: Karta potresnih područja RH [5]

Slika 3: Mjøstårnet, Norveška (visina: 85.4 m) [12]

Slika 4: Detalj spoja sa senzorom za pomak [13]

Slika 5: Potresno ispitivanje NHERI TallWood Project zgrade [13]

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